#### DOCUMENT RESUME

ED 115 327 JC 760 001

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TITLE An In Depth Look at Veterans Attending the Community

Colleges in Washington State.

PUB DATE 74

NOTE 259p.; Master's Thesis, Seattle University

AVAILABLE FROM James R. Thompson, Everett Community College, 801

Wetmore Avenue, Everett, Washington 98201 (\$4.85)

EDRS PRICE DESCRIPTORS

MF-\$0.76 Plus Postage. HC Not Available from EDRS. Counseling Programs; \*Junior Colleges; \*Outreach

Programs: \*Student Attitudes: Student

Characteristics; Tuition Grants; \*Veterans; \*Veterans

Education

IDENTIFIERS Washington

#### ABSTRACT

In order to compile general data on veterans attending two-year institutions in Washington State, develop educational and employment profiles of the veterans, explore the extent of veterans' knowledge of available benefits, and evaluate the effectiveness of Veterans Outreach programs throughout the state, a questionnaire was designed and administered to 1,315 veterans attending 23 of the 27 Washington community colleges during the spring quarter of 1973. The average veteran is a male caucasian, 24 to 25 years old, married, with one or two dependents. He entered the U. S. Army at the age of 18 in 1969, served three years of active duty, did not serve in Vietnam, did not receive a service connected disability, and was discharged in 1973. He has acquired 12 years of education, and is taking 15 or more quarter hours in day sessions. Fe was employed before entry into the service and is now unemployed after holding three or more jobs since his discharge. Although he knew the G. I. Bill existed, he has not used it previously because he did not know how to go about getting it. Before talking to an outreach worker he was unaware that lower tuition and tutorial assistance were available to Vietnam veterans. A review of the literature and bibliography are included, and survey instrument is appended. (Author/NHM)

# AN IN DEPTH LOOK AT VETERANS ATTENDING THE COMMUNITY COLLEGES IN WASHINGTON STATE

by

James R. Thompson

Veterans Outreach Coordinator/Counselor

Everett Community College

A Research Report Presented to the

Director of Research of the School of Education

Seattle University

In Partial Fulfillment
of the Requirements for the Degree

MASTER OF EDUCATION

1974

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, EDUCATION & WELFARE NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF EDUCATION

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#### **ABSTRACT**

This study was designed to bring into focus the veterans attending Community Colleges in Washington State and give some possible indications as to how we might better serve those who have served us. In light of the small number of veterans using their benefits and the large number who aren't completely aware of the benefits available, an attempt was made to evaluate the effectiveness of the Veterans Outreach Programs in Washington State; designed to inform veterans of their benefits and assist them in taking advantage of them.

The total sample consisted of 1315 veterans attending 23 of the 27 Community Colleges in Washington State. The sample was broken down into two groups of veterans; outreach and non-outreach to determine the type of veterans the Outreach Program is reaching as opposed to those already in school before Outreach existed (Veterans Outreach was initiated in Washington State on November 16, 1972). The data was collected on veterans attending school during the Spring quarter, 1973 (March – June).

There didn't appear to be any major differences between outreach and non-outreach veterans on the State level indicating that in general the outreach programs are reaching veterans of all ages, from all branches of the military, with a variety of backgrounds.

However, some schools did show major differences between the outreach and non-outreach veterans, which can probably be attributed to a number of things, but most likely ties in



with the specific kinds of outreach work they are doing and how restricted their program is (many programs are very restricted because of the limited amount of funds available).

Within the limitations of the study, the results support the following conclusions:

- 1. The majority of the veterans attending community colleges are young (under 28) and married.
- 2. A high majority of the veterans attending community colleges are Vietnamera veterans with a surprisingly high number of them entering the service at a very young age.
- 3. Many veterans who have disabilities are not satisfied with the benefits they've : received.
- 4. Many veterans attending community colleges have little formal education, and in some ways may be considered less educated now than at their entry into the service.
- 5. The majority of the veterans attending community colleges feel that their training in the military is not applicable to civilian jobs; most of which have held three or more jobs since their separation from active duty.
- 6. Many veterans feel that their local Employment Security Department is not meeting their needs.
- 7. A high number of veterans do not feel they received adequate information about their benefits prior to discharge.

- 8. The veterans attending community colleges feel that current benefits are not adequate to meet their needs.
- 9. The majority of the veterans have not drawn money on the G.I. Bill previously because they do not know how to go about getting it. Many can not get correct information or are misinformed and some do not know that it exists.
- 10. The veterans attending community colleges were not well informed until they they talked to an Outreach worker. The majority are not aware that tutorial assistance even exists and don't know about lower tuition for Vietnam veterans.
- 11. The Veterans Outreach program in Washington is a tremendous success with almost all the veterans who had exposure to it, feeling their needs were totally or partially met. Almost all veterans sampled feel that Veterans Outreach should be made available at the individual institutions on a permanent basis.
- 12. The veterans attending community colleges are in favor of all Vietnam-era veterans receiving the state bonus and would support a State G.1. Bill for tuition at the community college level.
- 13. Many veterans are not getting the dental benefits for which they are entitled because they are not aware of their existence.

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#### **ACK NOWLEDGMENTS**

A special note of gratitude is owed to Jeanette Poore, President of Everett Community College, who made this survey possible by making available many of the required materials and much of the moral support needed.

This report could not have been completed without the direct assistance of the computer department at Western Washington State College, the large amount of computer programming supplied by WWSC, and the help of Jerry King who tailored the computer programs to fit the survey.

The writer also wishes to express special thanks to Gail Lancaster, a valuable assistant in the assembling and typing of this manuscript.

Thanks is due to the Veterans Outreach Program Coordinators for their assistance in the collection of the data.

Thanks is also due to Willian J. Deller, Dean of Students at Everett Community College, for his continual encouragement and support.

Finally, the writer wishes to acknowledge:

Charles Yackulic, Professor of Adult Education, Seattle University

Terry Clark, Librarian, Everett Community College

Dave Goetz, Student, Everett Community College

Bob Dyer, Student/Veterans Advisor, Everett Community College

Ken Johnson, Student/Veterans Advisor, Everett Community College

Floyd Turner, Instructor, Everett Community College

Ron Yancovitz, Student, Everett Community College



#### Chapter 1

## THE PROBLEM AND DEFINITIONS OF THE TERMS USED

#### A. Introduction

For as long as man has been known to exist there has been an unfortunate fiber of conflict in the fabric of the moral and ethical values of opposing cultures with increasing motives of materialism and/or that other cultures should be subject to "change" whether desired or not so that all people of all cultures will be alike and equal in whatever gain or loss the controling ideology might generate. Unfortunately, in many cases this means killing the people you are trying to save from whatever their present life-style might be; bringing into existence one of the most feared and undesired situations . . . war.

Along with the evolution of war, many problems have arisen which defy solution. The birth of war has brought about the death of many life-styles and the development of the serviceman (veteran); many of whom have given their arms, eyes, legs, and even their lives in the service to their country. In most cases these veterans are extremely young and in the prime of their lives.

However, the problem to look at here is not war, for if there were any instant solution to war and its shortcomings the populus of this earth would rejoicingly indulge in its blessing. The problem confronting us now is how does a country repay its veterans for their devoted service. We obviously can't replace arms or legs, ith the flesh, or



erase scars—physcial or mental. How do you return to a veteran the prime years of his life which he would have used to educate or train himself for a lifetime occupation to support him and his family. Obviously, the hands of time cannot be turned back; however, compensatory measures can be made.

Today's Vietnam-era veterans are faced with many more different kinds of problems in returning home than the veterans of previous conflicts. Largely because of the lack of total support for the Vietnam conflict, many of these problems are sociological in nature, and the solutions to these problems are very ambiguous as are, in many cases, the problems themselves. Returning veterans (except the POW's) were not given the heroes welcome with all the ensuing parades and praise. Many of these veterans are in need of some type of educational training and aren't getting it for one reason or another. Hopefully this research will expose a profile of the veteran that may enable us to better define his problems and how to deal with them.

## B. Purpose of the Study

This study was designed to bring into focus the veterans attending community colleges in Washington State and give some possible indications as to how we might better serve those who have served us. Specifically the study proposed:

 To acquire a volume of general information pertaining to veterans attending two-year institutions



- 2. To accumulate background service information on the veterans
- 3. To develop an educational profile of the veterans
- 4. To acquire an employment history of the veterans
- 5. To explore the veterans knowledge of the G.I. Bill and to determine his attitudes about the bill's adequacy
- To report on the Veterans Outreach programs through out the state
- 7. To explore the veterans knowledge of dental benefits after discharge from the service.

#### C. Definitions of the Terms Used

#### Veteran:

A person who has spent any amount of time in official service of his country through some branch of the military.

#### Vietnam Veteran:

A veteran who has served six months or longer in South Vietnam and/or received the Vietnam service medal.

#### Vietnam-era Veteran:

A veteran who has served in the military between August 5, 1964 (After Bay of



Tonkin) and the present; whether he physically served in Vietnam or not.

## Educationally Qualified Veteran(G.I. Bill):

A veteran who has been in the service since January 31, 1955 and was in for a period of 181 days or more at a rate of 1 1/2 months of educational benefits for each month of active duty up to 36 months of total entitlement. The veteran must have an honorable discharge from the service. These are the basic qualifications for educational assistance. This information can be acquired at any Veterans Administration Office (in most cases in this report the word veterans relates to educationally qualified veterans).

#### Veterans Outreach Program:

A federally funded program placed at the two-year educational institutions (community colleges) throughout Washington State. The program is designed to inform and counsel the veterans on the educational benefits available to them and assist them in taking advantage of those benefits if they so desire.

#### Outreach Veteran:

The veteran attending a community college, Spring quarter 1973, through direct assistance of the Veterans Outreach Program at the school of attendance.

#### Non-Outreach Veteran:

A veteran in attendance at a community college previous to the existence of



the Veterans Outreach Program.

## D. Limitations of the Study

This study was limited to a look at veterans attending community colleges, Spring quarter 1973, in Washington State. Even though every precaution was taken to assure that the questionnaires were collected randomly in the same fashion, there was little control over the actual collection process because of the number of coordinators and schools participating in the survey.



#### Chapter II

#### REVIEW OF THE LITERATURE

Research, especially specific research on individual Vietnam and Vietnam-era veterans in Washington State and the Nation, is very limited. Some of the literature identified will be reviewed in an attempt to determine what some of the problem areas are and how they have been dealt with to date.

## Research on the Vietnam Veterans Personal Feelings

Several concerns have been expressed about the Vietnam veterans open resentment in regards to his treatment upon his return home. Howard Flieger said, "They're all home from the wars now—those who survived Vietnam. The only men still out there in uniform are military attaches and some Marines guarding the U.S. Embassy. So the others—nearly 2 1/2 million of them—are back home. Home to what? What is the U.S. doing to show its gratitude to these men who did their duty—sometimes reluctantly, angrily, often in frustration—in what was beyond doubt the most unpopular, despised war in American history?" He also expressed a concern that thousands of Vietnam veterans bear emotional and psychological scars that do not show on the surface but go deep.



Howard Flieger, "The Long Way Back", U.S. News and World Report, Vol. LXXIV, Number 15, April 9, 1973, p. 100.

"Hundreds of thousands of veterans are experiencing a long lasting sense of isolation, confusion, loneliness and rejection on their return to their native land."<sup>2</sup>

Newsweek points out that it is a time when the U.S. is bringing prisoners of war home with warm oratory and hot cash, while 3 million other Vietnam veterans are hoeing a tougher row than their counter parts from any American war in this century. They also expressed a concern in that, revised Veterans Administration budgets, computer foul-ups, inadequate training and rehabilitation programs, and a sluggish job market have combined to make thousands of Vietnam veterans feel more like war orphans than heroes.

A statement referring to this problem, by Max Inglett, a Sp5 wounded during a mortar attack, was quoted in Newsweek as follows: "When I saw them come home, I cried. I cried out of self-pity. I remember getting off the plane when I returned, and nobody met me. I envy the prisoners because they can walk. They were prisoners for five years and eight years, but I'm a prisoner within myself because I'm a prisoner in this," he said, tapping the side of his wheelchair. "You cry inside when you go to Disneyland and can't take the rides. You cry when you take your girl dancing, and other guys see you're in a wheelchair and they ask your girl to dance. You don't want to ruin her fun, but it rips you up inside."



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Veterans World Project, "Wasted Men--The Reality of the Vietnam Veteran", Final Report, Southern Illinois University, Edwardsville, Illinois, 1972, p. 1 – 2.

<sup>3&</sup>quot;The Vets: Heroes as Orphans", Newsweek, March 5, 1974, p. 22.

The Permanent War Prisoners", Newsweek, March 5, 1974, p. 23.

This resentment is expanded on by Patrick Butler<sup>5</sup> when he points out that after the longest war in our history two and a half million men who fought will not be coming home to the traditional heroes welcome, and will be lucky if they can avoid being treated like war criminals. The new veteran must not only deal with his doubts of the value of his sacrifices, but also the latent hostilities of millions of Americans who hated the war and somehow blamed him for having done the dirty work.

Butler's point of view was supported in <u>U.S. News & World Report</u> by an unidentified psychiatrist who said, "Every veteran feels alienated from his friends at home because
he developed different friendships and a different way of life in the service." He continues
by saying, "The Vietnam veteran has a heightened sense of alienation because the war in
which he fought has brought little of the glory of previous wars."

Peter J. Ognibene displays the country's apathy towards its veterans by pointing out that the POW's have been thrust into the limelight in a war which gave the country so many medal-winners but no heroes. The POW's became the honored ones more because they survived than because of their battle proven courage. No such honors are being bestowed upon the dead and wounded of this war making it seem as if the nation were trying to drive Vietnam completely from its memory. He suggests that this forgetfulness is a luxury some cannot afford.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>Peter J. Ognibene, "POW's and the Vets", <u>Commonweal</u>, Volume XCVIII, Number 13, June 1, 1973, pp. 307–308.



Patrick Butler, "When Johnnie Comes Marching Home", America, March 24, 1973, p. 255.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>"Home From Vietnam--For 2.3 Million U.S. Veterans: A New Way of Life", <u>U.S.</u> News & World Report, Volume LXXIV, Number 7, February 12, 1973, p. 23.

Research on how the Vietnam veteran will be paid for his service to his country, especially those who paid the high price of disability: Many concerns have been expressed for the high number of returning veterans and how their service will be repaid. P. J.

Ognibene<sup>8</sup> points out that two and a half million men served in Vietnam, while 46,000 died and 300,000 were wounded: 23,000 of them were 100 percent (totally) disabled, for whom there can be no forgetting the war. These concerns are shared by Time<sup>9</sup> when it stated, "The needs of several hundred returning prisoners of war will clearly be taken care of, but it is highly questionable whether the several million other Vietnam veterans will be looked after in a similar spirit."

Andrew Hamilton<sup>10</sup> quotes Larry Sullivan, a 23-year old high school dropout and Marine corporal: "As I wait for the Medivac chopper, I made a vow," he said afterward. "If I pull through—and right then the odds seemed against it—I was going to make something of my life."

U.S. News & World Report 11 stated that 2.3 million veterans served in Vietnam with most of them doing a one year tour of duty. It was also said that 1 in 8 was disabled to some degree with approximately 23,000 receiving 100 percent (total) disability. In more than half of these cases the disability is psychiatric or newrological. It was also stated that in Vietnam, 20 percent of the amputees lost more than one limb, as compared with

<sup>11&</sup>quot;Home From Vietnam-For 2.3 Million U.S. Veterans: A New Way of Life", U.S. News & World Report, Op. Cit., pp. 21, 23.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup>Peter J. Ognibene, Op. Cit.

<sup>9&</sup>quot;Veterans-Forgotten Warriors?", <u>Time</u>, Volume 101, Number 11, March 12, 1973, p. 18.

<sup>10</sup> Andrew Hamilton, "Another Time at Bat for Vietnam Vets", American Education, Volume 8, Number 2, March, 1972, p. 4.

only five percent of the World War II amputees.

Newsweek 12 said, "There are 25,000 of them--paraplegics, quadriplegics, men disassembled and totally disabled by the frags, mines, and bullets of the Vietnam war-- and they have filled up veterans hospitals throughout the country."

U.S. News & World Report<sup>13</sup> reports that more than 29 million U.S. citizens have served in the armed forces and that 25.9 million of those were wartime veterans. It also said that payments for service connected disabilities had gone up to 346,530 at the end of April (1973) compared with 298,233 one year earlier.

Research of new and unique problems facing Vietnam veterans: The problems of the Vietnam veterans are many and unfortunately, not very well understood even by the veterans themselves who must in many cases settle for frustration. Tony Jones 1,4 author of "The Invisible Army", says that eight million Vietnam-era veterans will be returning to society. He expressed a concern that, "The most comfortable—and most dangerous—myth about Vietnam veterans is that they have not been deeply affected by their service in the war. They have." He goes on to say that society has done little to survey the dimensions of their change. The fears expressed by Jones are supported by Ognibene 15 when he states, "The prospects of change are grim—more so because there seems to be no public pressures to



<sup>12&</sup>quot;The Permanent War Prisoners", Newsweek, Op. Cit.

<sup>13 &</sup>quot;How Aid to Veterans is Rising", U.S. News & World Report, July 9, 1973, p. 57.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup>Tony Jones, "The Invisible Army", <u>Harper's Magazine</u>, Volume 245, Number 1467, August, 1972, p. 10.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup>Ognibene, Op. Cit., p. 309.

improve the lot of our Vietnam veterans."

- U.S. News & World Report 16 shows unique problems of the Vietnam veteran described by a psychiatrist. They were as follows:
  - A) The veteran fought in a war which many of his countrymen opposed.
  - B) He was in uniform during a period of strong antimilitary feeling.
  - C) While he served his time overseas, life at home went on untouched by the distant conflict.
  - D) When he came back, no hero's welcome awaited him. Often, what he encountered was civilian hostility.

The article also pointed out that in addition the 2,313,000 Americans who physically served in Vietnam another 3,663,000 discharged veterans served elsewhere since 1965 when the Vietnam-era officially began, bringing the total Vietnam-era veterans to nearly six million. It also said that the average age of the veteran at discharge was 23 and that over three fourths of the veterans, 4,649,000 were age 30 or younger at latest count.

Research on the adequacy of the G.I. Bill in the shadows of World War II and Korean veterans: Many of the people in America are concerned about the small number of veterans taking advantage of their benefits in comparison with World War II and the Korean conflict, of todays Vietnam-era veterans it has been said that very few, "(roughly



<sup>16&</sup>quot;Home From Vietnam--For 2.3 Million U.S. Veterans: A New Way of Life."
U.S. News & World Report, Op. Cit, p. 21.

20 percent, compared with 50 percent following World War II"). <sup>17</sup> Hamilton <sup>18</sup> supports this data with Veterans Administration statistics that show approximately 50 percent of World War II veterans and 42 percent of Korean war veterans took advantage of their educational benefits on the G.I. Bill, while only 23 percent of Vietnam veterans have used their benefits.

It is stated in <u>U.S. News & World Report</u> 19 that returning servicemen expressed satisfaction generally with the types of G.I. Bill benefits they are entitled to, but some describe the amount of financial assistance as inadequate. The point was made that \$200 available to those continuing their education doesn't go far-because of inflation-as the tuition and subsistence payments received by World War II veterans. This argument is supported by Butler<sup>20</sup> who points out that those veterans hardest hit are those who decided to go back to college, especially those on campuses with strong antiwar feelings. He points out that many veterans, continuing their education, are finding that \$220 a month doesn't go nearly as far as the tuition and subsistence funds received by World War II veterans; thus, they are having to abandon their hopes of further education.

On the question of benefits, the report, "Wasted Men", says, "Any, even superficial, comparison of the present G.I. Bill with the original 1945 G.I. Bill,

 $<sup>^{21}</sup>$ "Wasted Men--The Reality of the Vietnam Veteran", Southern Illinois University, Op. Cit., p. V4.  $2\hat{s}$ 



<sup>17</sup> Tony Jones, Op. Cit., p. 18

<sup>18</sup> Andrew Hamilton, <u>Op. Cit</u>.

<sup>19&</sup>quot;Home From Vietnam--For 2.3 Million U. S. Veterans: A New Way of Life", U. S. News & World Report, Op. Cit., p. 22.

<sup>20</sup> Patrick Butler, Op. Cit., p. 255.

leaves the Vietnam veteran coming off second best to the World War II veteran. Important differences include a different social environment, the real value of cash in pocket provision, added restrictions, and eliminated features."

Flieger<sup>22</sup> says that with the rising cost of going to school it is questionable that \$220 for single veterans, with more for married veterans, can go as far now as did the G.I. Bill benefits after World War II. Ognibene<sup>23</sup> agrees with Flieger in expressing his concerns for finances. He says that if a Vietnam veteran wants to further his education he will find that the G.I. Bill barely covers the cost of tuition at many schools. He goes on to state that if the veteran cannot get financial support from the school itself he'll probably require a part-time job--if he can find one.

"A generation ago, the G.I. Bill was the economic escalator for millions of American veterans, but today it is being used by only a handful of the men who need it most." Bigger Benefits For Veterans But No Rush of Takers supports the conclusion that veterans are not getting their benefits.

Research on Employability of the Returning Veteran: Many veterans are returning home in the hopes of acquiring some type of training to utilize their skills. On employment <u>Time</u> said, "Veterans of World War II returned to a grateful, generous country that was about to embark on an unprecedented quarter-century of prosperity. Korean war

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>25</sup>"Bigger Benefits for Veterans but No Rush of Takers," <u>U.S. News & World Report</u>, February 1, 1971, p. 48.



<sup>22</sup> Howard Flieger, Op. Cit.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>23</sup>Ognibene, <u>Op. Cit.</u>, p. 309.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>24</sup>William Greider, "G.I. Bill Fails to Attract Many Veterans of Vietnam", The Washington Post, March 30, 1969, p. A4.

veterans cashed in on much the same rising curve of material benefits. Viet Nam vets, by contrast, are the dubious beneficiaries of the nations immediate troubled past and uneasy future.

"Unsung, disproportionately poor and poorly educated, G.1.'s have been drifting back from Viet Nam to face unenthusiastic employers and—in the vets' view—sometimes unsympathetic officials of the Veterans Administration."26

Ognibene<sup>27</sup> also expressed a concern for the Administration's apparent lack of concern for the Vietnam vet in employment. The unemployment rate for young Vietnam veterans was quoted as being almost twice the national average and that veterans, ages 20 to 24, have an unemployment rate of about 11 percent. A Lou Harris survey was quoted as finding 15 percent of all Vietnam veterans unemployed. He went on to say that apparently, of those who had been employed, little help had been received by the government. Harris concluded that only 4 percent had been "materially helped" by local employment officers in getting a job offer.

Butler<sup>28</sup> said that while today's veterans have good reason to feel that they've upgraded their ambitions, awareness, and job skills while in the service, yet they frequently have problems translating those assets into something saleable on the civilian labor market. The most obvious difficulty lies with those who were trained and used



<sup>26&</sup>quot; Veterans -- Forgotten Warriors", Time.

<sup>27</sup> Ognibene, <u>Op. Cit.</u>, p. 308.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>28</sup>Patrick Butler, Op. Cit., pp. 255-256.

strictly for combat service in Vietnam. Even those with more marketable items such as electronics technicians, metal workers, paramedics, etc., are finding fields closed because of union quotas or degree requirements. Butler pointed out that despite all the recruiting ads stressing the military's hundreds of job-training programs, that a recently conducted Veterans World Project survey showed that 89 percent of the 530 contacted had no way of using any of their training on the jobs they presently hold.

Outreach Services Programs and other actions needed: "(a) The Congress of the United States declares that the outreach services program authorized by this subchapter is for the purpose of insuring that all veterans, especially those who are recently separated and those who are eligible for readjustment or other benefits and services under laws administered by the Veterans' Administration and under other governmental programs, received personalized educational, vocational, social sciences and job placement assistance with respect to their entitlement to those benefits and services in order to aid them in applying for and obtaining such benefits and services and further education and training or employment and, in the case of veterans, achieving a rapid social and economic readjustment to civilian life and higher standard of living for them and their dependents."



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>29</sup>Education and training for Veterans, Hearing before the subcommittee on Veterans Affairs, 91st Congress, first session, from legislation to amend title 38 of the United States code concerning education and training for veterans, June 24, 25, and 26, 1969 (Part 1), p. 43.

The Veterans World Project<sup>30</sup> reports that time is critically short and that the only way to develop a new national policy for veterans before losing or wasting millions of precious human beings is to proceed with the needed research and planning, in conjunction with a simultaneous action, experimentation, and the greatest possible variety of pilot and demonstration programs and support of individual activities.

Summary: It is possible to draw several conclusions in the review of the research.

- 1) There appears to be some degree of resentment by the Vietnam veterans because of the special attention given to the POW's upon their return, not necessarily because the POW's were given too much or even enough, but rather because the other veterans received virtually no welcomes.
- 2) Concerns have been expressed on how these veterans will be paid for their service, especially those who have paid the highest price—some degree of physical or mental disability.
- 3) The aftermath of an undesired and unsupported war is leaving the Vietnam veteran with an array of problems never before faced by veterans of this country.
- 4) The G.I. Bill is not thought to be adequate to serve the needs of the veterans of this country in the face of rising cost of schooling and inflation.



<sup>30&</sup>quot;Wasted Men--The Reality of the Vietnam Veteran", Southern Illinois University, Op. Cit., p. 1-13.

- 5) A small number of Vietnam-era veterans, in comparison to World War II and the Korean conflict veterans, are using the available benefits.
- 6) There is a high level of concern for the employability of a veteran returning to civilian life with job qualifications not fitting the needs of the job market. Additional concerns are, what is being done to make the veteran more employable and how useful local Employment Securety Departments really are.
- 7) There are expressed concerns for further research.

In light of the above conclusions, this study was undertaken in an effort to construct a profile of the veteran attending Community Colleges in Washington State hopefully to give some specific indications as to how we might better serve them.



#### Chapter III

#### METHODS AND PROCEDURES

# A. Construction of the Instrument

The survey instrument, known as a Survey of Veterans Attending Community Colleges in Washington State, contained a core of 51 common questions. The items selected for inclusion in the construction of the measuring instrument were categorized into eight separate areas. The information was organized into eight separate areas. The information was organized in this manner for easy access to specific concerns. The first area consisted of five questions on General Information (sex, age, marital status, etc.); the second area of ten questions dealt with service information (branch of service, age at entry into service, years of active dufy, etc.); the third area consisted of four questions on education (number of years of education, number of credit hours, etc.); the fourth consisted of twelve questions on employment (number of jobs held since separation, does spouse work, has welfare been received, etc.); the fifth area consisted of six questions on the G.I. Bill (was adequate information received before separation, are benefits adequate, etc.); the sixth area consisted of six questions related to Veterans Outreach Programs (how they heard about Veterans Outreach, how they rate Outreach services, whether they think Outreach should be made available permanently, etc.); the seventh area consisted of seven questions



(five fill-in) on occupation, including two miscellaneous questions, one on the State Bonus and one on a state G.I. Bill; the eighth area consisted of one question relating to the veteran's knowledge of dental benefits. A copy of the questionnaire is reproduced as Appendix B.

#### B. Participating Institutions

Questionnaires were received from students in 23 of the 27 Community Colleges in Washington state. Four of the 27 Community Colleges did not participate in this survey either because the coordinator failed to comply with the request, or as in one case, the institution refused to allow the coordinator to participate even though the coordinator desired to. A complete list of participating institutions is reproduced as Appendix C.

#### C. The Sample

The sample consisted of veterans attending Community Colleges on two levels;

1) Outreach Veterans: those veterans entering and attending community college through the Veterans Outreach Program, Spring quarter, 1973. 2) Non-Outreach Veterans: an approximate ten percent sample of those veterans already existing at the Community College before Veterans Outreach, ranging from pay problems to counseling. For the purpose of defining the overall picture of veterans in attendance at two-year institutions in Washington State, both groups were combined.



Some schools elected to sample both Outreach Veterans and Non-Outreach Veterans and some schools elected just to sample one of the two (see Appendix C).

#### D. Methods of Obtaining Data

The instrument was distributed to the Veterans Outreach Coordinators of all twenty-seven Community Colleges throughout the State of Washington. Instructions on how to use the instrument were given to the coordinators through personal interview at a meeting of all coordinators. The coordinators were instructed to randomly sample the veterans on their campus using different times throughout the school day and night to acquire a well-rounded sample. These instructions were followed up by two phone calls to each coordinator to answer any specific questions in the use of the instrument. The coordinators were initially informed of the survey via letter (reproduced as Appendix A).

Some of the schools sampled their Spring quarter students during pre-registration, which took place at the end of Winter quarter. Spring quarter is a period of time which varies slightly from school to school (March to June).

#### E. Questionnaire Returns.

The return of the questionnaires did not present a problem, as the veterans filled out the questionnaires in the presence of the coordinator and it was collected at that time.



#### Chapter IV

#### ANALYSIS OF THE DATA

The purpose of this study was to acquire basic information about veterans attending Community Colleges in Washington State and some of the services that are available to the veteran. The data is analysed by individual school (outreach and non-outreach), and by the total number of veterans sampled in the state, including a break-down of the state data into outreach and non-outreach. Comments are also expressed on some of the data tables. All data received in this survey is presented in its raw form (see Tables 1a through 45b); with the exception of the fill-in questions. The data was analysed by the Sumstat program (on an IBM 360/40 computer) available at Western Washington State College.

The individual analysis are located on the following pages:

SCHOOL .		PAGE
T	Total (Outreach and Non-outreach)	123
0	Outreach (State Total)	125
N-O	Non-outreach (State Total)	127
ВВСС	Big Bend Community College	129
CSCC	Central Seattle Community College	135



SCI	HOOL	•	PAG
	CCC	Centralia Community College	137
	CLCC	Clark Community College	139
÷	CBCC	Columbia Basin Community College	143
	EVCC	Everett Community College	146
	FSCC	Fort Steilacoom Community College	151
	GRCC	Green River Community College	1 54
	GHCC	Grays Harbor Community College	156
	НСС	Highline Community College	158
	NSCC	North Seattle Community College	161
	occ	Olympic Community College	163
	OVTI	Olympic Vocational and Technical Institute	165
	PCC	Peninsula Community College	167
	SCC	Shoreline Community College	169
	SVCC	Skagit Valley Community College	1 <i>7</i> 3
	SPCC	Spokane Community College	175
	SSCC	South Seattle Community College	180
	TCC	Tacoma Community College	182
	wwcc	Walla Walla Community College	184
	WVCC	Wenatchee Valley Community College	188
	wcc	Whatcom Community College	191
	YVCC	Yakima Valley Community College	194



L - 18 - 19

2 - 20 - 21

3 - 22 - 23 4 - 24 - 25

5 - 26 - 27

6 - 28 - 29

7 - 30 or over

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TOTAL		100	100.00	100	100.00	100.01	100	100	100	100	10,001	100	100.03	100,02	100	100	100	9	66.66		99.99	100.01	6.66	8	100.01	99.99	100	99.99	100	99.99	9	100	92	8
0		40	.25	8	0	0	0	0	. 0	q	q	9	0	d	0	1.71	0	0	0		0	1.89	0	q	0	q	q	0	q	1.85	q	9	0	0
7		29.50	22 10	24.94	16.67	13.33	- 4	. 1	15	89.6	44.83	25	15.63	34.38	42.86	38.46	28.57	43 28.57	36.36		0	18.87	• • •	53.85	21.97	18.64	42,73	21.70	30	14.81	8.51	15.79	4	17.65
9		6.Z3	79	7.91	0	6.67	_			ଞ	3.45	q	15.63 15	3.13	7, 14 42.	3.42	0	21.43	60.6		9.09	0	.94	3.85	9.85	6.78	7.27	13.21	5	12.96	9.57	5.26	8	2.94
5		17.43	15.43	16.20	16.67	16	24,44			19.35	20.69	16.67	12.50	12.50	21.43	14.53	28.57	35.71	60.6		27.27	7.55	13.43	7.69	9.85	16.95	12.73	17.92	20	18.52	24.47	15.79	12	23,53
4		16.63	27.41	23.27	1	.33			20	85	20.69	16.6Z	63	31.25	14.29	12.82	4.76	14.29	18. 18		27.27	39.62	23.88	11.54	34.09	32.20	20.91	22.64	20	38.89	25.53	31.58	24	20.59
3		19.41	20	77.	79,		15.56	17.5	35	89.6	6.90	8.33	۱ ۱	15.63	7.14	19.66	19.05	0	27.27		36.36	24.53	22.39	15.38	18.94	23.73	10.91	17.92	15	12.96	26.60	15.79	32	29.41
2	·	8.71	5.56	<del></del>		12	44			9.68			38	3.13	7.14		19.05	0	0		0	5.66	7.46	7.69	3.79	1.69	5.45		10	0	5.32	10.53	20	5.88
		3.19	.62	8.	8.33	2.67	0	0	C	0	0	8.33	3.13	0	0	.85	0	0	0		0	1.89	1.49	0	1.52	0	0	0	0	0	0	-5.26	1	0
COLLEGE		_			BBCC	CICC	EVCC	FSCC	GHCC	HCC	OVTI	PCC	SHCC	SVCC	SPCC	TCC	WWCC	WVCC	MCC		BBCC	သသ	CICC	CBCC	EVCC	GRCC	220	SCCC	SNCC	SSCC	SHCC	SPCC	WWCC	XVCC
		O	STATE N-O	T									OUTREACH		•	į	,	-	4(	)							NON	OUTREACH						

1- 18-19

2 - 20 - 21

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4 - 24 - 25

5 - 26 - 27

/7 - 07 - C

7.- 30 or over

28 - 29

0 - No response

24

### COMMENTS:

- 1. The bulk of those sampled in the state (59.24%) fall within the 22 to 27 age group with only 24.29% over 30, leaving the state many younger veterans attempting to educate themselves.
- 2. There appears to be no major differences between outreach and non-outreach on the state level.

<u>0</u>
Ö
9

- Male

2 - Female

0 - No response

SEX

C W ERIC					
	COLLEGE	_	7	0	TOTA
0	r	489	13	3	505
STATE N-O		782	28	0	810
1		127	41	က	1315
	BBCC	11	-	0	12
	CLCC	71	4	0	75
	EVCC	43	2	0	45
	ESCC	39		0	40
	ЭЭНЭ	20	0	0	20
	HCC	30	iswe o	0	31
	OVTI	28		O	29
•	PCC	12	.0	0	12
OUTREACH	SHCC	3]	0	-	32
	SVCC	30	1	_ 	32
	SPCC	4	0	0	14
	100	115	l	-	, 17
	WWCC	21	0	0	21
4	DDAM	14	0	0	14
i	WCC	2	-	0	Ξ
		T .			
	BBCC	11	0	0	1
	၁၁၁	51	2	0	53
	CICC	65	2	0	29
-	CBCC	24	2	0	26
	EVCC	129	3	0	132
	GRCC	59	0	0	59
NON	၁၁၀	104	9	0	110
OUTREACH	SCCC	102	4	0	901
	SNCC	19	1	0	20
	SSCC	51	3	0	54
	SHCC	92	2	0	94
	SPCC	18		0	. 19
	WWCC	24	1	0	25
	YVCC	33	_	0	75

SEX

### CODING

i - Male

99,99

59

2.57

96.83

O

<u>Q</u>+

STATE

COLLEGE

0

<u>8</u>

00 00

8.33

79.16

96.65

<u>00</u>

- Female

0 - No response

<u>80</u>

4.44 2.50

95.56

EVCC

94,67

97.50

ESCC

8 8

### COMMENTS:

00 <u>98</u>

d

d

<u>8</u>

CHCC

3.23

96.55

OVTI HCC

SC

26.77

being male. It is believed a representative sample of females was taken. 1. The sample is consistent with the overwhelming majority of veterans

0.00 100.00

3.13

.3.13

100 96.88 93.75 3.

SHOOTS

OUTREACH

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.85

52

98.29

SPCC

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WWCC

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88

0

16.06

42

00 00

WVCC

9.09



<u>8</u>

0

3.77

2

96.23 95

SCCC

OUTREACH

N 0 2

5.45

94.55

000

<u>8</u>

GRCC

8 100 00

5.56

94.44

SSCC SHCC

<u>8</u> <u>00</u> 00

97.73

EVCC

2.99

CLCC

BBCC

S

00

2.94

8 6

WWCC.

LL:		CODING		l - Caucasian		2 - Black		3 – Indian		4 - Mexican-American		5 - Asian		O - No response																					
RACE	TOTAL		505	810	1315	12	7.5	45	40	20	31	29	12	32	32	14	117	21	14	-		Ξ	53	29	26	132	59	110	106	20	54	94	19	25	
	0		2	10	12	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	Ţ	0	0	0		0	0		0	4	d	q	-	0	_	2	0	g	
•	5		4	12	16	0	0	0	0	0	0	_	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	-	0	q	6		0		0	d	
•	4		13	8	21	1	3	0	-	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	က	l	0	3 ,	-	0	-	0	0	0	0	3	က	0	-	0	0	0	
	3		2	9	8	0	0	_	0	0	0	0	0	_	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	2	0	0	0	-	-	0	-	0	0		-
-	2		40	32	70	1	2	-	-	0	_	0	0	_	1	0	19	ဗ	0	0		0	0	0	-		a	a	27	0	က		0		-
-	-		4 44	740	1184	10	70	43	28	20	30	27.	12	29	31	14	91	17	14	8		11	52	2	25	126	59	901	65	19	48	06	19	23	
٠	COLLEGE					BBCC	CLCC	EVCC	FSCC	GHCC	HCC	OVTI	PCC	SHCC	SVCC	SPCC	TCC	WWCC	WVCC	WCC		BBCC	222	CLCC	CBCC	EVCC	GRCC	220	SCCC	SNCC	SSCC	SHCC	SPCC	WWCC	-
IC od by ERIC			ਰ	STATE N-O				1						OUTREACH [					13							<u> </u>		ZOZ	OUTREACH						_

Table 3a

-	,			-			RAC
COLLEGE	-	2	3	4	5	0	IOIAL
	87.92	7.92	.40	2.57	. 79	.40	00
	91,36	4.20	.74	%	1.48	1.23	00
	90.04	5.63	19.	1.60	1.22	.91	100.01
BBCC	83.33	8.33	0	8.33	0	0	99.99
CICC	93.33	2.67	0	4	0	0	001
EVCC	95.56	2.22	2.22	0	0	0	100
FSCC	70	27.50	0	2.50	0	0	100
GHCC	100	0	0	0	0	0	00
HCC	22.96	3.23	0	0	0	0	100
OVTI	93.10	0	0	3,45	3.45	0	8
PCC	<u> </u>	0	0	0	0	0	100
SHCC	90.63	3.13	3.13	0	0	3,13	100.02
SVCC	96.88	3,13	0	0	0	0	100.00
SPCC	<u>00</u>	0	0	0	0	0	001
TCC	77.78	16.24	0	2.56	2.56	.85	99.99
WWCC	80.95	14.29	0	4.76	0	0	00
WVCC	100	0	0	0	0	0	00
WCC	72.73	0	0	27.27	0	0	<u>00</u>
					,	, <b>2</b> 000	
			_				
BBCC	100	0	0	0	0	0	00
သ	98.11	0	0	1.89	0	0	00
CICC	95.52	0	2.99	0	0	1.49	00
CBCC	96.15	3.85	0	0	0	0	001
EVCC	95.45	.76	0	0	.76	3.03	00
GRCC	00	0	0	0	0	0	00
y	96.36	0	•	2.73	0	0	8
SCCC	61.32	2 25.47	.94	2.83	8.49	.94	99.99
SNCC		0	0	0	5	0	001
SSCC	88.89	5.56		1.85	0	1.85	00
SHCC			0	0	.0	2.13	99.99
SPCC		0.	0	0	0	0	8
WWCC	92	4	4	0	0		100
YVCC	97.06	,o	0	0	0	2.94	00

I - Caucasian

2 - Black

3 – Indian

4 - Mexican-American

5 – Asian

0 - No response

### COMMENTS:

1. It's not surprising that the large majority of the veterans fall within the caucasian category.

~			(		_		•
	COLFGE		7	5		O	
0		153	312	36	4	505	
STATE N-O		297	454	57	2	810	
_		450	766	93	9	1315	
	BBCC	9	9	0	0	12	
	CICC	30	38	7	0	75	
	EVCC	7	8	3	_	45	
	FSCC	12	26	2	α	40	
	CHCC	α	œ	4	О	20	
	HCC	<u>7</u>	17	2	0	31	
	OVTI	9	20	3	0	29	
	PC C	9	6	0	0	12	
OUTREACH	SHCC	6	22	0	_	32	
	SVCC	œ	20	4	0	32	
	SPCC	2	11	_	0	14	
	TCC	32	76	7	2	117	
	WWCC	10	6	2	0	21	
	WVCC	5	6	0	0	14	
48	WCC	0	10	-	0	=	
j							
	BBCC	5	5	-	0	=	
	သည	15	35	3	0	53	
	CLCC	23	38	9	0	- 67	
	CBCC	9	18	2	0	26	
	EVCC	20	7	01	-	132	
-	GRCC	24	32	3	0	59	
NON	U O O	_ 22	-85	8	0	110	
OUTREACH	SCCC	51	42	13	0	106	
,	SNCC	5	13	2	0	70	
	SSCC	29	21	က	-	54	
	SHCC	40	48	9	0	94	
	SPCC	5	14	0	0	19	÷
	WCC	20	14		0	25	
	YVCC	12	18	4	0	34	

MARITAL STATUS
----------------

1 - Single
2 - Married
3 - Divorced
0 - No response

	COLLEGE		2	က	0	TOTAL
0	_	30,30	81.78	7.13	. 79	001
STATE N-O		36.67	56.05	7.04	.25	100.00
_		34.22	58.25	7.07	.46	100
	BBCC	50	1	0	0	100
	CLCC	40	50.67	9.33	0	001
	EVCC	15.56	75.56	6.67	2.22	100.001
	FSCC	, ,		- 5	0	001
	CHCC	40	40	20	0	00
	HCC	38,71	54.84	6.45	0	8
	DVT	20,69	76,89	10.34	0	00
	PCC	50		0	0	00
OUTREACH	SHCC	28.13	68.75	i	3.13	100.00
. •	SVCC	25	•	12.50	0	00
i ş	SPCC	14.29	é		0	00
	TCC	27.35	64.96	5.98	1.71	00
	WWCC	47.62	•		0	00
	WVCC	35.71	64.29	0	0	00
Ĺ,	MCC	0	90.91	6.06	0	00
<b>1</b> 6					1	
		- 1	ł	- 1		- 1
	BBCC	۱.	45.45	9.09	0	99.99
	CCC	28.30	66.04	- 4	0	00
	CICC	34.33	56.72	8.96	0	100.01
	CBCC	23.08	- 4	7.69	0	1
	EVCC	37.88	53.79		.76	0.001
	GRCC	40.68	54.24	•	0	80
Z O Z	U U	20	77.27	2.72	0	
OUTREACH	SCCC	48.11	39.62	12.26	0	99.99
	SNCC	25	65	으	0	001
	SSCC	53.70	38.89	5.56	1.85	00
	SHCC	42.55		•	o	66 66
	SPCC	26.32		i	0	100
	WCC		56	4	0	00
	YVCC	35.29	52.94	11.76	0	99.99

### MARITAL STATUS CODING

- I Single
- 2 Married
- 3 Divorced
- 0 No response

### COMMENTS:

1. Although the majority of the total veterans are married, a large number of them are single (32.22%).





(3)
ERIC
Full Text Provided by ERIC

	CODING	0 None	_	_	2	,	က		4		5		6 or more	5	No response																		
,		<u> </u>			) ල		4 -		5 -		9				0																		
	NUMBER OF DEFENDENTS (NOT COUNTING YOURSELF)		- e <sup>-</sup>	· - <sub> </sub>	· <del>                                    </del>	Ţ	T	Į- <b>-</b> Ţ							<b></b> 1	Γ	<b></b>	<b>,</b> -			<u> </u>	<b>-</b>	<del>- 1</del>		- 1			· ]	1				;
!	TOTAL	505	25.5	1212	75	45	40	20	31	29	12	32	32	14	117	21	14	11		11	53	/9	26	132	59	110	106	20	54	94	19	25	8
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6 L	MBEK 4	8 5	203	3 0	12	7	9		4	4	-	5	5	4	23	2	4	4		0	10	5	3	22	10	20	9	9	9	11	2	3	5
	2 E	 16	220	220	12	=	8	4	9	9		5	9	3	21	3	3	l .		-	10	15	5	17	9	22	18	က	3	16	5	9	2
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		100	3.10	÷	). E	0	10	ω		9	5	Π	10	4	34	6	9	-		9	16	24	7	56	27	24	49	5	29	46	4	10	13
	COLLEGE			RRCC	CLCC	EVCC	FSCC	GHCC	HCC	OVII	ပိုင	SHCC	SVCC	SPCC	ICC	MMCC	DDAM	MCC		BBCC	CCC	CLCC	CBCC	EVCC	GRCC	၁၁၀	SCCC	SNCC	SSCC	SHCC	SPCC	WWCC	XVCC
RIC.			SIAIR N-	-								OUTREACH						4					v			Z O Z	OUTREACH					4	-

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			•	Ž	NUMBER	OF DE	DEPENDENTS		(NOT C	DUNTIL	COUNTING YOURSEL
	COLLEGE	_	2	က	4	5	9	7	1	TOTAL	
0		31.88	15,64	18.02	16.36	9.31	3,37	2.77	2,83	00	
STATE N-O		32.01	19.01	15.93	13.46	5.56	2.59	2.84	1.60	00	
Ţ		36.27	17.72	16.73	14.68	7	2.89	2.8	<u>.</u> %	00	
	BBCC	50		_	16.67	0	8.33	0	0	00	
		41.33	_	$\overline{}$	9	8	2.67	0	2.67	00	
	EVCC	20		24.44	15.56	=	2.22	8.89	2.22	00	
	FSCC	25				15	2.50	0	5	001	
	CHCC	40					0	0		00	
	HCC	35.48	28	19.35	12.90	3.23	0	3.23	3.23	00	
	OVTI	20.69	24.14	20.69	13.79	13.79	3.45	3.45	0	90	
	PCC	41.67	25	8,33	8,33	a	q	16.6Z	0	00	
OUTREACH	SHCC	34.38	21.88	4	15.63	9.38	q		3.13	100.03	
	SVCC	31.25	9.38		15.63	6.25	12.50	3.13	٠ • ا	100.02	
•	SPCC	28.57	7.14	21.43	28.57	0	7.14	7.14	0	66.66	
	100		12.82	17.95	19.66	11.11	3.42	3,42	2.56	100	
	WWCC	42.86	14.29	14.29	9.52	4.76	9.52	0	4.76	001	
,	WVCC		0	21.43	28.57	7.14	0	0	0	100	
48	OO⊗		18.18	9.09	36.36	27.27	0	0	0	66.66	
3		1	1							7	
	BBCC	54.55	36,36	6.09	0	0	0	0	0	001	
	$\mathcal{C}\mathcal{C}\mathcal{C}$	30.19	24.53	18.87	18.87	1.89	1.89	3.77	0	100.001	
	CLCC	35.82	23.88	22.39	7.46		0	2.99	0	00	
	CBCC	26,92	11.54	19.23	11.54	19.23		11.54	0	00	
	EVCC	42.42	12.88	12.88	16.67	• 1	• 1	3.03	3.03	00	
	GRCC	45.76	16.95	10.17	16.95	3.39	3.39	1.69	1.69	99.99	
Z O Z	000	21.82	15.45	20	8.18	11.82	5.45	6.36	.91	99.99	
OUTREACH	SCCC	46.23	23,58	16.98	5.66	0	2.83	1.89	2.83	100	
	SNCC	25		15	30	5	0	5	0	001	
tia i	SSCC	53.70	18.52	5.56	=	5.56	1.85	1.85	1.85	001	
906	SHCC	48,94	18,09	17.02	11.70	2.13	1.06	0	108	90	
	SPCC	21.05	21.05	26.32	10.53	10.53	5.26	0	5.26	00	
	WWCC	40	20	24	12	0	4	0	9	001	
	YVCC	38.24	26.47	5.88	14.71	8.82	2.94	0	2.94	100	

I - 0 None

9

7 - 6 or more

0 - No response

### COMMENTS:

1. Very few veterans have more than 3 dependents.

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•	570	208	122	354	30	14	17	1315
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	23	7	2	ۍ.	0	က	0	40
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	5	0	2	7	0	0	0	14
	9	]	2	2	0	0	0	11
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	20		ט ע		-	0	0	53
	32	0	2	20	2			67
	0	5	2	8		0	0	26
7	8	28	11	36	3	0	3	132
1	61	8	4	22	3	1	2	59
7	28	19	15	4	0	3	-	110
4)	8	16	5	21	က	q	3	901
		က	2	7	0	0	0	20
	21	91	8	6	0	0	0	54
7	43	12	.13	20	4	_	_	94
1	9	5	1	9	0	0		19_
	9		_10	8	0	0	0	25
	_	4	c	12	_	C	0	怒

- I U.S. Army
- 2 U.S. Air Force
- 3 U.S. Marine Corps
- 4 U.S. Navy
- 5 U.S. Coast Guard
- 6 More than one branch
- 0 No response

ERIC		•					BRA	BRA NCH	OF SERVICE	/ICE	
,	COLLEGE	_	2	3	4	5	9	0	TOTAL		U
0		47.92	15.05	8.12	24.36	2.38	1.19	66	100.001		
STATE N-O		40.49	16,30	10	28.52	2.22	66.	1.48	001		
Т		43.35		.28	26.92	2.28	90.I	1.29	100		7
	BBCC	50		8.33	25	0	0	0	001		
	CICC	52	10.67	9.33	28	0	0	1	001		က
	EVCC	31.11		15.56	20	2.22	2.22	2.22	100		
		57.50	17.50		12.50		7.50	0	00		4
	GHCC	30	OI		45	0	0	0	001		
		45.16	19.35	45	19.35	9.68	0	0	66 66		2
	OVTI	44.83	20.69	3.45	24.14	3.45	3.45	0			
	PCC	75	0	0	25	, i	o	0	00		9
OUTREACH	SHCC	34.38	•	18.75	18.75	6.25	0	3, 13	100.01		
	SVCC		- 1	3.13	40.63	9	0	0	100.02		0
	SPCC	42.86	28.57	0	21.43	7.14	0	0	001		
,		57.26	13.68	4.27	17.95	3.42	.85	2.56	99.99		
***	ပ္ပ		4.76	9.52	38.10	) ;	0	l I	00		
r.		35.71	0	14.29	50	0	0	0	00		
วีบ		54.55	6.09		18.18	0	0	0	001		
			-								
	BBCC	54.55	60.6	0	36.36	0	0	0	001		
	CCC	54.72	9.43	9.43	20.75	1.89	3.77	0	66.66		
	CLCC	47.76	13.43	2.99	29.85	2.99	1.49	1.49	00		
	CBCC		19.23	7.69	30.77	3.85	0	0	00		
	EVCC	36.36	21.21	8.33	29.55	2.27	0	2.27	99.99		
		32.20	13.56	6.78	37.29	5.08	1.69	3.39	99.99		
Z O Z	220	25.45	17.27	13.64	40	0	<b>!</b>	-16	100		
OUTREACH		54.72	15.09	4.72	18,91	2.83	1	2.83	700		
	SNCC	40	5	0	35	0	0	0	001		
		38.89		14.81	16.67	0	0	0	00		
		45.74	12.77	13,83	21.28	4.26	90.	90.	00		
		31.58	26.32		31.58	0	0	5.26	00		
		24	4		32	.0.	0	0	001		
	YVCC	41.18	11.76	82	35.29	2.94	0	0	66.66		

I - U.S. Army

2 - U.S. Air Force

3 - U.S. Marine Corps

4 - U.S. Navy

5 - U.S. Coast Guard

5 – More than one branch

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- 0	•	-	_	_	-	Υ_	YEAR OF	ENTRY, INTO, MILITARY		MILIT	ARY
	COLLEGE	_	2	3	4	5	9	7	8	0	TOTAL
		119	29	189	69	29	24	0	0	80	505
STATE NO		120	130	396	88	43	16	1	0	16	810
L		239	197	585	157	72	40	ı	0	24	1315
88	BBCC	2	1	4	3	2	0	0	0	0	12
Ö	CLCC	7	10	32	17	4	3	0	0	7.5	75
E	EVCC	12	10	15	3	3	l	0	0	_	45
FS	SCC	15	၁	10	9	က	3	0	0	0	40
ပ	GHCC	2	2	12	2	1	1	0	0	0	20
Ħ	HCC	1	7	17	3	3	0	0	0	0	31
0	VTI	13	2	, 01	4	0	0	0	0	0	29
8	PCC	3	]	3	_	2	2	0	0	0	12
OUTREACH SE	SHCC	2	8	10	5	3	3	0	0		32
ш	SVCC	8	2	16	4	2	0	0	0	0	32
SF	SPCC	5	2	9	1	0	0	0	0	0	14
	TCC	36	11	35	91	9	6	0	0	4	117
<b>∞</b> 5.	WWCC	4	4	8	4	0	l	0	0	0	21
	WVCC	5	3	9	0	0	0	0	0	0	14
M	WCC	4	1	5	0	0	l	0	0	0	11
											F 24
4											
BE	BBCC	0	0	6	2	0	0	0	0	0	11
9	J	9	3	33	5	2	3	0	0	_	53
	CC	6	2	33	10	3	1	0	0	_	29
O	CBCC	12	2	9	4	2	0	0	0	0	26
E	EVCC	23	19	56	18	6	4	0	0	ဌ	132
9	GRCC	6	ω	33	5	2	0	0	0	2	59
	occ	36	22	37	9	9	1	0	0	2	110
OUTREACH SC	sccc	11	25	45	12	7	3	0	0	3	901
Ш	SNCC	2	9	6	-	-	_	0	0	0	20
SS	SSCC	9	æ	35	4	_	0	0	0	0	54
S	SHCC	Ä	17	22	10	9	0	0	0	-	94
S	PCC	1	2	6	2	0	2	_	0	2	16
<b>*</b>	WWCC	-	1	15	4	2	_	0	0	1	25
<b>X</b>	VCC	,	7	19	5	2	0	0	0	0	34

l - Before 1960

2 - 1960 - August 4, 1964

3 - August 5, 1964 - 1968

4 - 1969

5 - 1970

6 - 1971

7 - 1972

8 - 1973

35

0 - No response

Table 7a

3

ENTRY INTO MILITARY	
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TOTAL	99.99	100	100.001	100	<u>00</u>	001	100	001	100.001	gg	gal	100 02	00	100	<u>00</u>	100.01	100	99.99		80	99.99	8	99,99	-	99.99	90	99.99	00	99.99	100	100.00	00	001
7   8   0   TOTAL	1.58	1.98	1,83	0	2.67	2.22	0	0	0	0	0	3.13	9	0	3.42	q	0	0		q	1.89	1.49	0	2.27	3.39	1.82	2.83	0	0	1.06	10.53	4	0
8	0	o	0	0	0	0	0	0	a	ō	a	0	q	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	d	q	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7	0	. 12	.08	0	0	0	0	0	9	q	a	0	9	0	o	0	0	0		0	0	0	0.	d	0	d	0	0	0	Ó	5.26	0	9
7EAR OF 6	4.75	1.98	3.04	0	4	2.22	7.50	5	q	0	16.67	9.38	9	0	7.69	4.76	1	9.09		a	5.66	1.49	0	3.03	0	.91	2.83	5	0	1	10.53	4	0
7E/ 5	5.74	5.31	5.48	16.67	5.33	6.67	7.50	1	89.8	4	16.67			0	5.13	0	0	0		0	3.77	4.48	7.69	6.82	3.39	5.45	6.60	5	1.85	6.38	0	8	5.88
4	13.66	10.86	11.94	25	22.67	6.67	15	0	•	13.79	33	15.63		7.14	13.68	19.05	0	0		18.18	9.43	• i	15.33	•	8.47	5,45	11.32	5	7.41	•	10.53	9	14.71
3	37.43	48.89	•	.33	42.67	33.33	25	90	54.84	34.48		25		42.86	29.91	38.10	42.86	45,45		81,82	62.26	49.25	23,08	42.42	55.93	33.64	42.45	45	64.81	٠,	47.37	90	55.88
2	13.27	16.05	86		33	22	7.50		22, 58	-	33	25	25	14.29	9.40	19.05	21.43	60.6		0	5.66	14.93	7.69	14.39	13.56	20	23.58		81	60	.53		20.59
	23.56	14.81	7		33	26.67	37,50	ı	23	44.83	25	25		35.71	30.77	19.05	35, 71	36,36		0	11.32	13.43	_7	17.42	15.25	32.73	10.38		.	3.19	5.26		.94
COLLEGE				BBCC	CLCC	EVCC	FSCC	GHCC	HCC	OVTI	ည	SHCC	SVCC	SPCC		WWCC				BBCC	222	CICC		EVCC	GRCC		SCCC		SSCC	SHCC	SPCC	WWCC	YVCC
	O	STATE N.C.	<b>j</b> anu								•	OUTREACH	اسد. ۱				5	2.	,				,			Z OZ	OUTREACH			,-	+		

### CODING

- l Before 1960
- 2 1960 August 4, 1964
- 3 August 5, 1964 1968
- 4-1969
- 5 1970
- 6 1971
- 7 1972
- 8 1973

36

. 0 - No response

### COMMENTS:

1. 65.03% of the total veterans entered the service in the Vietnamera.

	CODING	17	<u> </u>	18	)	19	•	20	) 	21		22	77	CC	62	č	74	) E	es or more		No response															
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ERVIC																							\ 													
ENTERED MILITARY SERVICE?	TOTAL		505	810	1315	12	75	45	40	20	3	29	12	32	32	14	117	21	14	11			Ξ	53	29	26	132	59	110	106	20	54	94	19	25	8
D MILI	0		8	15	23	0	2		0	0	0	U	0	Į -	0	0	4	0	0	0			0			0	3	2	0	0	0	_	· _		0	0
ENTERE	6		9	4	10	0	0	0	-	· -	0	С	U	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	·		0	_	0	2				3	0	. 0	0	0	0	0
FIRST	8		2	9	11	0	0	0	_	0	O	0	0	0	1	0	က	0	0	0			0	0	_	0	2	0	1	<b>-</b>	0	_	0	0	0	0
OLD WERE YOU WHEN YOU FIRST	7		11	12	23	0	2	0		-	0		O	0	0	0	5	0	0	1			0	0	0	0	4	0	3	l	0	0	3		0	0
J WHEN	9		10	11	21	0	3		0	0	2	0	0	0	1	0	3	0	0	0			-	0	0	0	_		0	3	3	0	0	0		
E YOU	5		26	34	90	1	4	0	4	0	5	_	1	1	2	0	9	1	0	0			1	0	4	0	က	4	4	7	2	3	3	0	0	3
LD WER	4		89	106	174	-	2	ω	5	က	8	4	3	5	4	2	16	3	2	2			-	5	10	က	28	6	12	13	2	6	15	4		4
HOW O	3		109	209	318	4	21	11	2	2	-11	5	2	7	10	_	25	4	2	3			3	15	17	8	39	12	24	25	1	17	25	4	7	12
	2		152	242	394	2	23	13	18	9	4	10	4	11	6	4	32	8	9	2			3	19	15	4	37	18	34	34	7	20	29	5	8	6
			9	171	281	4	22	11	8	4		8	2	7	5	7	61	2	4	3		• •	2	12	19	6	24	13	30	16	5	3	18	4	8	5
	COLLEGE					BBCC	CLCC	EVCC	FSCC	GHCC	HCC	OVTI	PCC	SHCC	SVCC	SPCC	TCC	WWCC	WVCC	WCC			BBCC	၁၁၁	CLCC	CBCC	EVCC	GRCC	OCC	SCCC	SNCC	SSCC	SHCC	SPCC	WWCC	YVCC
C° Sy ERIC				STATE N-O	T	ı								OUTREACH				ļ	53	}									Z O Z	OUTREACH						



NG	17	<u>`</u>	82	2	19	:	20		21	 I	22	1	23	3	24	+	25	}	N C	2	AMC		], A	number	erans e	at the		2. The		the ser	vegrs c		3. Alr		age 24
COD		 <del> </del>	2 -		ا ش	,	4 -		5 -	١	7		7		α		0		·																
ERVIC	•																	^																	
ENTERED MILITARY SERVICE?		100	100	100	99.99	100.001	99.99	100	100	100	100	100	100.03	100.02	100	100	100.01	100.001	66.66			66.66	100	100	100	100.01	66.86	100.001	96.66	100	100.001	100	66.66	100	66.66
D WIL		1.58	1.85	1.75	0	2.67	2.22	0	0	0	0	0	3.13	d	0	3.42	0	0	0			0	1.89	1.49	0	2.27	3,39		0	0	1.85	•	5.26	0	0
ENTER 9		1.19	.49	.76	0	0	0	2.50	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	3.42	0	0	0			0	1.89	0	7.69	- 76	0.	•	2.83	0	0	0	0	0	0
FIRST 8		- 99	74	.84	0	0	0	2.50	0	0	0	q	0	3.13	0	2.56	0	0	0			٥.		1.49	0	1.52	0	.91	.94	0	1.85	0	0	0	0
VYOU 7		2, 18	1.48	1.75	0	2.67	0	2.50		O	3.45	0	0	9	0	4.27	0	0	60.6			0	0	0	0	3.03	0:	2.73	.94	0		3. 19	5.26	0	0
OLD WERE YOU WHEN YOU		1.98	1,36	1.60	0	4	2.22	0	0	6.45	0	0	0	3.13	0	2.56	0	0	0	1		60.6	0	0	0	.76	1.69		2.83	15	0	0	0	4	2.94
RE YOI		5.15	4.20	4.56	8.33	5.33	0	10	0	16.13	3.45	8.33	3.13	6.25	0	5.13	4.76	0	0			60.6	٠ :	5.97	a	2.27	6.78	3.64	6.60	_	5.56	٠.		0	8.82
LD WE		13.4Z	13.09	13.23	8.33	2.67	17.78	12.50	15	25.81	13.79	25	15.63	12.50	14.29	13.68	14.29	14.29	18.18			60.6	9.43	14.93	11.54	13.64	15.25	10.91	12.26	10	16.67	15.96	21.05	4	11.76
HOW C		21,58	25.80	24.18	33.33	22.67	24.44	5	25	35.48	17.24	75. 91	-	31.25	7.14	21.37	19.05	14.29	27.27	·		27.27	28.30	25.37	30.77	29.55	20.34	21.82	23.58	5	31.48	26.60	21.05	28	35.29
2		30, 10	29.88	%	16.67	30.67		45	30	12.90	34.48	33,33	·	28.13		27.35	38.10	42.86	18.18			27.27	:	22.39	15.38	28.03	30.51	30.91	32.08	35	37.04	30.85	26.32	32	26.47
-		21.78			33.33	29.33	24.44					16.67	21.88	.63		24	23.81	57	27.27			18.18	2	28.36	34.62	18. 18	22.03	27.27	17.92		5.56	19.15	21.05	32	
COLLEGE					BBCC	CLCC					OVTI	PCC	SHCC	SVCC	SPCC		WWCC	WVCC				BBCC		CLCC	CBCC		GRCC		SCCC						YVCC
		0	STATE N-O	<b>-</b>							<b>.</b>		OUTREACH		<b>t</b> •	\$ ( )	,		54										OUTREACH						

8 - 24 88 9 - 25 0 - No response COMMENTS:

- 1. A surprisingly high number of the total veterans entered the service at the age of  $\mathbb{R}(21,37^{\circ})$ .
- 2. The high majority of the total veterans entered the service from 17 to 20 years old (88.74%).
- 3. Almost no veterans entered the service after age 24 (.76%).

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ĻITAR	TOTAI		505	810	1315	12	75	45	40	20	31	29	12	32	32	14	117	[Z	14	1		11	53	67	26	132	59	110	106	20	54	94	19	25	8
M WC	0		9	13	23	0	က	_	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	4	0	1	0		0	-	က	-	0	_	2	0	-	2	2	0	0	c
ON FRO	8		47	23	70	0	4	_	7	_	2	2	3	6	2	0	15	0.	0	J		0	1	2	0	7	-	4	-	0	0	0	5	1	_
SEPĄRATION FROM MIĻITARY	7		87	139	226	-	13	5	6	6	9	5	1	1	8	7	21	, 9	0	0		l	10	10	က	24	12	17	14	5	5	22	2	9	00
OF SEP	9		74	152	226	8	12	9	8	1	7	2	1	2	9	7	13	4	1	l		5	11	91	5	23	12	15	15	2	11	22	0	7	8
DATE (	5		65	121	186	-	12	-	8	3	5	4	_	9	9	0	11	2	2	3		2	11	15	က	13	10	12	17	4	6	14	3	5	က
-	4		28	83	14.1	0	6	7	_	3	2	3	1	3	4	က	13	3	5	1		ı	6	9	_	17	4	7	8	1	7	Ξ	4	2	5
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•	2		20	- 67	117	0	10	6	0	0	0	4	1	5	_	7	13	1	2	2		0	3	9	4	11	5	19	10	1	2	2	-	0	က
_	_			35	52	0	က	0	0	0	0	3	2	0	_	_	5	0	1	_		0	2	2	2	7	က	9	5	1	4	1	0	_	
•	COLLEGE					BBCC	2212	EVCC	FSCC	GHCC	HCC	OVTI	PCC	SHCC	SVCC	SPCC	100	WWCC	WVCC	WCC		BBCC	ပပ	CICC	CBCC	EVCC	GRCC	$\alpha$ c	SCCC	SNCC	SSCC	SHCC	SPCC	WWCC	YVCC
C Sy ERIC			ਰ	STATE A.C.					<b>.</b>	<u> </u>		•		OUTREACH					5	ับ			<u> </u>					NON	OUTREACH					<b></b> -	

1 - Jan. 31, 1955 - 1959

2 - 1960 - Augus 4 1964

3 - August 5, 1964 - 1968

4 - 1969

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TARY		100.00	00	100	001	66.65	99.99	00	IDD	99.99	66 66	99.99	100,03	10.001	100.00	99.99	00	100	99,99		99.99	99.99	100.03	100	99.99	86 66	99,99	8	00	80	99.99	00	00	00
SEPARATION FROM MILITARY		1.98	1.60	1.75	0	_	2.22		0	0			3.13	0	0	3.42	0	7.14	0		0	1.89	4.48	3.85	0	1.69	1.82	0	5	3.70	2, 13	0	0	0
Z Z Z		9.31	2.84	5.32	0	5.33	2.22	_	5	6.45	6.90	25		6.25	0	12.82	0	0	60.6		0	1.89	2.99	0	5.30	- 4	3.64	.94	0	0	0	26.32	4	2.94
ARATI (		17.23	17.16	17.19	8.33	17.33	11.11	22.50	4.5	19.35	17.24	8,33	3.13	25	14.29	17.95	28.57	0	0		9.09	18.87	14.93	11.54	18.18	20.34	15.45	13.21	25	9.26	23.40	10.53	24	23,53
OF SEP		14.65	18,77	17.19	66.67	91	13.33	20	5	22.58	6.90	8,33		18.75	14.29	=:	19.05	7.14	60.6		45.45	ightarrow	23.88	19,23	17.42	20.43	13.64	14.15	9	20.37	23.40	0		23,53
DATE 5	,	12.87	14.94	14.14	8.33	91	2.22	20	15	16.13	13.79	8,33	18.75	18.75	0	9.40	9.52	14.29	27.27		18.18	20.75	22.39	11.54	9.85	:6.95	10.91	16.04	_	_	14.89	15.79	20	8.82
4	•	11.49	10.25	10.72		12	15.56	2.50	15	6.46		8.33	-	12 50	21.43		4.29	35.71	60.6		9.09	16.98	8.96	1	12.88	6.78	i	7	5		11.70	21.05		14.71
, 		19.21	21,85	)7(	16.67	12	33,33	17.50	15	29.03	20.69	16.67	15.63	12.50	28.57	18.80	23.81	14.29	18.18		18.18	9.43	i0.45	26.92	22,73	18.64	25.45	33.96	25	25.93	21.28	21.	2	14.71
_	7	9.90	8.27	8.90	0	13.33	20	0	0	0	13.79	8.33	15.63	3.13	14.29	= =	4.76		1 •		0	5.66	8.96	15.38	8.33	8.47	17.27	9.43		3.70	2.13	. 3		8.82
		3.37	•	3,95	0	4	0	0	0	0	10.43	16.67	0	3, 13	7.14	4.27	0	7.14	60.6		0	3.77	2.99	7.69	5.30	5.08	5.45			7.4	1.06	0	4	2.94
				. ,	BCC	CLCC	EVCC	FSCC	CHCC	HCC	OVTI	PCC	SHCC	SVCC	SPCC	100	WWCC	WVCC	S S S S		BBCC	ပပ	CLCC	CBCC	EVCC	GRCC	၁၁၀	SCCC	SNCC	SSCC	SHCC	SPCC	WWCC	YVCC
		0	STATE NO										OUTREACH			<b>.</b>		,	5(	ີ່.					•		Z O Z	OUTREACH						

1 - Jan. 31, 1955 - 1959

2 - 1960 - August 4, 1964

3 - August 5, 1964 - 1968

4-1969

5 - 1970

6 - 1971

7 - 1972

8 - 1973

40

0 - No response

### COMMENTS:

are Vietnam-era veterans; (20.37% active duty time running into the of them were in the service prior 1. 85.40% of the total veterans to the Vietnam-era, with the Vietnam-period.

THE C					MOH MOH	X N N	YFAR	WERE	YOU	ON AC.	FIVE DUTY?
	COLLEGE	_	7		4	5	6	7	0	TOTAL	4 5 6 7 0 TOTAL
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STATE N-O		20	202	192	313	29	12	33	6	810	
		31	317	307	476	53	21	94	91	1315	
	BBCC	7	5	_	2	0	0	21	0	12	
	CICC	. 2	26	91	26	0	0	1	1	75	
	EVCC	1	6	6	15	2	2	9	_	45	
	FSCC	0	3	12	∞	2	_	14	0	40	
	GHCC	0	4	4	80	2	0	2	d	20	
	HCC	0	7	4	17	2	0		0	31	
	ΙΤΛΟ	]	3	4	8	4	2	7	0	29	
	<b>7</b>	0	8	ı	3	0	О	0	0	12	
CHIRFACH	SHCC	0	6	6	11	2	0	0	1	32	
) )	۵۸۷	0	3	6	14	0	3	3	0	32	
	SPCC	0	4	5	3	0	0	5.	0	7	
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ŗ	O D MM	0	9	9	5	2	0	2	0	21	
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1	WCC	0	4	4	_	0	0	2	0	=	
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	000	_	17	18	13	-	0	2	1	53	
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	EVCC	9	41	27.	46	က	က	9	0	132	
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Z O Z	000	4	15	61	7 43	8	2	17	2	110	
OUTREACH	SCCC	2	32	29	36	4	2	-	0	901	
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	SSCC	2	6	ا2	24	_	0	0		54	
	SHCC	0	23	23	42	3	-	а	2	94	
	SPCC	1	9	3	8	0	0	-	0	19	
	O WW	_	10	4	8	2	0	0	0	25	
							Ĺ		•		

CODING

1 - Less than I year

2 - 1 - 2 years

3 - 2 - 3 years

4 - 3 - 6 years

5 - 6 - 10 years

6 - 10 - 20 years

7 - 20 years or more

0 - No response

41

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HOW MANY YEARS WERE YOU ON ACTIVE DUTY?	3 4 5 6 7 0 TOTAL		22, 77 32, 28 4, 75 1, 78 12, 08 1, 39 100	70 38,64 3.58 1.48 4.07 1	4.03   1.60	16.67 0 0 16.67 0	34.67 0 0 1	20 33.33 4.44 4.44 13.33 2.22 99.98		40 10 0	90 54.84 6.45 0 3.23 0	13.79 27.59 13.79 6.90 24.14 0 100	8.33 25 0 0 0 0 100	28.13 34.38 6.25 0 0 3.13 100.02	28 13 43.	35,71 21.43 0 0 14.29 0 100	23.08 30.77 5.98 .85 15.38 3.42 99.99	23.81 9.52 0	28.57 42.86 7.14 0 7.14 0 99.99	36, 36 9.09 0 0 18, 18 0 99.99			27.27 54.55 0 0 0 0 100	• • •	.30 1.49 1.49 4.		20.45 34.85 2.27 2.27 4.55 0 100	• • •	7.27 1.	27.36 33.96 3.77 1.89 .94 0 100	40 5	31, 48, 44, 44, 1, 85, 0 0 1, 85, 99, 99		15, 79, 42, 11, 0, 0, 5, 26, 0, 100	32 8 0	26 47 41.18 5.88 0 0 0 100
ARS V	1		112	<del>- i</del>		16		-1	$\vdash \vdash$		(C)		9	0	$\dashv$	1	15	6	7	82	+	4	9	3	_	$\dashv$			-	65	5	9		5	9	_
Y YE	9		1.7	1.4	1.6	0	0	۰	- 4			•	0	0	4	0	δ.	0	0	0			9	0	1.4	7.6	- 4	7	<u> </u>	- 8	0	0	7	9	0	0
MAN	5		١ ٠		•	0	0	•	5	10	6.45	•	0	6.25	a	0		9.52	•	0			0	1.89	1.49	7.69	•	1.69	7	က်	2	_	۳	q	8	5.88
Ŷ Ŷ	4		32,28	38.64	36.20	16.67	34.67		20	40	54.84		25		• • •	•	30.77		•					• • •	40.30	23.08	• 1	• • •				44.44		42,11	32	١,
_	3		177	70			.33	20	30		90	73	33		28 13	35.71	23.08	28.57	28.57	36,36				33.96	28.36	t	- 4	- 4	•	. 1	1	. •			16	
er,	, 2	,	22.77	24.94	Ξ	57	1. 1	_	7.50	$\vdash$		10.34	66,67	28, 13	9.38	28,57	19,66 23.08	28.57	7.14				18.18	32.08	20.90	34.62	31.06	16.95	13.64	30, 19		16,67	47	_	40	74 47
•			2.18	2,47	2.36	-	•	2.22	0	0	0	3.45	0	0		0	58.	0	7.14				O	1.89	1.49	7 69	4.55	0	3.64		0	3.70		5.26	4	O
	COLLEGE					BBCC	CLCC	EVCC	FSCC	GHCC	HCC	OVTI	PCC	SHCC	SVCC	SPCC	TCC	WWCC	WVCC	WCC			BBCC	၁၁၁	CLCC	CBCC	EVCC	GRCC	220	SCCC	SNCC	SSCC	SHCC	SPCC	WWCC	رر ۸
ERIC			0	STATE N-O	-									OUTREACH			• 1	,	5	8				•					Z O Z	OUTREACH						

l - Less than I year

2 - 1 - 2 years

3 - 2 - 3 years

4 - 3 - 6 years

- 6 - 10 years

6 - 10 - 20 years

7 - 20 years or more

TOTA

COLLEGE

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0 - No response

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### DID YOU SERVE IN VIETNAM?

### CODING

I - Yes

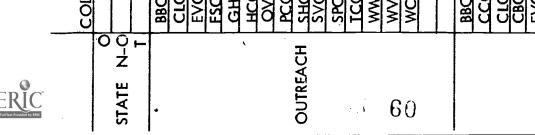
2 - No

0 - No response

### COMMENTS:

- 1. 53.96% of the total Vietnam-era veterans served in Vietnam.
- 2. 46.08% of the total sample were Vietnam veterans.

	COLEGE		^	` `c	TOTA
0		46.34	51.88	1.78	8
STATE N-C		•	2.	1.36	100.001
T		46.08	52.40	1.52	100
*	BBCC	79.99	33.33	0	100
	CICC	44	52	4	100
	EVCC	37.78	57.78	4.44	100
	FSCC	20	30	0	100
	GHCC	55	45	0	100
•	HCC	54.84	45.16	0	100
	OVII	44.83	55.17	0	100
•	PCC	58.33	41.67	d	100
OUTREACH	Ç	37.50	59,38	3,13	100.01
		68.75	31.25	0	100
	SPCC	42.86	57.14	0	100
	J	33.33	64.10	2.56	66.66
	WWCC	57.14	42.86	0	100
6	WVCC	•	57.14	0	100
0	WCC	27.27	72.73	0	001
_					
	BBCC	72.73	27.27	0	100
	၁၁၁	50.94	47.17	1.89	100
	CICC	41.79	56.72		100
	CBCC	30.77	65.38	3.85	90
	EVCC	41.67	57.58	.76	100.01
	GRCC	50.85	47.46	1.69	100
NON	၁၁	36.36	61.82	1.82	100
OUTREACH	SCCC	48.11	51.89	0	100
	SNCC	30	65	5	100
	SSCC	50	48.15	٠.,	100
	SHCC	53.19	44.68	2.13	100
	SPCC	42.11	57.89	0	100
	WWCC	49	36	0	100
	YVCC	52.94	47.06	0	100





3
ERIC
Full Text Provided by ERIC

WERE YOU AWARDED THE VIETNAM SERVICE MEDAL?	CODING		I – Yes		2 - No		0 - No response													-														
WERE Y	TOTA	505	810	1315	12	75	45	40	20	က်	29	12	32	32	14	117	21	14	Ξ		Ξ	53	29	26	132	59	110	106	20	54	94	19	25	34
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	2	256	420	676	3	39	26	6	10	17	13	5	19		8	70	2	ထ	8		3	24	37	14	79	30	42	57	12	23	40	. 12	6	79
	-	239	369	809	6	34	18	30	10	14	16	_Z	12	21	9	42	Ξ	9	က		8	28	28	6	52	28	41	48	9	28	52	7	91	18
	COLLEGE	į			BBCC	CLCC	EVCC	ESCC	GHCC	HCC	OVTI	PCC	SHCC	SVCC	SPCC	ICC	WWCC	WVCC	WCC		BBCC	၁၁၁	CICC	CBCC	EVCC	GRCC	သ	SCCC	SNCC	SSCC	SHCC	SPCC	WWCC	YVCC
IC.		0	STATE N-O	<b>}</b>									OUTREACH			`		6.	Ĺ					_ <del>-</del>			NON NON	OUTREACH						

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## WERE YOU AWARDED THE VIETNAM SERVICE MEDAL?

																\$ <b>\$</b> 2-	<i>a</i> ·									•
TOTA	100	001	100.001	100	100	100	100	001	100	100	100	100,001	100.001	100	100	100	100	100		100	100	100	100.001	901	100	
0	1.98	2.59	2.36	0	2.67	2.22	2.50	0	0	0	0	3,13	0	0	4.27	0	0	0		0	1.89	2.99	11.54	.76	1.69	100
7	50.69	51.85	51.41	25	52	57.78	22.50	50	54.84	44.83	41.67	59.38	34.38	57. 14	59.83	47.62	57.14			27.27	45.28	55.22	53.85	59.85	50.85	
	47.33	45.56	46.24	75	45.33	40	75	50	45.16	55.17	58.33	37.50	65.63	42.86	35.90	52.38	42.86	27.27		72.73	52.83	41.79	34.62	39.39	47.46	1
COLLEGE				BBCC	CICC	EVCC	FSCC	GHCC	HCC	OVII	PCC	SHCC	SVCC	SPCC	ICC	WWCC	WVCC	WCC		BBCC	222	CLCC	CBCC	EVCC	GRCC	000
	O	STATE N-O	<b>_</b>									OUTREACH				•		6	2							

### CODING

I - Yes

ŝ 2 -

No response - 0

### COMMENTS:

1. The Vietnam service medal is consistent with those who served in Vietnam.

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37.27 58.18

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NON OUTREACH

 45.28
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WWCC

SHCC SPCC

<b>F</b>	BBCC CLCC EVCC ESCC	72 72 123 195 2 2 9 9 9	2 421 672 1093 10 63 38 38	0 12 12 27 27 15 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	101A 101A 101B 101B 101B 101B 101B 101B	OTA CODING CONNECTED DISABILITY?  S05 810 1 - Yes 1315 2 - No 75 40 0 - No response
<del> </del>	PCC SPCC SPCC NWCC WVCC	7 - 9 2 - 2 4 5	30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 3	20,0-005000	29 23 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	Without a
	WWCC SSCC SSCC SSCC SSCC SSCC SSCC SSCC	- 1 7 8 8 4 1 9 8 9 7 1 - 2	20 40 40 113 113 113 113 113 113 113 113 113 11	00-000000	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	

### DO YOU HAVE A SERVICE CONNECTED DISABILITY?

	4	コ					6					<del>- 1</del>	二	<del>-</del>						· •	 	ച		1	<u></u>	ı		-1			i 1	: 1	
_	TOTA	0.00	100	100	001	001	66.66	188	100	100	100	100	0.00	8	100	100	100	001	901		100	66.66	8	9	180.0	8	9	98	100	001	100	100	100
	0	2.38	1.85	2.05	0	4	2.25	0	0	0	6.90	0	3.13	0	0	4.27	Ō	0	0		0	3.77	1.49	7.69	. 76	1.69	1,82	0	5	5.56	2.13	0	0
	2	83,37	82.96	83.12	83.33	84	84.44	72.50	90	22.96	72.41	83.33	93.75	93.75	71.43	77.78	85.71	85.71	100		90.91	75.47	88.05	61.54	85.61	91,53	79.09	84.91	80	83.33	84.04	78.95	49
		14.26	15.19		16.67		13.33	27.50	10	3.23	20.69	. 4	- 1	6.25		17.95	14.29	14.29			60.6	20.75	10.45	30.77	13.64	6.78	19.09	15.09	15	11.11	13.83	21.05	9
	COLLEGE				BBCC	CICC	EVCC	FSCC	GHCC	HCC	OVTI	PCC	SHCC	SVCC	SPCC	TCC	DDWW	WVCC	WCC		BBCC	JJJ	CLCC	CBCC	EVCC	GRCC	၁၁၀	SCCC	SNCC	SSCC	SHCC	SPCC	DDWW
		0	STATE N-O	Т									OUTREACH	•			, !	· (	54								Z O Z	OUTREACH					

### CODING

I - Yes

2 <u>-</u> No

0 - No response

### COMMENTS:

1. 14.83% of the total veterans have a service connected disability. This is what the author would define as a "mobile disability"; because these veterans are moving forward despite their handicaps.

					!
	COLLEGE	_	2	0	TOTA
0		34	283	188	505
STATE N-O		42	493	275	810
⊢		7,6	776	463	1315
	BBCC	1	6	2	12
	CLCC	3	42	30	75
	EVCC	0	35	01	45
	ESCC	5	. 18	17	40
	СНСС	2	8	10	20
	HCC	0	4	27	31
	OXII	С	18	8	29
	PCC	1	7	4	12
OUTREACH	SHCC	O	21	-	32
	SVCC		21.	10	32
	SPCC	2	6	3	14
	ICC	13	69	35	117
6	WWCC	2	8	Ξ	21
5	WVCC	_	4	6	14
	WCC	0	10	1	וו
	BBCC	0	6	2	
	ပ္သ	4	30	19	53
	CICC	2	45	20	67
	CBCC	3	12	11	26
	EVCC	9	91	35	132
	GRCC	2	36	21	59
Z O Z	ာဘ	3	54	53	110
OUTREACH	$\sim$ 2228	8	62	36	106
	SNCC	0	14	9	20
	SSCC	_	36	17	54
	SHCC	7	54	33	94
	SPCC	0	-	8	. 19.
	WWCC	5	14	9	25
	YVCC	_	25	8	33

- I Yes
- 2 No
- 0 No response

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Full Text Provided by ERIC

TY A DIRECT RESULT OF COMBAT?	
IS YOUR DISABILITY A DIREC	_

					_
	COLLEGE	-	2	0	TOTA
0		6.73	6.73 56.04 37.23	37.23	100
0 2		5.19	5.19 60.86 33.95	33.95	100
<b>—</b>		5.78	5.78 59.01	35.21	100
	BBCC	8.33	75	16.67	100
	CICC	4	99	40	100
	EVCC	0	77.78	77.78 22.22	100
	FSCC	12.50 45	45	42.50	100
	GHCC	10	40	50	100
	HCC	0	12.90 87.10	87.10	100
	OVI	10.34	62.07	0.34 62.07 27.59	100
	PCC	8,33	8, 33 58, 33 33, 33	33,33	99.99
OUTREACH	SHCC	0	65.63	65.63 34.38	100.001

- I Yes
- 2 No
- 0 No response

### COMMENTS:

1. 38.97% of the total service connected disabilities are a direct result of combat.

100.01

3.13 65.63 31.25

14.29 64.29 21.43

SPCC

2

11, 11 58.97 29.91

9.52 38.10 52.38 100 7.14 28.57 64.29 100

WWCC

WVCC

38<sub>000</sub>

90

9.09

81.82 18.18 100

0

BBCC

2.99 67.16 29.85 100

7.55 56.60 35.85

100.01

1.54 46.15 42.31 4.55 68.94 26.52

EVCC

GRCC

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CBCC

3.39 61.02 35.59 2.73 49.09 48.18 90

30

Zo

SNCC

NON OUTREACH

7.55 58.49 33.96

1.85 66.67 31.48 100

57.45

57.89 42.11

**WCC** 

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Full Text Provided by ERIC

<b>YOUR DISABILITY?</b>	
TE BENEFITS FOR Y	
/ED ADEQUA	
HAVE RECEIN	
YOU FEEL YOU	
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				.:		
	COLLEGE	_	2	0	TOTAL	
0		70	101	334	505	
STATE N-O		104	202	504	810	
Т		174	303	828	1315	
	BBCC	ε	2	2	12	
	CCC	2	19	46	75	
	EVCC	9	7	32	45	
	ESCC	6	8	23	40	
	GHCC	က	3	14	20	
	HCC	2	,	28	31	
	OVTI	4	ó	. 16	29	
	PCC	2	_	9	12	
OUTREACH	SHCC	9	3	23	32	
	SVCC	æ	5	19	32	
	SPCC	2	က	0	14	
	TCC	13	30	74	117	
.,	WWCC	က	5	13	21	
6	WVCC	_	1	12	14	
- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	MCC	_	4	9	=	
	BBCC	3	3	5	]	
	222	7	14	32	53	
	CICC	13	14	40	29	
	CBCC	3	6	17	26	
	EVCC	17	35	80	132	
	GRCC	4	13	42	59	
ZOZ	၁၁	15	20	75	1 10	
OUTREACH	SCCC	6	35	62	106	
	טועט	c	(	71	0	

### CNICO

- | Yes
- چ ا
- 0 No response

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62 29 24 62

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9 2

# DO YOU FEEL YOU HAVE RECEIVED ADEQUATE BENEFITS FOR YOUR DISABILITY?

	ı						_																											
				<u>.</u>	7	50 H																										•		
	TOTA	100	100	100	100	66.66	100	100	100	100	99.99	100	100.01	100.01	100.01	100	100	66.66	100		99.99	100.01	100	100	100.01	100	100	001	<u> </u>	100	100	100	100	66 66
	0	66, 14	62.22	63.73	58.33	65.33	71.11	57.50	70	90.32	55.17	75	71.88	59.38	64.29	63.25	•	85.71	54.55	1 !	45.45	60.38	59.70	65.38	60.61	71.19	68.18	58.49	70	53.70	67.02	57.89	52	61.76
	2	20	24.94	ج. 2			15.56	20	15	3.23	31.03	8.33	88	3	21.43		31		36.36	1	27.27	26.42	20.90		26.52		13, 18			61.	.15	26.32	28	29 41
	_	13,86			1	9.33	.33	.50	15	6.45	_ 1	16.67	18.75	25	14.29	11.11	14.29	4			27.27	13.21	19:40	11.54	12.88	6.78	13.64	8.49	15	11.11	13.83	15.79	20	8 82
	COLLEGE				BBCC	CLCC	EVCC	FSCC	GHCC	HCC	OVTI	PCC		SVCC	SPCC	ICC	WWCC	WVCC	WCC		BBCC	CCC	CLCC	CBCC	EVCC	GRCC	သ	SCCC	SNCC	SSCC	SHCC	SPCC	WWCC	YVCC
~		0	STATE N-O	T									OUTREACH					<b>1</b>	6	 8							Z O Z	OUTREACH						

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### CODING

I - Yes

2 - No

0 - No response

### COMMENTS:

1. 63.52% of those who received disabilities are not satisfied with the disability benefits they've received.



N 0	TOTAL	505	810	1315	12	75	45	40	20	31	29	12	32	32	14	117	21	14	11		11	53	./9	.26	132	59	110	106	20	54	94	19	25	34
OUCAT	0	5	12	17	0	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	,	J	0	2	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	2	-		4	0	1	2	0	-	0
OF E	8	12	24	36	0	4	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	2	] [	0	0		l	0	1	0	4	4	9	2	0	2	2	0	-	7
YEARS	7	2	6	11	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0		1 :	0	0	0	-		0	4	0	0	_	0	-	0
NUMBER OF YEARS OF EDUCATION	9	87	191	278	3	15	5	4	9	-	-	, 4	7	7	5	17	7	4	-		2	16	22		30	9	19	31	2	10	<b>√18</b>	7	7	9
NOW	5	87	180	267	3	10	2	5	3	14	က	2	3	6	0	22	2	4	2		1	11	æ	9	88	9	25	99	4	12	31	2	2	4
•	4	76	118	194	2	2	13	10	ဘ	_	6	]	4	9	4	13	2	1	2	*	1	8	10	9	17		20	=	9	5	6	7	9	5
•	3	191	236	427	4	29	14	15	7	15	11	5	17	7	က	52	5	3	4		5	16	16	က	37	20	29	18	8	16	29	8	7	17
•	2	36	32	89	0	11	7	5	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	7	1	1	1		0	1	4	0	2	3	6	4	0	5	2	_	0	
•	_	6	8	17	0	0	2	ļ		0	_	0	0	О	-	1	0	1	-		0	_	က	0	-	-	-	-	0	0	0	0	0	0
. 4	COLLEGE				BBCC	CLCC	EVCC	FSCC	GHCC	HCC	OVTI	PCC	SHCC	SVCC	SPCC	TCC	WWCC	WVCC	WCC		BBCC	222	CICC	CBCC	EVCC	GRCC	ပ (၁)	SCCC	SNCC	SSCC	SHCC	SPCC	WWCC	YVCC
SICC Provided by ERIC	· ·	ਹ	STATE N.C.			<u> </u>							OUTREACH			,	,	6	9				-244		1		NON NON	OUTREACH						

### Table 16a

### CODING

- l 1 8 years
- 2 9 11 years
- 3 12 years (High School Diploma)
- 4 G.E.D. (High School)
- 5 1 year advanced training
- 6 2 3 years advanced training
- 7 4 5 years advanced training
- 8 College Degree

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▲ <sub>Full Ti</sub>	ext Provided	by ERIC

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Z O	TOTAL	1	000	9	66.66	9	2	99.99	100	100	100.001	99.99	100	100.02	100.02	99.99	99.98	99.99	66.66	66.66			99.99	100	100.01	100.001	100.02	99.98	99.99	99.99	100	100	9	100	9	100
EPUCATION	0		66	1.48	1.29		1.33	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	3.13	0	1.71	0	0	0				0	0	0	1.52	1.69	.91	3.77	0	1.85	2.13		4	
OF ED	8		2.38	2.96	2.74	0	5.33	4.44		9	0	q	0	9	6.25	7.14	1.71	4.76	0	0			6.06	0	1.49	0	3.03	6.Z8	5.45	1.89	0	3.70	2.13	0	4	2.94
YEARŞ	7		.40	-	.84	0	0	0	0	0	0	3.45	0	d	0	0	.85	0	0	0			9.09	0	0	0	.76	1.69	a	3.77	0	0	1.06	0	4	0
NUMBER OF YEARS	9		17.23	23,58	21.14	25	20	11.11	.01	30	3.23	3.45	33,33	21.88	21.88	35.71	14.53	33.33	28.57	6.09			18. 18	30.19	32.84	42.31	22.73	27.12	17.27	29.25	10.	18.25	19.15	5.26	28	17.65
NUM	5		17.23				.33	4.44	12.50	-	45.16	10.34	16,67	9.38	13	0	. 11 18.80		28.57	18 18. 18			60.6	20.75	11.94	23.08	28.79	10.17	22.73	28.30	20	22.22	32.98	10.53	8	11.76
•	4		15.05	14.57 22.22	14.75 20.30	16.67 25	6.67	28.89			23	31.03	8.33	12.50	18.75 28.	28.57	11.11	9.52 23.81	7.14	18.18		•	60.6	15.09	14.93	23.08	12.88	11.86 10	18, 18	10.38		9.26	9.57	36.84	24	14.71
•	3		37.82	29.14	32.47	33.33		_	50	35	48.39	37.93	41.67	53, 13	21.88	21.43	44.44	23.81	21.43	36.36			45.45	30, 19	28.36	11.54	28.03	33.90	26.36	17.92	40	35.19	30.85	42.		50
•	2		7.13	3.95	5.17	0	1 "1	15.56			0	34		0	0	0	5.98	4.76	7.14	9.09			0	1.89	5.97	0	1.52	5.08	8.18	3.77	0	9.26	2.13	1,4	1 1	2.94
•			1.78	66.	1.29	Ú	0	4.44		4	c	3.45		C	0	7.14	.85	0	7.14	60.6			0	1.89	4.48	0	9/.	1.69	.91	.94	0	0	0	0	0	0
	COLLEGE					BBCC	CLCC	EVCC	FSCC	GHCC	HCC	OVTI	PCC	SHCC	SVCC	SPCC	100	WCC	ν () ()	WCC			BBCC	CCC	כוככ	CBCC	EVCC	GRCC	220	SCCC	SNCC	SSCC	SHCC	SPCC	WWCC	Υνςς
SIC Provided by ERIC	í	<b></b> -	O	STATE N-C					<u> </u>	<b>1</b>	-		<u> </u>	CHITREACH			3	•	7	Q				•		<del></del>			Z	OUTREACH						

- l 1 8 years
- 2 9 11 years
- 3 12 years (High School Diploma)
- 4 G.E.D. (High School)
- 5 1 year advanced training
- 6 2 3 years advanced training
- 7 4 5 years advanced training
- 8 College degree

54

0 - No response

### COMMENTS:

- 1. 6.46% of the total veterans have less than a high school degree.
- 2. 47.22% of the total veterans have 12 years of education (14.75% of which is G.E.D.; which suggests that 21.21% had less than a high school diploma at entry into the service, as many received their G.E.D. during active duty or after discharge.
- 3. 2.74% have some college degree.

	FOR WHICH QUARTER ARE YOU ENROLLED?	CODING	I - Fall		2 - Winter		3 – Spring	•.	4 – Summer		0 - No response																								
	JCH QUARTE	TOTAL	505	810	1315	12	7.5	45	40	20	31	29	12	32	32	14	117	21	14	-			53	79	26	132	59	110	106	20	54	94	19	25	34
	OR WH	0	13	16	29	0	4	3	1	O	0	a	0	1	0	1	2	0	-	0		0	9	-	a	a	0	4	4	_	_	2	0	2	
	ŭ. ¯	4	8	24	32	0	_	0	О	0	'-		0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	a	0	0	2	ò		_	0	0	20	0	0	9
e		е	448	518	996	3	70	39	35	17	28	25	12	25	25	12	114	19	13			0	5	5	24	124	45	99	97	91	5	62	18	20	31
	-	2	25	227	252	7	0	2	4	3	0	-	0	9	9		1	0	0	0		œ	47	57	7	9	. 13	88	2	2	44	7	0	2	9
		-	=	25	36	2	0	-	О	d	7	2	9	-	-	0	0	2	0	0		3	7	4	7	d			2		4	8		-:	7
	,	COLLEGE				BBCC	CICC	EVCC	ESCC	CHCC	HCC	OVII	PCC	SHCC	SVCC	SPCC	ICC	WWCC	WVCC	MCC		BBCC	SCC	CLCC	CBCC	EVCC	GRCC	) 0 0	SCCC	SNCC	SSCC	SHCC	SPCC	WWCC	YVCC
ER	Ovided by ERI	° 10	Ì	STATE N-C	1				•					OUTREACH				7	i			<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>	1		<del>- 1</del>		NON NON	OUTREACH		1		,		

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- I Fall
- 2 Winter
- 3 Spring
- 4 Summer
- 0 No response

### FOR WHICH QUARTER ARE YOU ENROLLED?

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	COLLEGE		2	3	4	0	rotal	
O		2.18	4.95	88.71	1.58	2.57	99.99	
STATE N-C		3.09	6	63.95	2.96	1.98	100	
		2.74	19.16	73.46	2.43	2.21	100	
	BBCC	16.67	58.33		0	0	100	
	CICC	0	0	93.33	1.33	5.33	66.66	
	EVCC	2.22	4.44	86.67	0	6.67	100	
	FSCC	0	10	87.50	0	2.50	100	
	GHCC	0	15		O	q	100	
	HCC	6.45	0	90.32	3.23	0	100	
	OVTI	6.90	3.45	86.21	3.45	0	100.001	
	PCC	0	a	100	0	0		
OUTREACH	SHCC	3.13	О	78.13	15.63	3.13	100.02	
	SVCC	3.13	18.75	78.13	0	0	100.001	
	SPCC		7.14	85.71	0	7.14	99.99	
	TCC	. 0	. 85	97.44	0	1.71	100	
	WWCC	9.52	0	90.48	0	0	100	
, m	WVCC		0	92.86	0	7.14	100	
72	MCC	0	0	100	0	0		
	,	1	1		:			
	BBCC	27.27	72.73	0	0	0	100	
	၁၁၁	1.89	88.68	9.43	0	0	100	
	CLCC	5.97	85.0Z	7.46	0	.49	99.99	
	CBCC	3.85	3.85	•i	a	T	100.001	
-	EVCC	0	4.55	93.	1.52	0	100.001	
	GRCC	1.69	22.03		0	0;	0,	
<b>Z</b> <b>OZ</b>	000	.91.	34.55		.91	3.64	100.01	
OUTREACH	SCCC	1.89	1.89	91.51	.94	3.77	100	
	SNCC	5	10		0	- 1	100	
	SSCC		81.48	1	- 1	1.85	100	
	SHCC	•	7.45	• • •	21.28	2.13	100.01	
	SPCC	5.26	0	94.74	0	0	100	
	WWCC	4	8	80	0	8	100	
	YVCC	5.88	0	91.18	0	2.94	100	

### CODING

- I Fall
- 2 Winter
- 3 Spring
- 4 Summer
- 0 No response

### COMMENTS:

1. Some spring quarter veterans were sampled during pre-registration for spring quarter, which took place at the end of winter quarter.

RIC RIC It Provided by E	_		_		HOW MANY	ANY	HOURS	ARE YOU A	HOURS ARE YOU ATTENDING CLASSES?
anc .	COLLEGE		2	3	4	5	0	TOTAL	
									CODING
J		39	- 56	49	162	169	30	505	
STATE N-Q		65	58	55	275	334	23	810	1- 1-5
		192	114	<u>\$</u>	437	503	53	1315	u.
	BBCC	0	3	0	0	8	_	12	2-6-8
	CICC	5	7	10	35	11	7	75	
	EVCC	4	8	5	6	7	12	45	3-, 9-11
	FSCC	3	3	4	12	15	3	40	y'a
	CHCC	-	0	0	7	12	0	20	4 - 12 - 14
	HCC	0	_	4	18	8	0	31	
	DVI	9	]6	1	U	4	0	29	5   15 or more
	PCC C	_	O		5	5	0	12	F %.
OUTREACH	SHCC	-	2	5	15	α	-	32	
ę,	SVCC	2	4	-	12	13	. 0	32	espodsal or = 0
	SPCC	1	. 2	0	3	8	0 .	14	
	100	13	4	17	30	48	5	117	
7	WWCC	0	5	J	4	1	0	21	
/ ដ	WVCC	ı	0	0	7	5	_	14	
	MCC	1	_	0	5	4	0	=	
	BBCC	0	5	-	-	4	0	(1)	
	၁၁၁	_	4	2	13	32	١	\53	in and an analysis of the second seco
	CICC	4	4	2	28	28	_	29	
	CBCC	2	0	О	7	17	0	26	
	EVCC	.15	Ŋ	9	41	65	0	132	
	GRCC	9	8	4	20	20	-	59	
Z O Z	000	8	16	1	42	27	9	110	
OUTREACH	SCCC	7	4	ω	42	41	4	106	
	SNCC	-	2	5	4	9	2	20	
	SSCC	7	က	2	읻	23	2	54	
	SHCC	3	3	- 12	32	42.	2	94	
	SPCC	7	က <sub>်</sub>	0	7	9		19	
	WWCC	7	7	0		9	3	25	
	YVCC		0	2	17	14	0	34	

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ERIC	COLLEGE		2	က	4	5	0	TOTAL	
0		7.72	11.09	9.70	32.08	33.47	5.49	100	
STATE N-C		8.02	7.16	6.79	33.95	41.23	2.84	99.99	
L		7.91	8.67	7.91	.23	38.25	- • !	001	
	BBCC	0	25	0	0	66.67	1	100	•
	CLCC	6.67	9.33	13.33	46.67	14.67	9.33	100	
	EVCC	8.89	17.78	11.11	20	15.56	26.67	100.001	
;'	FSCC	7.50	7.50	10	30	37.50	7.50	100	
	CHCC	5	0	0	35	909	9	100	
	HCC	0	3.23	12.90	90.	25.81	0	100	
	OVTI	20.69		٠.		20.69	0	100	
	PCC	8.33	0	8,33	41.67	41.67	0	100	
OUTREACH	SHCC	3.13	6.25	15.63		- 1	3,13	100.02	
	SVCC	6.25	12	3.13	37.50	40.63	0	100 01	
	SPCC	7.14	14.29	0	21.43	57.14	0	100	
	TCC	1.1.	3.42	14.53	25.64	41.03	4.27	100	
1	WWCC	0	23.81	4.76	19.05	52.38	0	100	
7.	WVCC	7.14	0	0	50	35.71	7.14	66.66	
1	WCC	60.6	60.6	0	45.45	36.36	0	99.99	
							}		
	BBCC	0	45.45	60.6	60.6	36.	0	66.66	
	၁၁၁	1.89	/	3.77	24.53	8	1.89	100.01	
	CLCC	5.97		2.99	41.79	4	1.49	100	
	CBCC	7.69	0	0	26.92	65.	0	99.99	
	EVCC	11.36	3.79	4.55	31.06	49	0	100	
	GRCC	10.17	13.56	6.78	,	8	•	100	
Z O Z	000	7.27	14.55		88	24	5.45	100	
OUTREACH	SCCC	6.60	3.77				3.77	66.66	
	SNCC	5	10			90	· - i	$\overline{}$	
	SSCC	25.93	5.56	3.70	18.52	42	-	$\rightarrow$	
	SHCC	3.19	3.19			44.68	-+	-+	
	SPCC	10.53	15.79				5.26	-+	
	WWCC	4	4	0	44	36	12	100	
	YVCC	2.94	0	5.88	50	41-13		100	:

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2 - 6 - 8

3 - 9 - 11

4 - 12 - 14

5 - 15 or more

0 - No response

# COMMENTS:

1. The vast majority of the total veterans are attending 12 or more class hours (71.48%).

WHEN ARE YOU ATTENDING CLASSES?	CODING	- Davs		2 - Nights		3 - Both days and nights		0 - No response																										
WHEN	TOTAL	505	810	1315	12	75	45	40	20	31	29	12	32	32	4	117	21	14		1	=	53	79	26	132.	59	110	106	20	54	94	19	25	34
	0	1,4	14	30	0	9	7	1,	0	0	0	0		0	0	_	0	0	0	:	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	4	_		2	0	2	0
	3	7,	114	190	5	Ξ	4	4	_	0	0 -	æ	5	∞	4	19	_	3	3		3	4	14	2	22	13	. 17	17	3	_	14	0	-	3
	2	80	89	148	0	8	12	7	O		d	,	က က	9	0	37	4	1	0	<u> </u>	О	3	က	d	7	15	_35	_	3	-	5.	0	0	
•	_	333	614	947	7	20	22	28	19	99	. 29.	М	23	18	10	90	16	10	8		8	46	49	24	108	31	- 55	84	13	51	73	- 18	22	3
•	COLLEGE				BBCC	CLCC	EVCC	ESCC	CHCC	HCC	OVT	PCC	SHCC	SVCC	SPCC	TCC	WWCC	WVCC	WCC		BBCC	UUU	CICC	CBCC	EVCC	GRCC	000	SCCC	SNCC	SSCC	SHCC	SPCC	WWCC	XXCC
SIC Ovided by ERIC		0	STATE N-O	<b>-</b>						,			OUTREACH	1			7.	5				1			_ <b>!</b>		NON	OUTREACH					1	

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- Days
- 2 Nights
- Both days and nights ။ က
- No response 10

	COLLEGE
RIC	o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o

	_					MHEN.	AR
on one of the control of the contro	COLLEGE	•	2	3	0	TOTAL	
	N-HOV C			ı			
0		65.94	15.84	15.05	3.17	100	
STATE N-O		- 4	8.40	14,07	1.73	100	
-		72.02	11.25	14.45	2.28	100	
	BBCC	58.33	0	41.67	0	100	
	CLCC	66.67	10.67	14.67		100.001	
	EVCC	.89	26.67	8.89	15.56	100.001	
	ESCC	70	17.50	01	2.50	100	
	CHCC	25	0	5	0	100	
	ЭЭН	96.77	3,23	0	0	100	
	OVT	100		0	0	001	
• ,	RC	25	8.33	79.99	0	100	
OUTREACH	SHCC	71.88	9.38	15,63	3.13	100.02	
	SVCC	56.25	18. Z5	25	0	100	
	SPCC	71.43	0	28.57	0	100	
	TCC	51.28	31.62	16.24	.85	99,99	
	WWCC	76.19	19.05	4.76	0	100	
7	.√VCC	71.43		21.43	0	100	
્રા ઇ	MCC WCC	72.73	o	27.27	0	100	
				:	:	1.	
	BBCC	72.73	0	27.27	0	100	
	SCC	' :1	5.66	7.55	0	100	
	CLCC	73.13	4.48	20.90	1.49	100	
	၁၁		0	7.69	0	100	
-	FVCC	•		16.67	0	$\sim$	
	GRCC	52.54	25.42	22.03	0	99.99	
NON N	U U U		-1	15.45	2.73	001	-
OUTREACH	SCCC	79.25	.94	16.04	3.77	100	
	SNCC	65	!	15	5	901	
	SSCC	94.44		1.85	.85	99.99	
	SHCC	77.66	5,	14.89		100	
	SPCC	100	i i	0	0	001	
	WWCC	88	. !	1	8	9	
	XXCC	91.18	0	8.82	0	9	

WHEN ARE YOU ATTENDING CLASSES? CODING

I - Days

Nights 2 -

Both days and nights ٦ د

No response 0

# COMMENTS:

1. The lower number of veterans attending night classes could be attributed to many things, possibly partially because there are fewer courses offered in the evening.

WAS YOUR JOB TRAINING IN THE MILITARY APPLICABLE TO CIVILIAN JOBS?	CODING		I - Yes		2 - No		0 - No response																											
B TRAININ	TOTAL	505	810	1315	12	75	45	40	20	31	29	12	32	32	14	117	21	4			<u> </u> _	53	29	26	32	59	10	901	20	54	94	61	25	34
~ O		3					_									_											1	_		~ /				
_  	0	12	15	27	0	4	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	4	0	0	0		0		2	0		_	4	3	0	_	2	0	0	0
WAS	2	251	436	687	9	35	22	. 21	9	19	21	9	14		=	47	15	9			7	3	42	14	59	31	44	70	12	32	52	13	13	9
	į	242	359	601	6	36	21	19	10	12	8	9	16	21	က	99	9	8	4		4	21	23	12	72	27	62	33	8	21	40	9	12	18
	COLLEGE				BBCC	CLCC	EVCC	ESCC	GHCC	HCC	OVTI	PCC	SHCC	SVCC	SPCC	ICC	WWCC	WVCC	WCC		BCC	933	CLCC	CBCC	EVCC	GRCC	000	SCCC	SNCC	SSCC	SHCC	SPCC	WWCC	YVCC
ERIC .			STATE N-O	Ė					_	_			OUTREACH			•	,	7	,								Z O Z	OUTREACH [					1	

Table 20a

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18 TRAINING IN THE MILITARY APPLICABLE TO CIVILIAN JOBS?
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TOTAL		100	99.99	100	100	100	100	100	00[	100	100	100	100.001	100	001	001	100	00		100	001	100.00	100	100.001	99.99	100	100	(3)	100	- 20	77
C	2 38	•			5.33	.44	0	0	0	0	0	6.25	0	0	3.42	0	0	0		0	1.89	2.99	0	. 76	1.69	3.64	.83		1.85	2 12	3
- 0	49.70	•	52.24		46.67				61.29	72.41	50	43.75	34.38	78.57	40,17	71.43	42.86	63.64		63.64	58.49	65.29	53.85	44.70	52.54	40	66.04	09	59.26	KK 22	1
	47.92	.32	45.70		48	.67	50	50	38.71	27.59	50	50	65.63	21.43	56.41	28.57	14	38		36.36	39.62	34.33	46.15	54.55	45.76	56.36	. 13		38.89	7,7	7
	20110			BBCC	CLCC	EVCC	FSCC	GHCC	HCC	OVTI	PCC	SHCC	SVCC	SPCC	ICC	WWCC	WVCC	WCC		BBCC	CCC	CLCC	CBCC	EVCC	GRCC	၁၁၀		SNCC		CHO	I
ERIC	0	STATE N-O	T						٠			OUTREACH	•			<del>,-</del> -l		7	 გ							NON	OUTREACH				

- Yes

ž 2 --

0 - No response

# COMMENTS:

1. The majority of the total veterans feel that their training in the military is not applicable to civilian jobs.

52.94 47.06

WERE YOU EMPLOYED BEFORE YOU FIRST ENTERED THE MILITARY?	CODING		I - Yes		2 - No		0 - No response																	1											
OU EMP	TOTAL	505	810	1315	12	75	45	40	70	31	29	12	32	32	14	117	21	14	=	-		<u> </u> =	53	67	2,6	132	59	110	901	70	54	94	- 19	25	200
WERE Y	0	- 6	12	21	0	-	-	0	0	0	a	1 N 1 N 1	ļ	0	0	4	_	-	0			c	-		С	0	1	2	3	0	1	2	0	0	-
-	2	170	237	407	4	22	91	12	9	15	14	5	8	6	Ų	36	10	4	<del>                                     </del>	<del>†</del>		4	91	22	7	35	17	40	31	5	13	22	6	5	-
	-	326	561	887	8	52	28	28	14	16	15	7	23	23	6	77	10	6				7	36	44	19	- 97	41	89	72	15	40	70	10	20	5
	COLLEGE	-			BBCC	CLCC	EVCC	FSCC	GHCC	HCC	OVTI	PCC	SHCC	SVCC	SPCC	100	WWCC	WVCC	WCC			BBCC	CCC	כוככ	CBCC	EVCC	GRCC	၁၁၀	SCCC	SNCC	SSCC	SHCC	SPCC	WWCC	ر ۱
RIC RICE FOOIGES BY ERIC		0	STATE N-O	T									OUTREACH [					7	<u>.</u> ان	<u>.                                    </u>	•						<u> </u>		OUTREACH			·!			L

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# WERE YOU EMPLOYED BEFORE YOU FIRST ENTERED THE MILITARY?

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## CODING

I - Yes

2 - No

0 - No response

# COMMENTS:

1. A high m. 'y of the total veterans were employed before entry into the service (67.45%).

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™ RIC	COLLEGE	1	2	က	0	TOTAL	
0		139	98	191	77	505	
STATE N-O		225	162	349	74	810	
-		364	260	540	151	1315	
	BBCC	က	4	3	2	12	
	CICC	15	17	35	8	75	
	EVCC	æ	12	21	4	45	
	ESCC		7	ω	14	40	
	CHCC	9	3	6	2	20	
	HCC	_ 17	12		-	31	
	DVII	. 5	က	_ 1Z.	4	29	
	SCC	က	o	7	2	12	
OUTREACH	SHCC	ω	7	10	7	32	
	SVCC	13	4		4	32	
	SPCC	7	_	10	_	7	
	TCC	39	20	35	23	117	
	WWCC	5	2	10	4	21	
β.,j	WVCC	2	ဗ	6	0	7	
i.	WCC	2	3	5		=	
		,	<b>.</b>		;		
	BBCC	2	3	9	0	=	
	J	13	01	.23	7	53	
	CLCC	13	13	35	9	67	
	CBCC	7	2	.15	2	26	
	FVCC	42	25	54	=	132	
	GRCC	15	15	24	5	59	
NON NON	000	- 35	-26	44	5	110	
OUTREACH	SCCC	_25	19	48	14	106	
	SNCC	5	က	6	က	20	
	SSCC	15	13	22	4	54	
	SHCC	30	_ 20.	_35_	9	94	
	SPCC	- 5	9	5	3	_19	
	WWCC	7	3	14	_	_25	
	\\\\\		4	15	4	34	

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- 3 3 or more
- 0 No response

HAVE Y	JOBS HAVE Y	OB.	HOW MANY JOBS HAVE Y
	0	/ MANY JOBS	HOW MANY JOBS

d by ER		•	S C C	ZAM		MAVE	HOW MANY JOBS HAVE YOU HELD
· ·	COLLEGE		2	3	0	TOTAL	COD
		27.52	19.41	27.52 19.41 37.82 15.25 100	15.25	100	<u> </u>
STATE N-O		27.78 20	20	43.09	9.14 100.0	100.001	
-		27.68	19.77	27.68 19.77 41.06 11.48 99.99	11.48	99.99	2 - ;
	BBCC	16.67 25	25	33,33 25	25	100	(
	CLCC	20	22.67	22.67 46.67 10.67 100.0	10.67	100.001	נט ו
	EVCC	17.78	26.67	17.78 26.67 46.67	8.89	100.001	•
	FSCC	27.50	17.50 20	20	35	100	1 0
	GHCC	30	15	45	10	100	
	HCC	54.84	54.84 38.71	3.23	3.23 100.0	100.001	
	OVTI	17.24	10.34	17.24 10.34 58.62 13.79 99.99	13.79	99.92	
	PCC	25	0	58.33 16.67 100	16.67	100	- •
OUTREACH	SHCC	25	21.88	25 21.88 31,25 21.88 100.01	21.88	100.01	
	SVCC	40.63	12.50	34.38	112.50	100.001	
	SPCC	14.29	7.14	14.29 7.14 71.43 7.14 100	7.14	100	
أضار	TCC	33.33	17.09	29.91	19.66	99.99	
er Kagi	WWCC 23.81	23.81	9.52	47.62	47.62 19.05 100	90	
£.						1000	

# COMMENTS:

No response

- 1. 41.06% of the total veterans have held 3 or more jobs since their separation from active duty (47.42%) of those who responded to this question.
- 2. 47.42% of those who responded to this question, held 3 or more jobs since separation.

77.77	92	100.001	99.99	į		100	100.001	100	99.99	901	99.99	100.001	99.99	100	100	66.66	100.01	100	66.66
00.	19.05	0	60.6			0	13.21	8.96	7.69	8.33	8.47 99.99	4.55	13.21	15	7.41 100	9.57	15.79	4	11.76
79.7	47.62	64.29	45.45			54.55	43.40	52.24	57.69	40.91	40,68	40-	45.28	45	40.74	37,23 9.57 99.99	26,32	56	44.12
7.0	9.52	21.43	18.18 27.27 45.45		·		24.53 18.87 43.40 13.21 100.0	19.40 19.40 52.24 8.96 100	26.92 7.69 57.69 7.69 99.99	18.94	25, 42   25, 42   40, 68	31.82 23.64 40 4.55 100.0	17.92 45.28 13.21 99.99	15	27.78 24.07	31.91 21.28	26.32 31.58 26.32 15.79 100.01	12	32.35 11.76 44.12 111.76 199.99
33.33 11.07 29.91 19.00 77.77	23.81	14.29 21.43 64.29	18.18			18.18 27.27	24.53	19.40	26.92	31.82 18.94 40.91 8.33 100	25.42	31.82	23.58	25	27.78	31.91	26.32	28	32.35
ے ا	WWCC 23.81 9.52 47.62 19.05 100	WVCC	WCC			BBCC	CCC	כרככ	CBCC	*	GRCC	CCC	SCCC	SNCC	SSCC	SHCC	SPCC	WCC	XXCC
.10-5	ne Kay	.8	2									Z	OUTREACH	)					

Table 22b

BETWEEN DISCHARGE OR SEPARATION AND YOUR FIRST JOB?  0 TOTAL CODING	1 - 1 - 3 months		2 - 4 - 6 months		3 - 7 - 9 months		4 - 10 - 12 months		5 - 13 - 24 months		6 - Over 24 months		0 - No response											577				, 4		· ·			
EEN DIS	505	810	1315	12	74	45	40	20	31	29	12	32	32	7	117	21	14	=		Ξ	53	29	26	132	59	110	90	20	54	94	<u>6</u> .	25	क्ष
BETW 0	74	87	161	1	10	9	-	_	-	2	က	8	3	2	22	3	0	1		0	10	8	က	13	4	11	11	2	2	ω	4	က	8
OYED (MONTHS)	6	20	29	0	_	_			0	0	0	9		0	2	1	1	0		0	_	က	_	0	_	5	5	_	5	-	0	0	0
ED (M	16	33	55_	2	2	0	ו	a	0		q	1	-	0	9	Õ	_	-		0	2	-	-	9	9	2	10	0	3	ω	0	0	0
APLOY 4	28	57_	85	_	4	4	4	7	3	0	0	a	-	_	5	0	2	1		_	9	4	ω		4	9	8	2	က	2	<del>-</del>	٥,	-
3 3	34	75	109	-	7	0	2	2	8	2	0	4	2	1	5	0	0	0		0	က	9	0	6	က	9	13	4	6	9	4	9	2
RE YOU	70	104	174	7	14.	7	2	4	9	3	0	4	5	4	12	2	1	4		-	7	6	.9	14	8	13	14	_		2	-	2	7
IG WE	274	428	702	5	37	27	16	2	13	21	6	15	19	9	65	15	6	4	-	6	24	36	7	82	33	- 67	45	01	24	47	6	12	16
HOW LONG WERE YOU UNEMPLO				BBCC	CLCC	EVCC	FSCC	CHCC	HCC	OVII	PCC	SHCC	SVCC	SPCC	TCC	DDMM	WVCC	WCC		BBCC	၁၁၁	CLCC	CBCC	EVCC	GRCC	OCC	SCCC	SNCC	SSCC	SHCC	SPCC	WWCC	YVCC
RIC		STATE N-O	L							- 1		OUTREACH			•	•	83	<u>.</u> 3						- 1		NON	OUTREACH						

months	
က	

	108?																					.38%)	acquired their first job from 1 to 3_month	<b>t</b>	b, how-	of 3 or											
	BETWEEN DISCHARGE OR SEPARATION AND YOUR FIRST JOB?																					1. Most of the total veterans (53.38%)	m 1 to	after discharge. There is nothing to	indicate the quality or type of job,	ever we do know this is just one of 3	arge.										
	YOUR																					al veter	ob fro	iere is	or typ	is is i	more jobs held since discharge					•					
	AND									Hs		hs sh		ths							,	he toto	ir first	ge. Th	quality	now th	ld sinc										
	ATION		•	3 months	-	6 months	,	9 months		12 months		24 months		Over 24 months		No response				COMMENTS:		lost of 1	red the	dischar	ate the	ve do k	jobs he										
	SEPAR	의	,	— ا ک		4 - 6		7 - 9		10 - 1		13 - 2		Over		No re			**	COM		×	acqui	after	indica	ever	more										
	GE OR	CODING	_	<u> </u>	(	2		။ က		4 -		- 9		- 9		- 0																					
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	EN DI	TOTAL		.65 99.99	100	99.99	100	66.66	001	100	30	100.01	TUD T	100	100.001	100.03	100	100	100	100	66.66	*	<del>-</del> - <del>-</del> <del>-</del> - <del>-</del> <del>-</del> - <del>-</del> <del>-</del> - <del>-</del> <del>-</del> - <del>-</del>	100	100	100	100.02	100.001	99.99	100	100	100	100	100	99.99	00 2	201
		0		14.65		12.74	8.33	13.33	13.33	27.50	5	3.23	6.90	25	25	9.38	14.29	18.80	14.29	0	.09	-	1	0	18.87	11.94	11.54	9.85	6.78	10	10.38	10		8.51	.05	12	23.331
	NTHS	9		•	• i	2.21	0	1.33	.22	50	5	0	0	0	0	3.13	0	1.71	4.76	7.14	0			0	1.89	4.48	3.85	0	1.69	4,55	4.72	\$	3.70	1,06	0	0 0	0
	ED (MC	5	1	3.17	4.81	4.18	16.67	2.67	0	2.50	0	0	3.45	0	3.13	3, 13	0	5.13	یّ		60.6		•	0	3.77	1.49	3.85	4.55	10,17	1.82	9.43	0	5.56	8.51	0	0	
	APLOY	4		5.54	7.04		_		8.89	10	10	9.68	d	d	9	3.13	7.14	4.27	0	14.29	60.6			60.6	11.32	5.97	3.85	90.9	6.78	5.45	7.55	10	5.56	10.64	5.26	ς Ω	7.74
	J UNEA	3		6.73	9.26		8.33		0		110			0	12.50	6.25	7.14	4.27		0	0		,	0	5.66	96	-	6.82	5.08	5.45	12.26	0	16.67	10.64	1.05	4.	g
	R YOU	2		13.86	12.84	13.23	67.67	18.67	15.56	5	20	19.35	34	0		15.63	28.57	10.26	9.52	7.14	36.36			60.6	13.21	13.43	23.08	10.61	13.56	11.82	13.21	5	20.37	10.64	5.26	ω, ς	20.07
•	IG WE			54.26	52.84	53.38	41.67	49.33	09	47.50	50		72.41	75	46,88	59.38	42.86	55.56	71.43	64.29	36.36			81.82	45.28	53.73	53.85	62.12	55.93	60.91	, ,	50	44.44	50	47.37	48	47.00
•	HOW LONG WERE YOU UNEMPLOYED (MONTHS)	COLLEGE					, ,	·Û			۱,				SHCC				J	١,	ں			BBCC		CLCC		EVCC	GRCC	occ	SCCC		SSCC				۲ ۷ ر ر
	Ö.	0	_	0	0	T	BBC	CL	E	FS	Ü	H		ည်		72	S	TCC	×	<b>*</b>	Š			BB	000	づ	CB	EV					SS(	동	SP	≶ \$	<u>^</u>
EI	8 I C	7"		O		•									OUTREACH					Я	- 								٧,٠	Z Q	OUTREACH		۸.		•		
- Full Text	Provided by ERIO	0			STATE										5					Ų	-1				<i>\y</i> •≥}	<i>i</i>			_	<u></u>	50					-	

Most of the total veterans (53.38%) quired their first job from 1 to 3 months er discharge. There is nothing to dicate the quality or type of job, hower we do know this is just one of 3 or jobs held since discharge.

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ERIC"	COLLEGE	_	HO P	%′LON 3	JG (IF	UNEM 5	PLOYE!	VON C	V) HAVE	HOW' LONG (IF UNEMPLOYED NOW) HAVE YOU BEEN UNEMPLOYED?
			ı					}		
0		116	28	28	21	24	17	241	505	-   - 3 months
STATE N-O		126	87	73	42	19	52	370	810	
T		242	4	101	63	85	69	611	1315	2 - 4 - 6 months
	BBCC	,	-	1	0	-	0	8	12	
	CLCC	19	14	2	_	3	3	33	75	3 - 7 - 9 months
	EVCC	6	5	0	2	က	5	21	45	
	FSCC	6	က	0	4	9	2	91	40	4 - 10 - 12 months
	GHCC	4	_	က	0	0	2	10	20	
	UUH	7	7	. , –	-	. –	0	24	31	5 - 13 - 24 months
	OVTI	7	4	C)	4	3	Q	8	29	
	ΩΩ	5	-	1	0		0	4	12	6 - Over 24 months
OUTREACH	SHCC	10	4		2	0	2	13	32	
	SVCC	9	9	5	0	1	2	12	32	0 - No response
	SPCC	2	0	0	0	_	0	Ξ	14	
	100	32	6	2	5	-	0	89	117	
	C D MM	-	9	9	0	0	1	7	21	
8	MVCC	5	2	က	_	က	0	0	14	
	MCC	4	0	0	1	0	0	9	1	
					:	:				
	BBCC	· _	က	က	0	0	0	4	Ξ	
	၁၁၁	6	8	3	1	1	1	30	53	
	CICC	12	6	9	2	5	4	29	67	
	CBCC	5	2	3	0	2	2	12	26	
	EVCC	22	16	15	7	11	ω	53	132	
	GRCC	6	4	7	_	4	2	32	- 59	
NO	220	17	6	7	9	7	2	62	110	
OUTREACH	sccc	10	7	9	=	8	18	45	106	
	SNCC	က	7	2	0		0	12	20	
	SSCC	ω,	ω	က	2	5	8	20	54	
	SHCC	0	2	7	6		5	42	94	
	SPCC	4	—i	0	2	Ŋ		8	61	
	WWCC	5	4	5	0,	. 2		8	25	
	YVCC	=	က	7	_	4	0	13	8	

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months
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	-		HOW LONG	PNG (IF		MPLOY	ED NO	W) HA	UNEMPLOYED NOW) HAVE YOU
COLLEGE	-	7	m	4	2	9	0	TOTAL	U
	1000						- 1		•
	22.97	11.49	5.54	4.16	4.75	3.37	47.72	100	
	15.56	10.62		5,19	7.53	6.42	45.68	68 100.01	
-	18.40	10.95	7.68	4.79	6.46	5.25		66.66	2
BBCC	8.33	8.33	8,33	0	8.33		66.67	99.99	
CLCC	.33	18.67	2.67	1.33	4	4	44	100	က
EVCC		11.11	0	4.44	6.67	1.1.	46.67	100	
FSCC	22.50	7.50	0	ı —	15	5	40	100	4
GHCC	20	5	15	0	0	<u>.</u>	50	100	
HCC	6.45	6.45	3,23	3.23	3.23	0	42	100.001	5
OVII	24.14	13.79	10,34	13.79	10.34	0	27.59 99.99	99.99	
20	41.67	8.33	8.33	0	8.33	d	33,33	66.66	9
SHCC	31.25	12.50	3.13	6.25	-0-	.25	40.63	100.001	
SVCC	18.75	18.75	15.63	0	3.13	. !	37.50	100.001	С
SPCC	14.29	0	0	0	7.14	0	78.57	100	
ICC	27.35	7.69	1.71	4.27	.85	0	58.12	99.99	
WWCC	4.76	28.57	28.57	0	Ö	4.76	33.33	66.66	
WVCC	35.71	14.29	21.43	. 14	21.43	0	0	100	
WCC	36.36	0	0	6.06	0	0	54.55	100	
					1				
		_	:	<b>·</b>			:		
BBCC	6.06	.27	27.27	0	0	0	36.36	99.99	
CCC		15.09	5.66	1.89	1.89	1.89	56.60	100	
CLCC	17.91	13.43	8.96	2.99	7.46	5.97	43.28	100	
CBCC	19.23	7.69	11.54	0	7.69	7.69	46.15	66.66	
EVCC	16.67	12, 12	11.36	5.30	8.33	90.9	40.15	66.66	
GRCC	15.25	6.78	11.86	1.69	6.78	3,39	54.24	99.99	
220	15.45	8.18	6.36	5.45	6.36	1.82	56.36	99.98	
SCCC	9.43	90	5.66	10.38	8.49		42,45	66.66	
SNCC	15	10	10	0	5	0		100	
SSCC	14.81	14.81	5.56	3.70	9.26	8.	40	66.66	
٥	10.64	10.64	11.70	9.57	7.45	5.32	44.68	) 001	
$\neg$	21.05	5.26	0	.53	15.79	5.26	42.11	100	
WWCC			20			4.	32	100	
YVCC	32.35	8.82	5.88	2.94	11.76	0	38.24	66.65	

BEEN UNEMPLOYED?

i - 1 - 3 months

2 - 4 - 6 months

3 - 7 - 9 months

4 - 10 - 12 months

5 - 13 - 24 months

6 - Over 24 months

0 – No response

COMMENTS:

70

1. A majority of the unemployed veterans have been unemployed from 1 to 6 months (29.35%).

2. Many of these veterans possibly entered school after being unsuccessful in the occupational arena.

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RIC. Provided by EBIC	-	-			RE YOU	ARE YOU DRAWING UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION?
	COLLEGE	-	2	0	TOTA	CODING
<u>o</u>	v	79	398	28	505	
STATE N-O		9.1	673	46	810	I – Yes
1	_	170	1071	74	1315	
	BBCC	0	12	0	12	2 - No
	CLCC	=	59	5	7.5	
	EVCC	6	35	,	45	0 - No response
	FSCC	2	31	4	40	
-	GHCC	1	17	2	20	
	HCC	က	28	0	31	
	OVTI	4	25	0	29	
	PCC			0	12	
OUTREACH	SHCC	6	22	1	32	
٧	SVCC	က	28		32	
OS 67	SPCC	0	]3	_	14	
1, 1 •	ICC	25	81	11	117	
	WWCC	5	15	,	21	
8	WVCC	2	11	_	4	
) i.,	WCC		10	0	=	
-						•
	BBCC	0	Ξ	0	=	
	222	5	44	4	53	
	CLCC	က	61	က	- 67	
	CBCC	2	22	2	76	
	EVCC	24	100	82	132	
	GRCC	9	48	2	59	
Z O Z	သ	10	87	13	110	
OUTREACH	SCCC	-	%	5	106	
	SNCC	3	17	0	20	
	SSCC	3	51	0	54	
	SHCC	9	80	4	94	
	SPCC	2	17	0	19	
	WWCC	9	16	က	25	
	YVCC	3	29	2	34	

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# ARE YOU DRAWING UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION?

	<u> </u>	٦		1		_		<u> </u>			1 1			I						1	_				Т				_			_	: 1	7	1
	TOTA	99.99	100	100	001	100,0	100	100	100	100	100	100	0.00	000.0	9	100	9	100	100			100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100.0	100	100	100.0	100	90	99.99
	0	5.54	5.68	5.63		6.67	2.22	10	10	0	0	0	3.13	3.13	7.14	9.40	4.76		0			0	7.55	4.48	7.69	- 4	3.39	11.82	4.72	0 5	0	4.26	0	12	5.88
	2	78.81	83.09	81.44	100	78.67	77.78	77.50	85	90.32	86.21	91.67	•	87.50	92.86	69.23	71.43	78.57	90.91			100	83.02	91.04	84.62	75.76	81.36	29.09	84.91	85	94.44	85.11	89.4Z	29	85.29
	_	15.64	11.23	12.93	0	14.67	20	12.50	5	9.68		33		9.38		21.37	23.81	_	_			0	9.43	.48	7.69	_	15.25	9.09	10.38	_	5.56	10.64	10.53	24	8.82
	COLLEGE				BBCC	CLCC	EVCC	FSCC	GHCC	HCC	OVTI	PCC	SHCC	SVCC	SPCC	ICC	WWCC	WVCC	WCC	•		BBCC	၁၁၁	CLCC	CBCC	EVCC	GRCC	သ	SCCC	SNCC	SSCC	SHCC	SPCC	WWCC	YVCC
™ ERIC		O	STATE N-O	Τ									OUTREACH					'n <b>{</b>	3.8									Z O Z	OUTREACH						

# CODING

- I Yes
- 2 No
- 0 No response

# COMMENTS:

1. 12.93% of the total veterans are drawing unemployment compensation while in school. This is 44.04% of those who have been unemployed from 1 to 6 months.

- I Not eligible
- 2 Have used all my compensation
- 3 Not covered by compensation law
- 4 Did not apply but do qualify for benefits
- Did not apply but do not know if eligilbe i
- Other
- 0 No response

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▲ Full To	xt Provide	d by ERIC

			•	` ' '	L	4	c	c	-	101110	((	
		_	_	_	-						_	~
IS THE PRIMARY REASON THAT TOO ARE TOO! DRAWING DIVEMPLOYMEN COMP.		YOU ARE	<u> </u>	KEASON TAN	AKY KI	783			Z EMPLOYED			
CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR	CARTACK FOL	104 - 7	F < = : F	7(04	707		- -		ביים	2		
												I

AL IN	[5]	-	6			6			-				đ				 	66	<u> </u>		0	- 1	51	<u>-</u>	66	6	0		. !	7	0	-	Ţ	_
TOTAL	100.0	15 100	99.99	8	100	66.66	100	<u>8</u>	100	9	100	100	100.	100	100	.86 100	100	99.	!		99.99	.83 100	84 100.0	15 100	66	99.99	100.0	001	00	9	100	00[	100	0
0	53.47	48.15	50.19	41.67	45.33	53.33	45	55	~	37.93	41.67	- 1	37.50	42.86	69.23	42.86	21.43	45.45		ì	18. 18			46.15	48.48	61.02	60.91	40.57	75	42.59	50	47.37	*	! (
, , , ,	10.50	9.51	68:6	16.67	18.67	4.44	12.50	5		10.43	16.67	6.25	21.88	21.43	5.13	14.29	14.29	60.6			18.18	16.98	11.94	19.23	6.82	10,37	4.55	7.55		9.26	7.45	15.79	25	
5	3,76	4.81		8.33	1.33	4.44	2.50	0	3.23	3.45	0	6.25	6.25	7.14	1.71	4.76	0	18.18			0	3.77	7.46	7.69	90.9	5.08	4.55	3.77	0	3.70	7.45	0	0	
4	4.16	3.21	3.57	0	79.9	6.67	2.50	5	0	9	8.33	d	0	0	5.98	4.76	14.29	0			0	0	4.48	3.85	2.27	1.69	.91	5.66		7.41	4.26	5.26	0	
3 .	1.98	2.10	2.05	0	0	0	2.50	0	- 1	3.42	8.33	6.25	0	0	1.71	9.52	•	0		1	18.18	0	0	•	2.27	1.69	1.82	2.83	0	0	1.06	0	4	
2.7	8.32	12.22	10.72	0	5.33	11.11	20	10	6.45	17.24	0	6.25	6.25	7.14	6.84	4.76	7.14	6.06		!	0	7.55	∴'	3.85	15.15	10.17	6.06	16.98	5	16.67	15.96	10.53		
<u> </u>	17.82	20	19. 16	33, 33	22.67	20	15	15	٦.	27.59	25	12.50	28.13	21.43	9.40	19.05	35.71	18. 18		;	45.45	18.87	23.36	11.54	18.94	10.17	18.18	22.64	15	20.37	13.83	21.05	24	
COLLEGE				BBCC	CLCC	EVCC	FSCC	GHCC	HCC	OVII	RCC	SHCC	SVCC	SPCC	TCC	WWCC	WVCC	MCC			BBCC	၁၁၁	CLCC	CBCC	EVCC	GRCC	OCC	SCCC	SNCC	SSC@	SHCC	1	$\mathcal{O}$	
RIC	0	STATE N-O	<b>!</b>									OUTREACH					· }c	) ()									NON NON	OUTREACH		ĭ				

PENSATION? CODING

- l Not eligible
- 2 Have used all my compensation
- 3 Not covered by unemployment compensation
- 4 Did not apply but do qualify for benefits
- 5 Did not apply but do not know if eligible
- 6 Other
- 0 No response

COMMENTS:

74

- 1. 19.16% of the total veterans feel they are not eligible for unemployment  $\infty$ mpensation.
- 2. 3.57% did not apply even though they feel they are qualified for benefits (7.18% of those who responded to the question).

ERI	HOW WO	λ στο	OU RA	TE THE	SERVIC	SES Y C	OU HAVE	HOW WOULD YOU RATE THE SERVICES YOU HAVE RECEIVED FROM THE EMPLOYMENT SECURITY DEPARTMENT?
C Sy ERIC	COLLEGE	4	2	3	4	0	rotal	CODING
			-					
		117	113	81	84	110	505	I - Met my needs
STATE N-C		167	186	169	147	141	810	
_		284	299	250	231	251	1315	2 - Partially met my needs
	BBCC	3	3	က	0	က	12	
	CICC	91	11	12	17	19	75	3 Jid not meet my needs
	EVCC	15	8	8	9	8	45	
	FSCC	12	1	က	5	6	40	4 - Did not use services
	GHCC	4	4	4	5	3	20	
	HCC	1	10	8	12	0	31	0 - No response
•	OVTI	8	10	9	2	3	29	
	PCC	5	2	1	2	2	12	
OUTREACH	SHCC	8	9	3	3	6	32	
	SVCC	4	5	12	7	4	32	
	SPCC	0	3	2	0	9	14	
•	TCC	34	20	8	17	38	117	
*	WWCC	2	8	5	3	3	21	
ີ (	WVCC	3	7	0	3	1	14	
) i	WCC	7	2	က	0	2	11	et e
•				,				
				٦				
	BBCC	. ~	က	0		-		
	၁၁၁	7	11	19	6 ~	7	53	
	CICC	15	16	12	14	10	79	
	CBCC	5	9	5	5	5	26	
	EVCC	30	. 36	2.1	26	61	132	
	GRCC	4	18	α	7	12	59	
Z O Z	OCC	21	19	81	21	33	110	
OUTREACH	SCCC	23	26	30	13	14	106	
	SNCC	5		4	2	80	20	
	SSCC	6	6	21	- 9	9	54	
	SHCC	- 16	24	19	19	16	94	
	SPCC	5	5	2	3	4	19	
	WWCC	7 -	9	4	4	4	25	
	YVCC	00	9	9	10	4	34	

- 1 Met my needs
- 2 Partially met my needs
- Lid not meet my needs
- 4 Did not use services
- 0 No response

ERIO Productor	HT HAM HON OH HAM	>			SEVIC	> \rac{1}{2}	a	FCEIVED	SERVICES YOU HAVE RECEIVED FROM THE FMPI OYMENT SECTIBITY DEPARTMENTS
ERIC .	COLEGE		7 2		A A	0	TOTAL	CODING	
		23.17	22.38	16.04	16.63	21.78	100	<u>-</u>	Met my needs
STATE N-C			22.96				100	c	
		21.60	22.74	19.01	17.57	.09	100.001	- 7	Partially met my needs
			25		0		100	c	-
		21.33	14.67		22.67		00	ว เ	Did not meet my needs
	FYCC	30.33	27.50	7.78	12.33	50 22 50	00	4 -	Did not use services
		20		1 1			100		
	$\Box$		99	8	17.		100.001	- 0	No response
		٦.	_	_	g!		900		
CHITTERACH	SHC S	41.64	70.0/	200	79.9	78 13	100.01		
inovanioo inovanioo		12,50	15.63	205	21 88 1		00 01		COMMENTS:
		0	21.43	71	•	42.86	100		
	ICC	29.06	17.09	6.84	14.53 32.48		100		1. 54.79% of the veterans who responded to this
	WWCC	9.52	38. 10	23.81	1	29 14.29	100.001		in
. (	WVCC	21.43	50	0	21.437		100		met by the Employment Security Department (44.34%
32	MCC	18, 18	18.18	27.27	18, 18	18. 18	66.66		of the total veterans).
	1								
		•			<del></del>				2. 23.50% of those who responded, feel that the
		18, 18	27.27			6.09	99.99		$\overline{}$
		13.21	20.75	35.85	88	13.21	100		needs ,
		33	-	18.	.90	14.93 100.01	00.00		
		12.23	73.08	$\boldsymbol{+}$	7		20		
		22.73	27.27	_	19.701	14.39	100		
Z		23.73	30.51	13,56	10.86	20.34	000		
OUTREACH	SCC	21.20	24.53	28.30	.26	13 21	100		
		25	5			<del></del>	100		
		16.67	79	68.	79.	=	100.01		
*****		17.02	53	.21	21	2	66.66		
	П	26,32	.32	.53	6/.	5	100.00		
		28		†		<del></del>	00		
	۲۷۲	123.53	17.65	17.651	29.4111	1.76	100		

- I Met my needs
- Partially met my needs 2 -
- Did not meet my needs
- Did not use services
- No response - 0

# COMMENTS:

- met by the Employment Security Department (44.34% question feel that their needs were met or partially 1. 54.79% of the veterans who responded to this of the total veterans).
- Employment Security Department did not meet their 2. 23.50% of those who responded, feel that the needs 。

DOES YOUR SPOUSE WORK?	CODING	l - Yes		2 - No		3 - Not married		0 - No response																											Éq
۵	TOTAL	505	810	1315	12	75	45	40	20	31	_28	12	32	32	14	117	21	14				1	53	67	26	132	59	110	106	20	54	94	-18	25	34
·	0	20	38	58	0	9	_	-	0	4	0					5	2	0	0		,	0	0	_	0	_	5	5	=	0	4	က	0	0	2
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	2	166	267	433	2	26	22	.15	3	5	0	. 2	- 2	12	7	37	4	4	9		<u> </u>	4	17	19	10	53	18	-57	25	7	10	20.	9	10	7
-		151	198	349	4	12	13	12	9	- 12		(7)	12	ω	4	40	5	5	4			2	19	20	7	21	14	27_	20	9	0	29.	- 5	9	12
	COLLEGE				BBCC	CLCC	EVCC	FSCC	GHCC	HCC	OVTI	PCC	SHCC	SVCC	SPCC	TCC	WWCC	WVCC	WCC	-		BBCC	CCC	CLCC	CBCC	EVCC	GRCC	OCC	SCCC	SNCC	SSCC	SHCC	SPCC	WWCC	YVCC
ERI	C ~	0	STATE N-O	L				,					OUTREACH		•	•		9	S	*	-						•	NON	OUTREACH						

Table 28a

ERIC Tull text Provided by ERIC	

DOES YOUR SPOUSE WORK?	CODING	I – Yes		2 - No		3 - Not married		0 - No response				COMMENTS:		1. 55.37% of th	have wives which		2. 44.63% of th	have wives which												•
DOE	M		66							0.	99	-	.0 <u>.</u>	0.0		66		66			-	38	10.			•	-	ą		
_	2	15	66 66 69	100	100	100	8	100	100	100	99.99	9	100	100	100	66	100	66.66	100	;		66.66	100.001	.49 100	100	100	g	100	100	100
	0 TOTAL	3 04 100	4.69	4.41	0	ω	2.22	2.50 100	0	3.23 100.0	0	8.33	3.13100.01	3, 13,100,0	7.14	4.27 99.99	9.52	0	0			0	0	1.49	0	5.30	8.47	4.55 100.0	10.38 100	С
-	3	33 27	37.90	36.12	50	41.33	20	30	55	41.94	31.03		31,25	$\rightarrow$	4.29	29,91	47.62	35.71	9.09	•		45.45	32.08	0.30	4.62	8.64	37.29	18.09		35
-	2	32 87 3	<del> </del>	_		34.67		37.50		16.13	1,03	1.67 2	37.50 28.13 3	32.50		.62	19.05	28.57 3	_			18, 18 36, 36	32.08	29.85 28.36 40.30	26.92 38.46 34.62	15.91 40.15 3	30.51 3	24.55,51.82	.58	_
-	+	8	44	54 3	33.33 16.67	(C)	39 4	3		711	33 3	4	50 2	3	28.57 50	19 3	31		36 5			18 3	85 3	35 2	22 3	914	73 3	55 5	87 2	35
		20 90	24.	26.54	33.	16	28.89	30	ဓ္က	38.71	37.	25	37.	25	28.	34.19	23.81	35.71	36.36			18.	35.85	29.	26.	15.	23.73	24.	18	30
_	COLLEGE				BBCC	CLCC	EVCC	FSCC	GHCC	HCC	OVII	PCC	SHCC		SPCC	TCC	WWCC	WVCC	WCC	,		BBCC	JJJ	CLCC	CBCC	FVCC	GRCC	OCC	SCCC	SNCC
Ovided by ERIC		С	STATE N-O									1	OUTREACH					9										Z O Z	OUTREACH	-

# COMMENTS:

- 1. 55.37% of the total veterans who are married, have wives which are working.
- 2. 44.63% of the total veterans who are married, have wives which are not working.

18.52 18.52 55.56 30.85 21.28 44.68

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	0	3.76	1.96	2.66	0	9.33			1 1	0	0	0	6.25	6.25	7.14	3.42	4.76	0	0			0	0	0	0	1.52	1.69	3.64	3.77	0	∞.	2.13	0	0	
	7	77.43	71.36	73.69		74.67	75.56	RO	75	87.10	65.52	83.33		65.63	85,71	79.49	76, 19	85.71	90.91			63.64	70.15	70.15	80.77	70.45	71.19	75.45	66.98	85	74.07	22.66	63.16	52	
		18.81	26.67	23.65		16	22.22	17.50		.90	48	79		28.13.	4	60	19.05	29	9.09	-		36.36	29.85	29.85	19.23	28.03	27.12	20.91	29.25	15	24.07	20.21	36.84	48	
	COLLEGE				SBCC	CLCC	EVCC	FSCC	CHCC	JJH	IIAO	PCC	SHCC	SVCC	SPCC	CC	WWCC	DOW	MCC			BBCC	JJJ	CLCC	CBCC	EVCC	GRCC	၁၁	SCCC	SNCC	SSCC	SHCC	SPCC	WWCC	
° 100 m		0	STATE N-O	T					•				OUTREACH					. 1	9	6								Z O Z	OUTREACH						

- I Yes
- 2 No
- 0 No response

# COMMENTS:

1. 23.65% of the total veterans have applied for food stamps.

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# HAVE YOU RECEIVED FOOD STAMPS?

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SPCC

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14.29 85.71 9.09 90.91

WVCC WCC W

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- 1. 23.27% of the total veterans have received food stamps.
- 2. 70.59% of the total veterans who applied for food stamps received
- 3. 29.41% of the total veterans who applied for food stamps did not receive them.

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27.27 | 72.73 28.30 69.81 100

24.24 71.97

EVCC GRCC

CBCC

22.03 76.27 22.73 72.73

HAVE YOU RECEIVED WELFARE SINCE YOUR DISCHARGE FROM ACTIVE DUTY?	<u>N</u>		Yes		<u>%</u>		No response																										
D WELFARE	CODING		<u>-</u>		2 - 1		10																							4			
RECEIVE	TOTA	505	810	1315	12	75	45	40	20	31	29	12	32	32	14	117	21	14				53	79	26	132.	59.	110	106	20	54	94	19.	25
YOUR	0	19	16	35	0	9	-	-	0	0	d	0	2		-	5	_	0	_		0	0	1	0	2	1	4	3	0	_	1	0	c
HAVE 	2	429	602	1138	11	57	36	32	19	31	26	12	. 25	25.	12	192	20	13	9		11	45	9	20	116	54	94	91	17	47	87	16	5
		57	, 85	142	ı	12	ω	7	1	0	3	O	2	- 9		∞	0	_	4		0	8	9	9	14	4	12	12	3	9	9	3	,
	COLLEGE	-	:		BBCC	CLCC	EVCC	FSCC	GHCC	HCC	OVII	PCC	SHCC	SVCC	SPCC	TCC	WWCC	WVCC	MCC		BRCC	၁၁၁	CLCC	CBCC	EVCC	GRCC	သင	SCCC	SNCC	SSCC	SHCC	SPCC	
ERIC Fullska President by ERIC	)	0	STATE N-O	<b> </b>		1		Í			1		OUTREACH						<b>)</b> 5	)					1		ZOZ	OUTREACH					

- l Yes
- 2 No
- 0 No response

Table 31a

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 0 TC	3,76 100	1.98 100	2.66 100	001 0		2.22 100	2.50 100		001 0	0 100	001 0	6.25 100	3.13 100	7, 14 99	4.27 100	4.76 10	0 100	6.09		0 100	0 10	1.49 100	0 10	1.52 100	1.69 10	3.64 10	2,83,100	-	1.85 100	1 06 99	0 10	
 2	84.95	87.53	86.54	29'16	92	80	80	95	100	99.68	100	Z8. 13	78.13	85.71	88.89	95.24		54.55		100	84.91	89.55	76.92	87.88	91.53	85.45	85.45		87.04	92.55	84.21	
_	11.29	10.49	10.80	8.33	91	17.78	17.50	5	0	10,34	0	15.63	118.75	7.14	6.84	0	7.14	36.36		0	15.09	8.96	23.08	10.01	6.78	10.91	11.32	15	11.11	6.38	15.79	
COLLEGE				BBCC	CICC	EVCC	FSCC	GHCC	JJH	OVII	PCC	SHCC	SVCC	SPCC	ICC	WWCC	DOW	MCC		BBCC	၁၁၁	CLCC	CBCC	EVCC	GRCC	၁၁င	SCCC	SNCC	SSCC	SHCC	SPCC	
	0	STATE N-O	Τ									OUTREACH				1,	0	<u> </u>								Z O Z	OUTREACH				•	

l - Yes

2 - No

0 - No response

COMMENTS:

# 1. 10.80% of the total veterans have received welfare since discharge.

	DID YOU RECEIVE ADEQUATE INFORMATION ABOUT VETERANS SERVICES PRIOR TO BEING DISCHARGED OR SEPARATED?	CODING		- Yes		2 - No		0 - No response								and the second s	•	35																	
	INFORM —	TOTAL	505	810	1315	12	75	45	40	20	31	29	12	32	32	14	117	21	14				53	79	78	132	59	110	106	70	54	94	- 16	25	怒
	ONATE	0	16	-	27	0	4	3	0	0	0	а	a	,	0	_	9	1	0	0	,	0	2	-	d	0	7	-	4	0	-	-	9	0	9
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	J NOY GIG	COLLEGE				BBCC	CICC	EVCC	ESCC	GHCC	HCC	OVTI	PCC	SHCC	SVCC	SPCC	TCC	WWCC	WVCC	WCC		BBCC	222	CICC	CBCC	EVCC	GRCC	000	SCCC	SNCC	SSCC	SHCC	SPCC	WWCC WWCC	YVCC
Eli	RIC Provided by ERIC	)	O	STATE N-O										OUTREACH	,				16				1	1			1	1	OUTREACH			1		<b></b> _	

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Table 32a

О Z	COLLEGE	51.88	2 44.95	3.17	100 TA
F		50.74	47.90	1.36	100
		51.18	46.77	2.05	100
	BBCC	50	- 1	- 1	100
	CLCC	49.33	45.33	5.33	66.66
	EVCC	46.67	46.67	6.67	100.001
LJ	FSCC	40	09	0	100
	GHCC	75	25	0	100
·	HCC	12.90	87.10	0	100
! <u> </u>	OVII	55.17	44.83	0	100
	PCC	66.67	33.33	0	100
OUTREACH [	SHCC	56.25	•	3.13	100.01
	SVCC	56.25	43.75	0	100
	SPCC	14.29	78.57	7.14	100
	ICC	66.6Z	•	5.13	100.001
·	WWCC		42.86	4.76	100
1(	WVCC	42.86	•	0	100
)2	MCC	54.55	•	0	100
					Ī
	BBCC	18.18	81.82	0	$\circ$
	UUU	39.62	56.60	3.77	99.99
	CLCC	50.75	47.76	1.49	100
	CBCC	50	50	a	100
	EVCC	55.30	44.70	a	100
	GRCC	52.54	45.76	1.69	99.99
ZOZ	သ	51.82	47.27	.91	100
OUTREACH	SCCC	37.74	58,49	3.77	100
	SNCC	55	45	0	100
	SSCC	48.15	50	1.85	100
	SHCC	56.38	42.55	1.06	99.99
	SPCC	57.89	42.11	a	100
	WWCC	56	44	0	100
	XXCC	73 53	26.4Z	9	100

- I Yes
- 2 No
- 0 No response

# COMMENTS:

- 1. 51.18% of the total veterans feel they did receive adequate information about veterans services.
- 2. 46.77% of the total veterans did not feel they received adequate information prior to discharge.

86

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C VY ERIC	COLLEGE	-	2	3	4	0	TOTAL	
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		265	87	75	99	12	505	
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<b>!</b>		695	209	184	200	27	1315	
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	CICC	37	17	8	=	2	75	
	EVCC	24	4	12	4	_	45	
	ESCC	23	5	6	С	0	40	
	CHCC	14	. 4	C	2	U	20	
	HCC	7	13.	δ	2	O	31	
	DVI	14	8	4	3	Õ	29	
	BCC	7	3	.0	. 2	0	12	
OUTREACH	SHCC	17	7	5	2	J	32	
	SVCC	17	3	4	8	0	32	
	SPCC	2	4	4	3	-	14	
	ICC	70	13	10	18	9	117	
Ĺ	WWCC	12	3	3	2	_	21	
ĽĠ	WVCC	7	2	3	¢.1	0	14	
Ca	WCC	7	0	က	1	0	Ξ	
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	BBCC	7.	2	1	0	1	Ξ	
	သသ	23	8	8	13	1	53	
	CICC	39	10	9	12	0	29	
	CBCC	10	4	10	2	0	26	
	EVCC	73	18	17	23	1	132	
	GRCC	32.	8	5	12	2	59	
Z O Z	သ	55	15	16	22	7	110	
OUTREACH	SCCC	42	21	18	21	4	106	
	SNCC	10	5	က	2	0	20	
	SSCC	30	9	12	4	2	54	
	SHCC	-61	14	8	10	_	94	
	SPCC	12	3	1	3	0	19	
	WWCC	15	9		က	0	25	
	- 22A	21	2	۲.	7	_	32	

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IOW YOU COULD GO ABOUT USING THE G.I. BILL? CODING

- 1 During active duty in the service
- 2 From one of your local veterans organizations
- 3 From the Outreach Program through worker or friend
- 4 Other
- 0 No response

ERIC

WHEN DID YOU FIRST BECOME AWARE OF HOW YOU COULD GO ABOUT USING THE G.I. BILL?

ERIC	``	コピコ		22.	ביייי אייי	, (	֝֟֝֝֝֟֝֝֟֝֝֟֝֝֟֝֝֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓	<u>-</u>
	COLLEGE	-	2	3	4	0	TOTAL	·
0		52.48	17.23	14.85	13.0Z	2.38	10.00	
STATE N-O			15.06		16.54	1.85	100	
		52.85	15.89	13.99	15.21	2.05	66.66	
	BBCC	58.33	8.33	8.33	25		66.66	
	CLCC	49.33	22.67	10.67	14.67	.67	100.001	
	EVCC	53.33	8.89	26.67	8.89	2.22	100	
	FSCC	57,50	12.50	22.50	7.50	0	100	
	GHCC		20	0	19	0	100	
	HCC	22,58	41.94	29.03	6.45	q	100	
	OVTI	48.28	27.59	13.79	10.34	0	90	
	PCC	58.33	25	0	16.67	0	100	
OUTREACH	SHCC	53 13	21.88	15.63	6.25	3, 13	100.02	
	SVCC	53.13	9.38	12.50	25	0	100.001	
	SPCC	14.29	28.57	28.57	21.43	7.14	100	
	TCC	59.83	11.11	8.55	15.38	5.13	100	
1	WWCC		14.29	14.29	9.52	4.76	100	
0	WVCC		14.29	21.43	14.29	0	100.01	
1	WCC	63.64	0	27.27	9.09	0	100	
								_
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	BBCC	63.64	18, 18	9.09	0	9.09	100	
	၁၁၁	43.40	15	15.09	24.53	1.89	100	
	CLCC	58.21	14.93	8.96	17.91	0:	100.001	
	CBCC	38.46	15.38	38.46	7.69	- 1	99.99	
	EVCC	55.30	13.64	12.88	17.42	.76	100	
	GRCC	54.24	:	8.47	20.34	3.39	100	
ZOZ	000	50	13.64	14.55		1,32	_	
OUTREACH	SCCC	39.62	;	16.98	19.81	•,	99.99	
	SNCC	50	25	15	10	- 1	i	
_ a	SSCC	55.56		22.22	7.41	က	9	
	SHCC	64.89	14.89	8.51	-		99.99	
	SPCC	63.16	15.79	5.26	15.79		100	
	WWCC	09	24	4	12	0	100	
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# CODING

- 1 During active duty in the service
- 2 From one of your local veterans organizations
- 3 From the Outreach program through a worker or friend
- 4 Other
- 0 No response

# COMMENTS:

- 1. Most of the total veterans became aware of how to  $_{\infty}$  go about using the G.I. Bill in the service (52.85%).  $^{\infty}$
- 2. 15.89% from a local veterans organization.
- 3. 13.99% from their Veterans Outreach Program.

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° ™	COLLEGE		2	3	4	o	hotal
e.sq							
O		361	53	40	38	13	505
STATE N-C		567	76	76	72	19	810
L		928	129	116	110	32	1315
	BBCC	9	0	0	2	_	12
	CLCC	49	12	4	7	3	75
	EVCC	34	,	6	4	0	45
	FSCC	30	- 2	Z	1	0	40
	CHCC	6	-	0	0	0	20
	HCC	17	12	2	O	1	31
	OVII	23	2	2	2	್ರ 0	29
	BCC BCC	ω	1	0	3	0	12
OUTREACH	SHCC	26	-	2	2	. 1	32
	SVCC	25	0	3	4	0	32
	SPCC	7	_	က	2	_	14
-	ICC	83	13	9	6	9	117
1	WWCC	14	4	1	1	1	21
10	WVCC	10	2	2	0	0	14
15	WCC	7	1	2	1	0	-
	BBCC	10	_	0	0	0	11
	၁၁၁	39	က	5	4	2	53
	CICC	46	6	5	5	2	. 67
	CBCC	16	5	5	0	d	26
	EVCC	94	2	Ξ	17	0	132
	GRCC	44	က·	4	9	2	-55
Z O Z	2000	69	ω	15	17		110
OUTREACH	SCCC	.65	16	6	=	5	106
	SNCC	14	3	က	0	0	20
	SSCC	38	3	8	-	4	54
	SHCC	_75	8	5	က	3	94
	SPCC	14	-	3	-	0	19
	WWCC	<u> </u>	4		-	0	25
	YVCC	24	2	2	9	9	34

- 1 During active duty in the service
- 2 From one of your local veterans organizations
- 3 From the Outreach program through worker or friend
- 4 Other
- 0 No response

# WHEN DID YOU FIRST BECOME AWARE YOU WERE ELIGIBLE FOR THE G.I. BILL?

C S by ERIC	_	_	WHEN	DID YO	DID YOU FIRST		<b>BECOME AWARE</b>	WARE
	COLLEGE		2	3	4	d	TOTAL	
			,					
<u>.</u>		71,49	10.50	7.92	7.52	2.57	100	
STATE N-C		-70	9.38	9.38	8.89	2.35	100	
T		70.57	9.81	8.82	•	2.43	100	
	BBCC	75	0	1	16.67	8.33	100	
	CICC	65.33	16	5.33	9.33	4	99.99	
	EVCC		2.22	13.33	8.89	0	100	
	ESCC	75	5		•	0	100	
		95	5	q	0	d	100	
	HCC	54.84	38.ZI	6.45	O	0	100	
	OVII	79.31	6.90	6.90	6.90	a	100.01	
	PCC	56.67	8.33	0	25	0	100	
OUTREACH	SHCC	. •1	3.13	6.25	6.25	3.13	100.001	
	SVCC	78.13	0	9.38	12.50	0	100.001	
	SPCC		7.14	21.43	14.29	7.14	100	
	TCC	70.94	11,11	5.13	69.7	5.13	100	
1	WWCC	66.67	19.05	4.76	4.76	4.76	100	
.0	WVCC	71.43	14.29	14.29	0	0	100.001	
ΰ	MCC	63.64	9.09	18. 18	9.09	0	100	
				,				
-20	BBCC	90.91	9.09	0	0	0	100	
	S	73.58	5.66	9.43	7.55	3.77	99.99	
	CLCC	99.89	13.43	٦.	7.46	2.99	100	
	CBCC	61.54	19.23	19.23	0	0	100	
	EVCC	71.21	7.58	8.33	12.88	0	100	
	GRCC		5.08	6,77	10.17	3.39	29.92	
NON NON	ပ္ပင	62.73	7.27	13.64	15.45	.91	100	
OUTREACH	SCCC	61.32		8.49	- 4	4.72	100	
	Ç	70	15	15	0	0	100	
	SSCC	70.37	5.56	14.81	1.85	7.41	100	
	U	79.79	8.51	` :1		3.19	100	
	SPCC	73.68	5.26	15.79	5.26	0	99.99	
	WWCC	76	16	4	4	0	100	
	YVCC	70.59	5.88	5.88	17.65	0	100	

# CODING

- l During active duty in the service
- 2 From one of your local veterans organizations
- 3 From the Outreach program through a worker or friend
- 4 Other
- 0 No response

# COMMENTS:

- 1. Most of the total veterans became aware of their being eligible for the G.I. Bill in the service.
- 2. 9.81% from a local veterans organization.
- 3. 8.82% from their Veterans Outreach Program.

DO YOU FEEL THAT CURRENT G.I. BILL BENEFITS ARE ADEQUATE TO MEET THE NEEDS OF VETERANS?	DNI		Yes		<u>2</u>		No response												•															
.i. BILL BEN	CODING	* or Street,	<del>-</del> -		2 - N		- 0																											
RENT G	TOTAL	505	810	1315	12	75	45	40	20	31	29	12	32	32	14	117	21	14	=		=	53	29	26	132	29	110	108	20	54	94	19	25	34
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700 FI	_	211	263	474	က	42	22	14	9	-	8	5	13	œ	4	71	9	4	4		-	15	29	6	42	25	62	10	13	11	20	9	3	14
CO	COLLEGE				BBCC	CICC	EVCC	FSCC	GHCC	JJH	OVII	PCC	SHCC	SVCC	SPCC	TCC	WWCC	WVCC	WCC		BBCC	222	CLCC	CBCC	EVCC	GRCC	ပ တ	SCCC	SNCC	SSCC	SHCC	SPCC	WWCC	YVCC
ERIC ITSECT PROVIDED BY ERIC		0	STATE N-O	T									OUTREACH				1	. 0	<b>-</b> ,1			, :					NON	OUTREACH						

# DO YOÙ FEEL THAT CURRENT G.1. BILL BENEFITS ARE ADEQUATE TO MEET THE NEEDS OF VETERANS?

	COLLEGE	1	2	0	TOTA	•
0		41.78	52.87	5.35	100	
STATE N-O		32.47	62.47	5.06	100	
ša			58.78	. •	001	
	BBCC	25	75	0	100	_
	CLCC	56	36	8	100	
	EVCC	48.89	44.44	6.67	100	
	FSCC	35	90	. 5	100	
	GHCC	30	90	10	100	
	HCC	3.23	96.77	0	100	
	OVTI	27.59	72.41	0	100	
	PCC	41.67	50	8.33	100	
OUTREACH	SHCC	40.63	56.25	3.13	100.01	_
	SVCC	25	75		100	
	SPCC	28.57	50	21.43	100	
	TCC	, 4	32.48	6.84	100	
1	WWCC	i •	71.43		100	
0 x	WVCC			7.14	100	
ं इंद	WCC	36.36	63	0	100	
	BBCC	60.6	81.82	9.09	100	
	၁၁၁	28.30	66.04	5.66	100	
	CICC	43.28	53.73	2.99	100	
	CBCC	34.62	65.38	0	100	
	EVCC	31.82	65, 15	3.03	100	
	GRCC	42.37	54.24	3.39	100	
ZOZ	220	56.36	35.45	8.18	99.99	
OUTREACH	SCCC	9.43	86.79	3.77	99.99	
	SNCC	ا ا	15	20	100	
	SSCC	20.37	74.07	5.56	100	
	SHCC	21.28	75.53	- 1	100	
	SPCC	47.37	36.84	15.79	100	
	WWCC	12	84	4	100	
	χCC	41 18	52.94	5.88	100	

## CODING

- I Yes
- 2 R
- 0 No response

# **COMMENTS:**

- 1. 61.99% of the total veterans who responded to the question feel their needs are not met by the current G.I. Bill.
- 2. 58,78% of the total veterans feel that the current G.I. Bill benefits are not adequate to meet their needs.
- 3. 41,78% of the outreach veterans (just coming to school) feel the benefits are adequate while only 32,47% of the non-outreach veterans (those who have been living off it for some time) feel the benefits are adequate.
- 4. This indicates that those who are just beginning may be overestimating how far the G.I. Bill benefits will go.

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HAVE YOU EVER DRAWN MONEY ON THE G.I. BILL BEFORE?

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# HAYE YOU EVER DRAWN MONEY ON THE G.I. BILL BEFORE?

																<i>'</i>			 <b>.</b>														
TOTA	100	100.001	100	9	901	100	100	100	100	100	66.66	100.01	100.001	100	100	100	100	100		100	100.01	100	100	100	100	100.01	99.99	100	100	100	99.99	100	100
0	1.39	1.98	1.75	0	0	0	2.50	0	0	0	8,33	q	0	0	3.42	0	7.14	0		9.09	1.89	1.49	- 1	2.27	0	.91	.94	10	• 1	2.13	5.26	0	5.88
7	54.85	46.30	49.58	41.67	61.33	79.99	67.50		90.32	65.52	33,33	59.38	34.38	64.29	43.59	47.62	21.43	72.73		54.55	54.72	58.21	26.92	38.64	40.68	54.55	42.45	90	42.59	38,30	73.68	4	52.94
	43.76	51.73	48.67	58.33	38.67	33,33	30	65	9.68	34.48	58.33	40.63	65.63	35.71	52.99	52.38	71.43	27.27		36.36	43.40	40.30	73.08	59.09	59.32	44.55	56.60	30	55.56	59.57	21.05	56	41.18
COLLEGE				BBCC	CICC	EVCC	FSCC	GHCC	ЭЭН	OVTI	PCC	SHCC	SVCC	SPCC	ICC	WWCC	DOAM	MCC		BBCC	222	CLCC	CBCC	EVCC	GRCC	220	SCCC	SNCC	SSCC	SHCC	SPCC	WWCC	YVCC
	0	STATE N-O	_									OUTREACH				1	1.(	0								ZOZ	OUTREACH						

### CODING

- l Yes
- 2 Z
- 0 No response

# COMMENTS:

- 1. 49.58% of the total veterans have not drawn money on the G.I. Bill previously.
- 2. 48.67% of the total veterans have drawn money on the G.I. Bill previously.

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~ . IC	COLLEGE		2	3	4	0	FOTAL	CODING
		5	06	40	57	313	505	1 - Did not know the G.1. Bill existed
STATE N-C		14	120	54	41	581	810	
1		19	210	94	86	894	1315	2 - Knew it existed, but did not know how to go
	BBCC	0	_	0	0	=	12	getting it
	CICC	0	19	4	6	43	7.5	3 - Could not get correct information (or was misi
	EVCC	0	18	_	3	23	45	
	ESCC	0	8	- 6	_ 6	20	40	4 - Have been out of the service less than 3 mont
	CHCC	n	l	l	2	16	20	
	HCC	2	10	8	3	8	31	0 - No response
	DVI	1	4	9	2	]6	29	-
	SC O	0	1	0	3	8	12	
OUTREACH	SHCC	D	9	0	8	18	32	
	SVCC	0	2	2	3	25	32	
	SPCC	0	2	5	0	7	14	
	ICC	2	8	5	16	98	117	
	WWCC	0	က	_	1	16	21	
1	WVCC	0	2	0	0	12	14	
11	WCC	0	5	1	ı	4	Ξ	

- Did not know the G.I. Bill existed
- Knew it existed, but did not know how to go about getting it
- Could not get correct information (or was misinformed)
- Have been out of the service less than 3 months
- No response



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OR WHICH OF THE FOLLOWING REASONS HAVE YOU NOT USED THE G.I.	
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·	COLLEGE		2	<u>س</u>	4	0	TOTAL
O		.99	17.82	7.92	11.29	61.98	100
STATE N-C		1.73	14,81	6.67	5.06	71.	100
<b>T</b>		1.44	15.97	7.15	7.45	86.79	66.66
	BBCC	0		0	0	79.16	100
	CICC	0	25.33	5.33	12	57.33	66.66
	EVCC	0	40		6.67		100
	ESCC	0	20	15	15	50	100
	CHCC	0	5	5	10	80	100
	HCC	6.45	32.26	25.81	9.68	.81	100.001
	OVTI	3.45	13.79	20.69	6.90	55.17	100
	PCC	0	8.33	0	25	79.99	100
OUTREACH	SHCC	O	18.75	0	25	56.25	100
	SVCC	q	6.25	6.25	9.38	. 13	100.001
	SPCC	0	14.29	25.71	0	50	100
	ICC	.1.71	6.84	4.27	13,68	73.50	100
	WWCC	0	14.29	4.76	4.76	76.19	100
1	WVCC	0	14.29	q	a	85.71	100
12	WCC	O	45.45	9.09	9.09	36.36	99,99
2							
		1					
	BBCC	0	0	9.09	9.09	81.82	100
	CCC	1.89	15.09	5.66	11.32	66.04	100
	CLCC	a	20.90	1.49	7.46	70.15	100
	CBCC	d	7.69	15.38	85	73.08	100
· .	EVCC	3.79	11.36	3.03	5.30	76.52	100
	$\mathbf{M}$	0	13.56	3.39	5.08	77.97	100
Z O Z	220	2.73	20.91	11.82			100
OUTREACH	SCCC	1.89	12.26	10.38	3.771	023	100
	SNCC	5	25	10	0	90	901
	SSCC	0	1.1	5.56	85	48	100
<b>.</b>	SHCC	1.06	10,64	6.38	- 1	.79	100
	SPCC	5.26	26.32	0	15.79	52.63	100
<u> </u>	WWCC		20	12	0	89	100
	YVCC	q	17.65	2.94	0	79.41	100

- 1 Did not know the G.I. Bill existed
- 2 Knew it existed, did not know how to go about getting it
- 3 Could not get correct information (or was misinformed)
- 4 Have been out of the service less than 3 months
- 0 No response

# COMMENTS:

- 1. 49.88% of those who responded to this question knew it existed but did not know how to go about getting it.
- a) 32.21% of those who had not used the G.l. Bill ob 15.97% of the total veterans
- 2. 22.33% of those who responded to this question could not get correct information or were misinformed.
  - a) 14.42% of those who had not used the G.1. Bill
    - b) 7.15% of the total veterans
- 3. 4.51% of those who responded to this question did not know the G.I. Bill existed.
  - a) 2.91% of those who had not used the G.1. Bill
    - b) 1.44% of the total veterans

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ERIO	•	-	-	•	4	-		EMPLOYMENT	YMENT
ERRIC	COLLEGE	-	2	8	4	5	0	TOTAL	
		6	1	12	5	3.5	5	505	ă
מייים או		205	9 2	13	3 2	76.	150	010	-
		78.9	1	124	9 %	5 5	260	1315	i -
	RRCC	0	-	2	0	0	0	12	2 -
	CICC	36	12	11	4	_	1	75	
	EVCC	27	9	_	2	3	9	45	က်
	FSCC	21	11	2	3	0	3	40	
	CHCC	6	4	4		2	0	20	4
	HCC	17	7	_	5	_	0	31	
	OVTI	15	4	1	2	0	7	29	5.
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OUTREACH	SHCC	15	4	3	-	1	8	32	0
	SVCC	14	3	3	2	2	. 8	32	)
	SPCC	9	2	0	0	2	4	14	
	100	45	12	10	2	2	46	117	
	WWCC	8	9	9	1	0	0	21	
.1	WVCC	8	1	3	0	0	2	14	
1	WCC	3	က	_	0	1	3	11	
3									
	BBCC	5	4	0	0	0	2	11	
	၁၁၁	22	7	3	4	4	13	53	
	CLCC	28	14	7	2	9	91	67	
	CBCC	10	0	က	4		8	26	
	EVCC	64	18	12	7	8	23	132	
	GRCC	33	6	5	3	က	9	59	
Z O Z	220	50	10	7	4	4	35	110	
OUTREACH	SCCC	51	12	12	5	2	24	106	
	SNCC	10	4	0	2	0	4	20	
	SSCC	28	က	7	4	က	6	54	
	SHCC	45	11	14	7	3	14	94	
	SPCC	0	2	0	0	2	5	19	
	WWCC	19		2	-	0	2	25	
	YVCC	20	9	_	က	9	4	33	

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EMPLOYMENT	TOTAL	00	100	100	001	100	66.66	100	100	100.01	100	100	100.02	100.001	100.001	100.001	100	100	99.99		29.99	100.01	100.02	100	99 99	99.98	8	001	8	100.00	28.29	100.01	$\sim$	99.99
-	0	20	19.63	19.77	0	ļ	13.33	.50	0		14		25		28.57	39.32	0	14.29	27.27		18.18		.93	30.77	42	.17	_	2	20	16.67 100.01	14.89 99.99	26.32		11.76
-	2	2.97	4.44	3.88	0	1.33	6.67	0	10	3.23		$\neg$	-1	6.25	14.29	1.471	0	0	9.09		0	7.55	8.96	3.85	6.06	5.08	3.64	1.89	0		3.19	,53	0	a
•	4	4.55	5.68	5.25	0	5.33	4.44	1 1	5	16.13	06 9	0	3.13	6.25	0	1.71	4.76	0	0		0	7.55	2.99	15.38	5.30	5.08	3.64	4.72	10	7.41	7.45	0	4	8.82
•	6	10.10	9.01	9.43	16.67	14.67	2.22	5	20	3.23	3.45	25	9.38	9.38	0	8.55	28.57	21.43	9.09		0	5.66	10.45	11,54	9.09	8.47	6.36	11.32		12.96	14.89		8	2.94
_	2	15.05	12.47	13.46	8.33	91	13.33	27.50	20	22.58	13.79	0	1	9.38	14.29	10.26	28.57	7.14	27.27		36.36	13.21	20.90	0	13.64	15.25	9.09	11.32	20	5.56		10.53	4	17.65
~	-	47.33	48.77	48.21	75	48	99	.50	45	54.84	51.72	50	• • •	43.75	42.86	38.46	38, 10	57.14	27.27		45.45	41.51	41.79	38.46	48.48	55.93	45.45	48.11	50	51.85	47.87	52,63	76	58.82
•	COLLEGE				SBCC	CLCC	EVCC	FSCC	JUHE	HCC	OVTI	PCC	SHCC	SVCC	SPCC	TCC	WWCC	WVCC	WCC		BBCC	၁၁၁	CLCC	CBCC	EVCC	GRCC	000	SCCC	SNCC	SSCC	SHCC	SPCC	WWCC	YVCC
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EDUCATION	TOTAL	505	810	1315	12	75	45	40	20	31	29	12	32	32	14	117	21	14	Ξ		=	53	67	26	132	59	110	106	20	54	94	19	25	34
	0	121	184	305	1	15	12	3	-	0	10	2	9	6 .	4	47	2	3	က		2	13 ,	10	8	26	9	35	33	5	12	15	7	3	0
-	5	91	127	218	4	19	7	5	5	9	7	С	7	C)	7	16	7	က	0		2	10	6	က	27	=	14	1	5	9	-91	0	5	8
•	4	75	146	221	2	13	5	4	7	4	0	9	5	5	2	13	7	2	3		2	13	12	က	27	12	13	19	4	13	15	2	7	4
-	3	85	140	225	4	10	Ξ	æ	3	10	4	က	5	4	7	16	-	3	-		1	9	13	9	21	11	27		4	6	- 16	4	5	9
-	2	102	165	267	1	13	6	13	5	10	9	0	4	9	က	21	က	က	-		2	7	15	4	28	17	,19	21	-	13	23	5	5	5
_	-	3.1	48	79	0	5	-	7	2	-	2	_	2		_	4	1	0	က		2	4	8	2	3	2	2	-		-	6		0	2
-	COLLEGE				BBCC	CICC	EVCC	FSCC	GHCC	HCC	OVTI	PCC	SHCC	SVCC	SPCC	ICC	WWCC	WVCC	WCC		BBCC	၁၁၁	CLCC	CBCC	EVCC	GRCC	U U	SCCC	SNCC	SSCC	SHCC	SPCC	WWCC	YVCC
ERI Full Text Provided I	C YERIC	Ö	STATE N-O	T									OUTREACH			•	1	1	15						<b>1</b>		Z O Z	OUTREACH			- 1			

first
Rated
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- 5
  - 2 Rated second
- 3 Rated third
- 4 Rated fourth
- 5 Rated fifth
- 0 No response

Z O	(	ŭ				7		က		4		5		0																					
EDUCATION	TOTAL		001	99	100	66.66	66.66	100	100	001	100	901	001	100.02	100 02	100.01	100.01	66.66	100.01	99.99		99.99	100.01	100	001	99.99		100.01	100	-i	99.99	90	100	00	100
_	9	_	Q	22.72	23.19	8.33	20	26.67	7.50	5	9	34.48	16.67	<u>E</u>	. 13	28.57	-17	9.52	21.43	27.27		18.18	24.53	14.93	30.77	19.70		31.82	_	25		15.96	36.84	7	26.47
_	5	8		15.68	16.58	33.33	25.33	15.56		25	19.35	24.14	o	21.88	9.38	14.29	13.68	33.33	21.43	0		18.18	18.87	13.43	11.54	20.45	-1	12.73	10.38					20_	23.53
_	4		14.85	18.02	16.81	16.67	17.33	11.11	10	20	12.90	0	50	15		14.29		33,33	14.29	27.27		18.18	24.53	17.91	11.54	20.45	20.34	11.82	$\rightarrow$	20	24.07		10.53		11.76
_	9		9	17.28	17.11	33.33	13.33	24.44	20	15	32.26	13.79	25	15.63	12.50	14,29	$\overline{}$	4.76	21.43	9.		9.09	11.32	19.40		15.91	- 1	24.55	10.38		2			20	17.65
	2	- 1	70.70	20.37	20.30	8.33	17.33	20	32.50		32.26	20.69	0	12.50	31.25	21.43	17.95	14.29	21.43	60.6		18.18	13.21	22.39	15.38	21.21	28.81	17.27	19.81		_	24,47	26.32	20	14.71
		1	6.14	5.93	6.01	0	6.67	2.22		10	3,23	6.90	8.33	6.25	3.13	7.14	3.42	4.76		27.27		18. 18	7.55	11.94	7.69	2.27	3.39	1.82	10.38	5	1.85	9.57	5.26	0	5.88
	COLLEGE					BBCC	CICC	EVCC	FSCC	CHCC	ЭЭН	OVTI	PCC	SHCC	SVCC	SPCC	CC	WWCC	WVCC	WCC		BBCC	SCC	CLCC	CBCC	EVCC	GRCC	330	SCCC	SNCC	SSCC	SHCC	SPCC	WWCC	ŸVCC
IC Ideal by ERIC	r I		σ	STATE N-Q	T									OUTREACH					1,	1.(	5)							NON NON	OUTREACH						

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- 1

Rated second

Rated third

4 - Rated fourth

- Rated fifth

- No response

COLLEGE	31 47 47	2 65 65 131 131	3 3 106 151 257	104	5 22 72 115	S 0 12Z 12Z 193 320	SOCIAL APATHY TOTAL 505 810 1315
5		3	2 17	4 4	9	15	12 75
2 - 0	+++	4 2	7	7 8 6	9 8 6	7 4 0	40 40
7 4	<del>                                     </del>	1 4	10	2 8 9	9 -	110	31 29
- 4	++-	m m m	- 9 4	- 9 4	2 2 7	۳ 6 a	32
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		0	-	2	က	4	
0 %		2 0	e 0	2	1 9	3	11
.3		9	14	16	15	10 8	67 26
ω -		27	27	23	18	29	132
. Z - 5	<del>                                     </del>	12	17	25	14	35	100
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ا. ا ⊏	+-+	2 7	8   8		17.	17	94
0 -	<u> </u>	20	7 4	9 1	2 4	7	19
-	+	7 9	9	8	4	6	3 8

1 - Rated first

2 - Rated second

3 - Rated third

4 - Rated fourth

5 - Rated fifth

0 - No response

Table 37C a

RIC eat Provided by ERIC				_	~	7		OCIAL	SOCIAL APATHY
	COLLEGE		2	3	4	5	0	TOTAL	,
C		6.14	12.87	20.99	20.59	14.26	25.15	100	3
STATE N-O			16.17	18.64	21.36	14.20	83	100	
			14.90	19.54	21.06	14.22	24.33 99.99	66.66	
	BBCC	0	25	16.67	33.33	16.67	8.33	901	2 -
-	CICC	6.67	20	22.67	18.67		20	100.001	
	EVCC	6.67	8.99	24.44	20	13.33	26.67	100	။ က
	FSCC	2 50	12.50	35	20	20	10	100	
	CHCC	01		35	15	10	10	100	4
	SOH	6.45	3.23	32.26	25.81	32.26	0	100.001	
	OVTI	13.79	1	13.79	17.24	3,45	37 93	93 99.99	5 -
	PCC	8.33	25	8.33	8.33	25	25	99.99	
OUTREACH	SHCC	6.25	9.38	18.75	31.25	6.25	28.13	100.01	0
	SVCC	12.50	9.38	12.50	18.75	21.88	25	100.01	
	SPCC	0	7.14	35.71	14.29	14.29	28.57	100	
	TCC	1.71	10.26	17.09	20.51	9.40	41.03	100	
•	WWCC	14.29	14.29	14.29	28.	14.29	4	100.02	
1	WVCC	7.14	28.57	7.14	14.29	2].	21.43	43 100	
1	WCC	60.6	0	9.09	18.18	27.27	36.36	66.66	
8									
					4				`
	BBCC	0	18.18	27.27	18. 18	60.6	27.27	99.99	
-	222	5.66	18.87	18.87		11.32	24.53 100	100	
	CLCC	4.48	13.43	20.90		22.39	_	14.93 100.01	
	CBCC	3.85	15.38	6	15	15.38	8	77 99 .99	
	EVCC	90.9	20.45	20.45	17.42	33	21.97		
	GRCC	1.69	13.56	32.20		16.95	11.86	99.99	
NON NON	000	6.36		15.45			31.82	100	
OUTREACH	SCCC	4.72	16.04	14.15		1	33.02	100	•
	SNCC	5	10	5	35		25	100	
	SSCC	9.26	27.78	14.81		9.26		100	
	SHCC	11.70	14.89	19.15	18.09	18.09		18.09 100.01	
	7	c	10 53	10 13	31.58	31.58 10.53		26 84 100 01	

Rated second

2 -

1 - Rated first

CODING

Rated fourth

4

Rated fifth

5 -

Rated third

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No response

-0

Table 37C b

26.47 100

17.65 17.65 23.53

2.94

WWCC

SHOO SPCC

10.53 10.13 31.58 10.53 26.84 100.0 12 24 28 20 12 100

RI Text Provided b	•	•	-	•		-	SOC	JAL RE/	SOCJAL READJUSTMENT
C <sup>∞</sup> y eric	COLLEGE	-	2	3	4	5	0	TOTAL	
									CODING
Ö		83	91	89	81	40	121	505	
STATE N-Q		121	183	161	126	79	185	810	1 - Ra
T		204	229	250	207	119	306	1315	
	BBCC	2	က	2	2	3	0	12	2 - Ra
	CTCC	14	91	15	11	9	13	75	
	EVCC	5	12	4	6	က	12	45	3 - Ra
	FSCC	4	5	ω	13	9	4	40	
	SHCC	5	5	4	4	1	-	20	4 - Ra
	HCC	12	6	8	-	_	a	31	
	OVTI	2	0	6	9	2	σι	29	5 - Ra
	PCC	2	4	2	1	0	3	12	
OUTREACH	SHCC	4	9	9	5	2	6	32	Ž
	SVCC	4	9	6	5	3	ω	32	
	SPCC	2	_	. –	2	4	4	14	
	TCC	15	16	15	17	9	48	117	
	WWCC	7	5	4	_	_	က	21	
. 1	WVCC	က	-	က	2	2	က	14	
1	WCC	2	2	2	2	0	3	Ξ	
9									
	BBCC	0	-	3	3	1	3	11	
	ပ္သ	7	6	15	9	3	13	53	
	CLCC	13	=	12	12	6	10	67	
	CBCC	3	5	4	4	2	8	26	
	EVCC	26	20	27	24	9	26	132	
	GRCC	15	10	12	6	9	7	59	
NON	U U	6	23	14	18	11	35	110	
OUTREACH	SCCC	18	16	20	=	9	32	106	
	SNCC	2	က	5	2	4	4	20	
	SSCC	ω	ω	15	2	0	13	54	
	SHCC	.15	13	- 16	82	15	17	94	
•	SPCC		2	7	က	4	7	19	
	WWCC	2	8	9	2	4	3	25	
, e	YVCC	2	9	2	4	5	7	34	\
	XVCC	7	9	9	4	5	- i	7	7 34

	Rated first

	ed second
	Rate
•	1

Rated third

Rated fourth

Rated fifth

No response

Table 37D a

DJUSTMENT		
IAL READ.	TOTAL	
SOC	0	

· ·	correge  1		2	3.	4	5	3 4 5 0 TOTA	TOTAL	
									g
		16.44	18.02	17.62	16.04	7.92	16.44 18.02 17.62 16.04 7.92 23.96 100	100	
STATE N-C		14.94	17.04	19.88	15.56	9.75	14.94 17.04 19.88 15.56 9.75 22.84 100.01	100.001	
<b>!</b>		15.51	17.41	10.61	15.74	9.05	15.51 17.41 19.01 15.74 9.05 23.27 99.99	66.66	
	BBCC	16.67 25 16.67 16.67 25	25	16.67	16.67	25	0	100.001	2 -
		18.67 21.33 20 14.67 8	21.33	20	14.67	8	17.33 100	100	
		11.11	26.67	8.89	20	6.67	11.11 26.67 8.89 20 6.67 26.67 100.01	100.001	ဗ
	FSCC	10	12.50 20		32.50 15 10	15	10	100	

3 - Rated third4 - Rated fourth

Rated second

Rated first

5 - Rated fifth

100.001

38.71 29.03 25.81

D H H H C C H

DXII

SHCC

OUTREACH

0 - No response

6.25 28.13 100.01

3	100.001	100	100.001	99.99		99.99	100	100	99.99	100	99.99	100	100	100	99.99	100.01	100	100	100
70.07	41.03	14.29	21.43	21.27 99.99		27.27	24.53	14.93	30.77	6.82 19.70 100	11.86	31.82 100	30.19	20	24.07 99.99	18.09	36.84	12	20.59
78.97	12.82 13.68 12.82 14 53 5.13 41.03 100.01	4.76 14.29 100	14.29	0		9.09 27.27 99.99	5.66	13.43	11.54 19.23 15.38 15.38 7.69 30.77 99.99	6.82	10.17	10	5.66	20	0	15.96	5.26 10.53 10.53 15.79 21.05 36.84 100	16	14.71
14.29	14 53	4.76	14.29	18.18		27.27	11.32	17.91	15.38	18.18	15.25	16.36	10.38	10	18.52	19.51	15.79	8	11.76
7. 14	12.82	19.05	21.43	18.18		27.27	28.30	17.91	15.38	20.45	20.34	12.73	18.87	25	27.78	17.02	10.53	24	29.41
7. 4	13.68	23.81	7.14	18.18		9.09 27.27 27.27	16.98	16.42	19.23	15.15	16.95	8.18 20.91 12.73 16.36 10	17.92	15 25	14.81	13.83	10.53	32	17.65
14.27	12.82	33.33 23.81 19.05 4.76	21.43 7.14 21,43 14.29 14.29 21.43 100.0	18.18 18.18 18.18		0	13.21 16.98 28.30 11.32 5.66 24.53	19.40 16.42 17.91 17.91 13.43 14.93 100	11.54	19.70 15.15 20.45 18.18	25, 42 16, 95 20, 34 15, 25 10, 17 11, 86 99, 99	8.18	16.98 17.92 18.87 10.38 5.66 30.19 100	10	14.81	15.96 13.83 17.02 19.51 15.96 18.09 100.01	5.26	8	5.88
SPCC   14.29   7.14   7.14   14.29   28.57   28.37   100	TCC	U	WVCC	]		BBCC	SSS	CLCC	CBCC	EVCC			١	SNCC				WWCC.	YVCC   5.88   17.65   29.41   11.76   14.71   20.59   100
	-	1	2	0								Z	OUTREACH		,— —				

<u> </u>			_	_		SUFFI	CIENT	MILITA	RY OUT-P	INSUFFICIENT MILITARY OUT-PROCESSING
	COLLEGE		2	က	4	5	0	TOTAL	j	UNICO CO
0		42	42	42	91	162	126	505		
o z		62	84	98	114	273	191	810		Rated first
L		194	126	128	205	435	317	1315		
	BBCC	1	က	1	3	3	-	12	2 -	Rated second
	SICC	10	4	7	16	23	51	75		
	EVCC	3	2	9	8	14	12	45	ب ج	Rated third
	FSCC	9	-	3	7	19	4	40		
	GHCC	4	0	0	9	8	2	20	4	Rated fourth
	HCC	2	က	_	12	13	0	31		
·	OVTI		4	0	5	.8	-	29	5	Rated fifth
	PCC	0	2	0	1	9	3	12		3
OUTREACH	SHCC		5	3	5	6	6	32	(	No response
	SVCC	3	l	5	4	10	6 ·	32		
;	SPCC	2	3	-	3	2	3	14		
	TCC	5	6	. 8	13	434	48	117		
	WWCC	2	2	4	3	7	3	21		
	WVCC	0	2	1	5	3	3	14		
	WCC	2	l	2	0	က	က	11		
										•
-										•
	BBCC	2	0	_	-	4	က	-		
	$\sim$	4	7	9	9	17	13	53		
•	2212	5	8	11	15	18	10	67		
	CBCC	2	2	0	က	8	∞	26		
	EVCC	10	12	15	20	46	29	132		
	GRCC	7	7	5	12	22	, 9	59		
Z O Z	220	7	10	0	15	32	36	1 10		
OUTREACH	SCCC	က	9	6	6	43	36	106		
	SNCC	က	5	5	0	2	5	20		
•	SSCC	5	က	-	5	28	12	54		
	SHCC	9	=	12	15	33	17	94		
	SPCC	7	_	4	-	4	7	19		
	WWCC	7	5	က	9	7	2	25		
	JJAA	4	4	4	9	6	7	34		

first
Rated
1

- Rated second
- Rated third
- Rated fourth
- Rated fifth
- No response

MILITARY OUTPROCESSING		CODING		1 - Rated first	-	2 - Rated second		3 - Rated third		4 - Rated fourth		5 – Rated fifth		0 - No response	•																			,	
	IOIAL		100.001	66.66	100	66.66	66.66	100	901	100	100.01	100	92		100.02	100.01	100	100	100	66.66		66.66	$\rightarrow$		100	വ	66.66	1		_ 1	8	2	<u> </u>		99.99
INSUFF   CIENT	0		24.95	23.58	24.11	8.33	20	26.67	10	10	0	37.93	25		28.13	21.43	41.03	14.29	21.43	27.27				14.93	• •	21.97	10.17	32.73	33.96		<del>-+</del>			ω	20.59
-	5		32.08	33.70	33.08	25	30.67	.78 31.11	47.50	40	41.94	27.59	50	1	31.25	14.29	29.06	33.33	21.43	27.27		36.36	32.08	26.87	30.77	34.85	37.29	29.09	40.57		51.85	35.11		28	26.47
•	4		18.02	14.0Z	15.59	25	21.33	17.78	17.50 47	30	38.71	17.24	8.33	15.63	12.50	21.43	===	14.29	35.71	0		60.6	11.32		11.54		20.34	13.64	8.49		9.26	15.96	5.26	24	17.65
	3	_	8.32	10.62	9.73	8.33	9.33	13.33	7.50	0	3.23	0	0	9.38	15.63	7.14	6.84	19.05	7.14	18.18		9.09	11.32	16.42		11.36	8.47	9.09	8.49		1.85		21.05	12	11.76
	2		8.32	10.37	9.58	25	5.33	4.44	2.50	0	89.6	13.79	16.67	15.63	3.13	21.43	7.69	9.52	14.29	1		0	13.21			9.09	11.86	9.09	5.66	25	5.56	11.70	5.26	20	111.76
_	ļ		8.32	7.65	7.91	8.33	13.33	6.67	15	20	6.45	3,45	0	3 13	9.38	14.29	4.27	9.52	0	18.18		18.18	7.55	7.46	7.69	7.58	11.86	6.36	2.83	15	9.26	6.38	10.53	œ	111.76
	COLLEGE				,	BBCC	CLCC	FVCC	FSCC	GHCC	HCC	OVTI	PCC	SHCC	SVCC	SPCC	TCC	WWCC	WVCC	WCC *		BBCC	S	CLCC	CBCC	EVCC	GRCC	000	SCCC	SNCC	SSCC	SHCC	SPCC	WWCC	YVCC
RIC Provided by ERIC			O	STATE N-C	<b>-</b>									OUTREACH				1	.2	2								Z O Z	OUTREACH	•					

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how did you hear <b>a</b> bout the (	TOTAL	+	+	+		12	8 75	45		2 20		-	3 12			14	8 117	21	1 14	0 11			53	_	3 26	_				-			:	. 25	
AR AB(	0	+	+	+	5 315	3					-	1	2			4	2 48		3	-		 -		_	_		-				9 13			5 — 2	
出	9	$\frac{1}{1}$		7 10	315					4						7	22				_	 2	22	15		29	25	31	-12	4	19	_32	8	5	_
ID YC	5			87	45	0	_	2	-	0	0	2	0	0	7	_	7	-	0	0		 0	-	-	-	9	9	9	က	0	0	7	-	0	_
IO WOJ	4		192	762	457	5	28	22	14	13	18	4	9	7	12	9	29	15	8	5		5	20	25	15	41	7	30	43	7	18	20	3	15	1 71
ــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ	8		8	77	55	0	9	2	7	;   	Ξ	0	0	2	-	0	2	1	0	-		0	_	_	0	က	0	က	5	0	3	-	0	_	_
-	2		21	<u>^</u> ;	40	က	5	-	-	0	2	0	0		0	2	က	0	0	က		က	0	_	-	7	0	က	_	0	0	2	o.	0	
	_	٩	42	र्ह:i	, %	0	6	5	13	<u>-</u>	0	2	-	0		0	9	2	2	0		0	-	4	-	7	က	က	9	_	_	4	0	2	_
	COLLEGE					BBCC	CICC	EVCC	ESCC	GHCC	HCC	OVII	PCC	SHCC	SACC	SPCC	TCC	WWCC	MVCC	) MCC		BBCC	၁၁၁	CICC	CBCC	EVCC	GRCC	၁၁၀	SCCC	SNCC	SSCC	SHCC	SPCC	WWCC	
ERIC	ERIC			NAIR N-C	_					,				OUTREACH			ð	1	12	<u>}</u> 3								Z O Z	OUTREACH						

OUTREACH PROGRAM?

l – Newspaper

2 - Radio

3 - Letter

4 - Personal Contact (worker or friend)

5 - T.V.

6 - Other

0 - No response

3
<b>ERIC</b>
Full Text Provided by ERIC

C Toy ERIC	-	_	_		<u></u>	ΠΟ.Σ.Ω	HOW DID YOU HEAR ABOUT	ABOUT		THE OUTREA
	COLLEGE	_	2	က	4	5	9	0	TOTAL	,
0		8.32	4.16	6.53	38.02	3.37	21.98	17.62	100	
STATE N-O			2.35	2.72	32.72	3.46	26.67	8	100.02	
<b>—</b>		5.78	3.04	4.18	34.75	3.42	24.87	23.95	99.99	
	BBCC	0	25	0	41.67	0	25	8.33	100	
	CLCC	12	6.67	8	37.33	1.33	24	10.67	100	
	EVCC	11.11	2.22	4.44	48.89	( )	26.67	2,22	2,22 99.99	
	FSCC	32.50	2.50	17.50	35	2.50	5	5	100	
	GHCC	5	0	0			202	10	100	
	HCC	0	.45	48	58.06	- 1		- 1		
	OVTI	6.90		9	13.79	6.90	41.38	31.03	100	
	PCC	8.33	0	0	50	0	16.67	25	100	
OUTREACH		o	3.13	6.25	21.88	0	- 1	18.75	100.01	
	SVCC	3.13	0	3.13	. "!	6.25	31.25	18.75	100.001	
	SPCC	0	14.29	0	42.86	7.14	28.57	7.14	100	
	100	5.13		1.71	24.79	5.98	18.80	41.03	100	
l x	C)MM	9.52	0	4.76	71.43		4.76	4.76	99.99	
1,	) ) ) ) )	14.29	0	0	57, 14	0	21.43	7.14	100	
24	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	0	27.27	60.6	45.45	0	18.18	0	99.99	
i k			ĺ							
								<u> </u>		
	BBCC	0	27.27	0	45.45	0	18.18	9.09	99.99	
	၁၁၁	1.89	0	1.89	37.74	-	• 1	15.09	100.01	
	CLCC	5.97	1.49	1.49	37.31	1.49	•	29.85	99.	
	CBCC	3.85	3.85	0	57.69	က	19.23	11.54	100.01	
	EVCC	5.30	5.30	2.27	31.06	4.55	21.97	29.55	100	
	GRCC	5.08		0	*	9		$\rightarrow$	66 66	
Z O Z	220	2.73	2.73	2.73	27.27	5	28.18	8	100	
OUTREACH	SCCC	5.66	. 94	1	40.57	2.83	11.32	33.96	100	
	SNCC	5	0	0		- 1	20		100	
	SSCC	1.85	0		33	0	35.19		g	
	SHCC	4.26	2.13			7	34.04		100.01	
,	SPCC	0	0	0	15.79		42.11	36.84	•	<del></del>
	WWCC	8	0	4	09	•		<u>∞</u>	<u>8</u>	
·	YVCC	2.94	2.94	11.76	47.06	2.94	20.59	11.76	99,99	

HOW DID YOU HEAR ABOUT THE OUTREACH PROGRAM?

CODING

- i Newspaper
- 2 Radio
- 3 Letter
- 4 Personal contact (by outreach worker or friend)
- 5 ~ T.V.
- 6 Other
- 0 No response

COMMENTS:

108

- 1. 34.75% of the total veterans heard about Veterans Outreach through personal contact (by an outreach worker or friend).
- 2. 38.02% of the outreach veterans heard about Veterans Outreach through personal contact.
- 3. 5.78% of the total veterans heard about Outreachthrough Newspapers.
- 4. 4.18% of the total veterans heard about Outreach through personal letters.
- 5. A high number of Non-Outreach veterans have heard about Outreach through help they've received with on campus related problems.

Table 38b

ER Full Text P		ye.e.				
QUIC OVIDED BY ERIC		WON >	BEF OR	E YOU	TALK	DID YOU KNOW BEFORE YOU TALKED TO AN OUTREACH W
	COLLEGE		2	0	TOTAL	CODING
0	_	130	293	82	505	
STATE N-O		248	382	180	810	- Yes
L		378	675	262	1315	
	BBCC	7	5	0	12	2 - No
	CICC	12	22	9	22	
	EVCC	8	35	2	45	0 - No response
	FSCC	10	. 26	4	40	
	GHCC	7	0	က	20	
	ЭЭН	4	27	0	31	
	OVTI	7	16	6	29	
	PCC	2	7	3	12	
OUTREACH	SHCC	12	13	7	32	
	SVCC	20	8	4	32	
	SPCC	- 1		2	14	
	TCC	20	58	39	117	
	WWCC	11	8	2	21	
12	WVCC	5	8	٦	14	
28	MCC		4	0	1	
			;			
	BBCC	9	4	1	11	
	၁၁၁	18	25	10	53	
	CLCC	25	36	9	67	
	CBCC	3	20	3	26	
	EVCC	52	52	28	132	
	GRCC	23	17	19	59	
Z O Z	သ	21	50	39	110	
OUTREACH	SCCC	25	58	23	106	
	SNCC	3	-	9	20	
•	SSCC	18	24	12	54	
	SHCC	30	44	20	94	
	SPCC	2	6	8	19	
	WWCC	11	13	-	25	
	YVCC	11	19	4	34	
				i I		

WORKER (COUNSELOR) THAT IF YOU ARE A VIETNAM VETERAN YOU COULD PAY A LOWER AMOUNT OF TUITION AT SOME SCHOOLS?

Table 39a

VETERAN YOU COULD PAY A LOWER TUITION AT SOME DID YOU KNOW BEFORE YOU TALKED TO AN OUTREACH WORKER (COUNSELOR) THAT IF YOU ARE A VIETNAM

<u>a</u>	
TOI	100
0	16.24
2	58.02
	25.74
COLLEGE	
	0

™ RIC					
	COLLEGE		2	0	TOTAL
0		25.74	25.74 58.02	16.24	100
STATE N-O		30.62	47.16	30.62 47.16 22.22	100
_		28.75	28.75 51.33	19.92	100
	BBCC	58.33 41.67	41.67	0	100
	CICC	16	76	8	100
	EVCC	17.78	77.78	4.44	100
	FSCC	25	65	10	100
	GHCC	35	50	15	100
	HCC	12.90 87.	87.10	0	100
	OVTI	13.79 55	55.17	31.03	.03 99.99
	PCC	16.67	16.67 58.33 25	25	100
OUTREACH	SHCC	37.50	37.5040.63	21.88 100	100.001
	SVCC	62.5025	25	12.50	100
	SPCC	7.14	7.14 78.57	14.29 100	100
	ICC	17.09	17.0949.57	33.33 99.99	66.66
, i	WWCC	52.38	52.38 38.10	9.52	100
1	WVCC	35.71	35.71 57.14	7.14	66.66
36	MCC	63.64	63.64 36.36	0	100
;)					

# CODING

# **SCHOOLS?**

### ≺es

### ŝ 2 -

### No response - 0

# COMMENTS:

- Veterans Outreach worker that if he was a Vietnam veteran he cauld 1. 51.33% of the total veterans did not know before talking to a pay a lower amount of tuition at most schools.
- 64.10% of those who responded to this question did not know.
- erans who haven't attended before, however, even a high percenthave been on campus did know of lower tuition than the new vet-3. As might be expected, a few more non-outreach veterans who age of them didn't know (47, 16% of all non-outreach veterans, or 60.63% of those who responded to this question).

32.20 99.99

21.21 99.99

39.39 39.39

38.98 38.81

GRCC

37.31 53.73 1.54 76.92

54.55 36.36

BBCC

19.09 45.45 35.45 99.99

22.22 99.99

15 55 33.33 44.44

SNCO

OUTREACH

31,9146.81 10.53 47.37

SECO

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23.58 54.72

42.11 1100.0

110

RIC axt Provided by ERIC	DID YOU KNOW BEFORE YOU TALKED	WON	BEFOR	E YOU	TALK	ED TO AN OUTREACH WORKER (COUNSELOR) THAT THE GOVERNMENT WILL PAY TO GIVE TUTORIAL ASSISTANCE IN THE CLASSES YOU ARE
į	COLLEGE		2	0	TOTAL	CODING HAVING PROBLEMS WITH?
		104	339	62	505	
STATE N-O		192	471	147	810	l Yes
T		296	810	209	1315	
	BBCC	3	6	0	12	2 - No
_	CLCC	12	58	5	75	
	EVCC	10	33	2	45	0 - No response
	FSCC	6	28	3	40	
	ЭЭНЭ	7	13	0	20	
	HCC	-	99	0	31	
	OVII	6	18	2	29	
. —	PCC	0	6	3	12	
OUTREACH	SHCC	6	17	9	32	
_ <del>_</del>	SVCC	6	21	2	32	
	SPCC	1	12	1	14	
	221	19	62	36	117	
	WWCC	9	13	2	21	113
12	MVCC	3	11	0	14	
2"1	WCC		5	0	11	
	BBCC	2	6	0	-	
	JJJ	15	31	7	53	
_	CLCC	16	47	4	29	
	CBCC	5	20	-	26	
	EVCC	39	70	23	132	
	GRCC	16	25	18	59	
Z O Z	သ	12	58	40	110	
OUTREACH	SCCC	28	62	16	106	
	SNCC	2	14	4	20	
	SSCC	13	32	6	54	
_	SHCC	25	54	15	94	
	SPCC	2	2	7	19	
	WWCC	6	15	-	25	
	YVCC	8	24	2	8	

Table 40a

(3)
<b>ERIC</b>
Full Text Provided by ERIC

ED TO AN OUTREACH WORKER (COUNSELOR) THAT THE GOVERNMENT WILL PAY	TO GIVE YOU TUTORIAL ASSISTANCE IN CLASSES YOU
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- No response - 0

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EVCC ESCC

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22.50[70

100

6.67 4.44

77.33

9 25

BBCC

90

# **COMMENTS:**

1. 61.60% of the total veterans did not know before talking to a Veterans Outreach worker about tutorial assistance.

100.001

6.25

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100

30,77 9.52

16.24 52.99 28.57 61.90

7.14 85.71

SPCC

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28.13 53.13 28.13 65.63

SHO

OUTREACH

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31.03 62.07

OVTI

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GHCC

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21.43 78.57

WVCC

128

**WCC** 

54.55 45.45

100

100

28.30 58.49 23.88 70.15

18.18 81.82

BBCC

9 g 100 100 100 8

73.24% of those who responded to this question did not know.

112

- 67.13% of the Outreach veterans did not know.
- 58.19% of the non-outreach veterans did not know.
- tutorial assistance, however, 58.19% of those still did not know, or 71.04% 5. As might be expected, a few more of the veterans already knew about don't know about a program which was designed for 100 percent of them. of those who responded. This is a very high percentage of veterans who

100.0

15.96

26.60 57.45

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SNCC

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OUTREACH Z O Z

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16.67

24.07 59.26

36.36

10.91 52.73

30.51

27.12 42.37

GRCC

EVCC

29, 55 53, 03

19.23 76.92

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26.42 58.49

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WCC

ocal outreach program?			10		40				,		У																						
RATE THE SERVICES YOU RECEIVED FROM YOUR LOCAL OUTREACH PROGRAM?  3 0 TOTAL CODING	I – Met my needs		2 – Partially met my needs		3 - Did not meet my needs		0 - No response					2			-per-											. *-							
FRVICE	505	810	1315	12	75	45	40	20	31	29	12	32_	32	14	117	21	14	11		11	53	- 67	26	132	59	110	106	20	54	94	-19	25	ਲ
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1	g	66	129	-	5	0	4	0	0	4		7	- 1	0	6	0	0	_	:	0	7	8	2	81	9	7	12	0	0		2	3	2
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HOM				BBCC	CLCC	EVCC	ESCC	GHCC	HCC	OVI	PCC	SHCC	SVCC	SPCC	TCC	WWCC	WVCC	MCC		BBCC	U U U	CLCC	CBCC	EVCC	GRCC	UUC	SCCC	SNCC	SSCC	SHCC	SPCC	WWCC	XXCC
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- 0 No response

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20	COLLEGE	-	2	3	0	TOTAL	
Ο		54.65	12.87	5.94	26.53	99.99	
STATE N-O		31.48	11,23	12.22	45.06	100.02	
1	``	40.38	11.86	9.81	37.95	100	
		75	8.33	8.33	8.33	99.99	
	CLCC	61.33	.9.33	6.67	22.67	100	
	EVCC	84.44	8.89	0	79.9	100	
	FSCC	55	! _	10	25	100	
, 8	CHCC	70	20	0	10	100	
12.	HCC	58.06	41.94	0	0	100	
	OVTI	•	6.90	13.79	48.28	100	
	PCC	50	8.33	8.33	33, 33	99.99	
OUTREACH	SHCC	53.13	9.38	6.25	31, 25	100.001	
	SVCC	34.38	25	9.38	31.25	100.001	
	SPCC	64.29	35.71	0	0	100	
	TCC	•	~;	7.69	49.57	99.99	
	WWCC	71.43	19.05	0	9.52	100	
1	) WVCC	12.58	0	0	14.29	100	
30	WCC	81.82	0	9.09	9.09	100	
Э		,			1		
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	BBCC	63.64	27.27	0	60.6	100	
	CCC	• 1	11.32	13.21	37.74	100.01	
	CLCC	٠.١	11.94	11.94	28.36	100	
	CBCC	61.54	11.54	7.69	19,23	100	
	EVCC	25.76	_ :	13,64	47.73	100.001	
	GRCC	20.34	4	16.95	54.24	100	
NON	U U U	25.45	2.73	-01	61.82	100	
OUTREACH	SCCC	33.96	15.09	11.32	39.62	99.99	
	SNCC	45	l i	0	50	100	
	SSCC	18.52	14.81	18.52	48.15	100	
	SHCC	• '	11.70	11,70	57.45	100	
	SPCC	26.32	0	10.53	63.16	100.001	
	WWCC		12	12	- ;	100	
	XVCC	41.18	20.59	14.71	23.53	100.18	

- I Met my needs
- 2 Partially met my needs
- 1 Did not meet my needs
- 0 No response

# COMMENTS:

- 1. 91.91% of the Outreach veterans that responded to this question feel their needs were met or partially met.
- 2. 73.47% of the total veterans using outreach services feel their needs were met or partially met by Veterans Outreach.
- 3. 84.19% of the veterans responding to this question feel their needs were met or partially met.
- 4. 52.24% of the total veterans feel their needs were met or partially met by Veterans Outreach.
- 5. 9.81% of the total veterans feel that their needs were not met by Veterans Outreach.

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••	OUTRE/	0	93	229	322	0	12	3	9	3	0	8	2	5	5	0	45	က	1	0		0	10	20	2	34	76	55	21	7	13	35	αĆ	3	2
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	ž Ž		392	561	953	12	62	40	33	17	27	16	6	27	23	14	69	17	13			1	42	56	23	97	32	49	8	13	40	55	2	22	27
	DO YOU THINK THAT OUTREACH SERVICES SHOULD BE MADE AVAILABLE TO THE VETERANS ON A PERMANENT BASIS  AT THE INDIVIDUAL EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS?	COLLEGE	ļ	-		BBCC	CC	EVCC	ESCC	GHCC	HCC	OXII	PCC	SHCC	SVCC	SPCC	CC	WWCC	WVCC	WCC		BBCC	SSS	CICC	BCC SBCC	EVCC	SECC		SCCC	SNCC	SSCC	SHCC	SPCC	WWCC	AACC
	<u>a</u> _	ŏ	0	0 Z	Т	8	O	ш	Щ	9	7	9		_	S	S	Н	>	>	>		В	9	9	9	<u>"</u>	_1_			S	S	ر ا	_1	>	
E	RIC CONTROL OF THE PROVIDENCE			STATE N										OUTREACH					[3	1								NON N	OUTREACH						
		1		•	1																	I													1

DO YOU THINK THAT OUTREACH SERVICES SHOULD BE MADE AVAILABLE TO THE VETERANS ON A PERMANENT BASIS AT THE INDIVIDUAL EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS?

### CODING

- I Yes
- 2 No
- 0 No response

# COMMENTS:

- 1. 95.97% of those responding to this question think that Outreach should be made available on a permanent basis at the individual institutions.
- 2. 72.47% of the total veterans think that Veterans Outreach should be made availalbe permanently at the individual institutions.

116

3. There is a higher degree of no response with the non-outreach veterans, because many of them may not have used the services.

	BE ELIGIBLE										\			-			1	17	,						,		,		•					
	DO YOU THINK THAT ALL VIETNAM-ERA VETERANS, WHETHER THEY WERE IN VIETNAM OR NOT SHOULD BE ELIGIBLE  FOR THE VIETNAM BONUS?																																	
	VIETNAM OF NAM BONUS												-				•			,							`							
	THEY WERE IN FOR THE VIET																																	
	NS, WHETHER	NG		Yes		°Ž		No response																								٠		
	-ERA VETERAI	CODING		<b>∀</b> -		2 - N		Z - 0																										
	ET NAM	TOTA	505	810	1315	12	75	45	40	20	31	29	12	32	32	14	117	21	14				53	6 %	132	59	110	106	20	54	94	19	25	34
	ALL VI	0	28	49	77	0	5	1	-	-	a	0	_	2	-	1	12	_	_	-		-	4 c	, 0	8	-	6	8	2	5	4	_	0	က
,	THAT	2	158	294	452	7	26	13	10	9	9	10	2	6	11	4	34	9	7	ကႏ		9	4 5	17	54	32	35	27	8	18	33	5	13	15
	¥ E	_	319	467	786	5	44	31	29	13	21	19	6	21	20	6	71	14	9			4	33	5 6	02	26	99	71	10	31	51	13	12	9
	DO YOU	COLLEGE				BBCC	CLCC	EVCC	FSCC	CHCC	HCC	OVTI	PCC	SHCC	SVCC	SPCC	100	WWCC	WVCC	MCC		BBCC	200		EVCC	GRCC	၁၁၀	SCCC	SNCC	SSCC	SHCC	SPCC	WWCC	XXCC
	O C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C		O	STATE N-O	•									OUTREACH				7,	13	33							ZOZ	OUTREACH						

M-ERA VETERANS, WHETHER THEY WERE IN VIETNAM OR NOT SHOULD BE ELIGIBLE	FOR THE VIETNAM BONUS?
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DO YOU, THINK THAT, ALL VIETNAM	)
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.,		COLLEGE		2	0	TOTAL	-
	O		63.17	63.17 31.29	5.54	100	
STATE N	0-N		57.65 36.30	36.30	6.05	100	
	_		59.77	59.77 34.37	2.86	100	
		BBCC	41.67	41.67 58.33	0	100	_
		2272	58.67	58.67 34.67	79.9	100.001	
		EVCC	68.89	68.89 28.89	2.22	100	
		FSCC	72.50 25	25	2.50	100	
		GHCC	65	30	5	100	
		HCC	67.74	67.74 32.26	0	100	
		OVTI	65.52	65.52 34.48	0	100	
		PCC	75	16.67	8.33	100	
OUTREACH	工	SHCC	65.63	65.63 28, 13	6.25	100.01	_
		SVCC	62.50	62.50 34.38	3.13	100.001	_
		SPCC	64.29	64.29 28.57	7.14	100	
<b>,</b>		ICC	60.68	60.68 29.06	10.26	100	
			!				

I Yes

2 - No

0 - No response

# COMMENTS:

1. 59.77% of the total veterans think that all Vietnam-era veterans should be eligible for the state veterans bonus.

### Table 43

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57.41 33.33 54.26 41.49

SSCC

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SCCC

NON OUTREACH

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31.82

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44.07 54.24

EVCC GRCC 66.98 25.47

100

68.42 26.32

52

WWCC

SPCC

8.82

100.0

8

36.36 54.55 9.09 66.04 26.42 7.55

BBCC

64.18 31.34

73.08 26.92 53.03 40.91

CBCC

88

4.76

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**WCC** 

WVCC

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119

CODING

N ADDITION TO THE FEDERAL G.I. BILL FOR ALL VETERANS OF THE VIETNAM-ERA; WHICH WOULD PAY THE TOTAL TUITION AT THE CODING COMMUNITY COLLEGE LEVEL.

- Yes

e Z I

- No response

Table 44a

WOULD YOU SUPPORT A STATE G.I. BILL, IN ADDITION TO THE FEDERAL G.I. BILL FOR ALL VIETNAM-ERA VETERANS; WHICH WOULD PAY THE TOTAL TUITION AT THE COMMUNITY COLLEGE LEVEL? COMMENTS: 0 - No response CODING Yes ž 2 -66.66 TOTAL 3.13 100.0 9.26 100.0 4.55 1100.0 100 9 9 98 100 100 9 8 90 9 9 100 100 11.32 100 9.09 100 9.43 100 4.26 100 100 8.89 1100 . 14 100 11.97 1100 6.90 60.6 0 82.96 10.49 82.97 10.49 82,9710.50 3, 13 81.36 16.95 8.33 5.33 6.67 41.94 58.06 82,76 10.34 9.38 80.60 13.43 82, 58 112, 88 78.18 12.73 2.83 5.56 73.08 26.92 87.74 80 91.67 90.63 93.75 78.57 85.19 91.67 85.33 86.17 84.44 76.92 90.91 89.47 88 2 COLLEGE **WCC** WWCC WVCC SNCC CHCC SHCC GRCC SVCC SCCC SSCC BBCC EVCC BBCC EVCC SPCC SPCC SS OVII 8 HCC S S ठ 0 2 OUTREACH OUTREACH Z O Z STATE 136

1. 82.97% of the total veterans would support a State G.I. Bill for tuition at the Community College level.

8.82

82.

YVCC

DO YOU K NOW THAT THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT WILL PAY TO HAVE ALL YCUR DENTAL WORK DONE AS LONG AS YOU HAVE IT DONE WITHIN ONE YEAR AFTER YOU	CODING GET OUT OF THE SERVICE?		- Yes		<u>9</u>		No response										21																		
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DO YOU KNOW THAT THE FEDERAL COVERNMENT WILL PAY TO HAVE ALL YOUR DENTAL WORK DONE AS LONG AS YOU

GET IT DONE WITHIN ONE YEAR AFTER YOU GET OUT OF THE SERVICE?

				-																							_						
TOTA	100	66 66	100	100	100	66.66	100	100	100	100	100	100.01	100 01	100	100.001	100	100	100		100	100	100.01	100	100	100	100	100.01	100	100	99.99	100	100	100
0	4.36	4.69	4.56	0	6.67	2.22	2.50		О	d	8.33	3.13	3_13	i	10′. 26	0	0	0		9.09	9.43	4.48	q	2.27	6.78	4.55	7.55	5	7.41	1.06	0	0	αα
2	37.82	33.70	35.29	8.33	32	53.33	47.50	20	67.74	41.38	50	40.63	25	42.86	34.19	28.57	14.29			27.27	41.51	26.87	50	34.09	40.68	45.45	29.25	35	33,33	23.40	52.63	1	26 47
	57.82	61.60	60.15	91.67	_	44.44	50		32.26	58.62	41.67	56.25	Z1.88	57.14	55.56	71.43	85.71			63.64	49.06	68.66	50	63.64	52.54	50	63.21		59.26	- 4	47.37		71 77
COLLEGE				BBCC	CLCC	EVCC	FSCC	GHCC	HCC	OVTI	PCC		SVCC	SPCC	ICC	WWCC	WVCC	MCC		BBCC	UUU	CLCC	CBCC	EVCC	GRCC	220	sccc	SNCC	SSCC	SHCC	SPCC	WWCC	YVCC
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### CODING

- I Yes
- 2 No
- 0 No response

# COMMENTS:

- 1. 60.15% of the total veterans did know about dental benefits.
- 2. 35.29% of the total veterans did not know about dental benefits.

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### AVERAGE VETERAN ATTENDING A WASHINGTON STATE COMMUNITY COLLEGE

The average veteran attending a community college Spring quarter 1973 in Wash-ington State is a male caucasian, 24 to 25 years old, married, with 1 or 2 dependents.

He entered the U.S. Army at the age of eighteen in 1969, served three years of active duty, did not serve in Vietnam, did not receive a service connected disability, and was discharged in 1973.

He has acquired twelve years of education, consisting of a high school diploma or G.E.D. (most likely a high school diploma). He is taking fifteen or more quarter hours, and he is attending day classes.

He was employed before entry into the service and is now unemployed after holding three or more jobs since separation. He has been unemployed from one to three months and is not drawing unemployment compensation. He has mixed opinions about rating the services he received from the Employment Security Department. He does not feel that his job training in the military is applicable to civilian jobs. His wife is unemployed, he has neither applied for nor received food stamps, and he has not received welfare since his discharge.

He feels that he received adequate information about veterans services prior to being separated from the military. He first became aware of the G.I. Bill and how to go about



using it during active duty in the service. Although he knew the G.I. Bill existed, he has not used it previously because he did not know how to go about getting it.

He heard about Veterans Outreach through personal contact. Before talking to an outreach worker he was unaware that he would pay a lower tuition rate at most schools if he were a Vietnam veteran and that tutorial assistance was available. The Veterans Outreach services meets his needs, and he thinks that these services should be made available on a permanent basis at the individual institutions.

He thinks that all veterans should be eligible for the state bonus.

He would support a state G.I. Bill in addition to the Federal G.I. Bill to pay the total community college tuition for all Vietnam-era veterans.

He knows that the Federal Government will pay to have all his dental work done as long as he gets it done within one year from his discharge.

### COMMENTS:

- 1. See Tables 1a thru 45b
- See Summary, Conclusions, and Implications



### AVERAGE OUTREACH VETERAN ATTENDING A WASHINGTON STATE COMMUNITY COLLEGE

The average outreach veteran attending a community college, Spring quarter 1973, in Washington State, is a male caucasian, 22 to 23 years old, married, with two dependents.

He entered the U.S. Army at the age of eighteen in 1969, served three years of active duty, did not serve in Vietnam, did not receive a service connected disability, and was discharged in 1972.

He has acquired twelve years of education, consisting of a high school diploma or G.E.D. (most likely a high school diploma). He is taking twelve or more quarter hours and is attending day classes.

He was employed before entry into the service and is now unemployed after holding three or more jobs since separation. He has been unemployed from one to three months and is not drawing unemployment compensation. He has mixed opinions about how he would rate the services he received form the Employment Security Department. He does not feel that his job training in the military is applicable to civilian jobs. His wife is unemployed, he has neither applied for nor received food stamps, and has not received welfare since his discharge.

He did receive adequate information about veterans services prior to being sep-



arated from the military. He first became aware of the G.I. Bill and how to go about using it during active duty in the service. He has not used the G.I. Bill previously even though he knew it existed but did not know how to go about getting it.

He heard about Veterans Outreach through personal contact. Before talk—ing to an outreach worker he did not know that he could pay a lower tuition rate at most schools if he were a Vietnam veteran and that tutorial assistance was available. He believes the Veterans Outreach services meets his needs and thinks that these services should be made available on a permanent basis at the individual institutions.

He thinks that all veterans should be eligible for the state bonus.

He would support a State G.1. Bill in addition to the Federal G.1. Bill to help pay the veterans' total tuition at the Community College level.

He knows that the Federal Government will pay to have all his dental work done as long as he gets it done within one year from discharge.

### COMMENTS:

- 1. See Tables 1a thru 45b
- 2. See Summary, Conclusions, and Implications



### AVERAGE NON-OUTREACH VETERAN ATTENDING A WASHINGTON STATE COMMUNITY COLLEGE

The average non-outreach veteran attending a community college Spring quarter 1973 in Washington State is a male caucasian, 24 to 25 years old, married, with one dependent.

He entered the U.S. Army at the age of eighteen in 1969, served three years of active duty, did not serve in Vietnam, did not receive a service connected disability, and was discharged in 1972.

He has acquired twelve years of education consisting of a high school diploma or G.E.D. (most likely a high school diploma). He is taking fifteen or more quarter hours and is attending day classes.

He was employed before entry into the service and is now unemployed after holding three or more jobs since separation. He has been unemployed from one to three months and is not drawing unemployment compensation. He has mixed opinions about how he would rate the services he has received from the Employment Security Department. He does not feel that his job training in the military is applicable to civilian jobs. His wife is unemployed, and he has neither applied for nor received food stamps, and he has not received welfare since his discharge.

He did receive adequate information about veterans services prior to being separated from the military. He first became aware of the G.I. Bill and how to go about using it



during active duty in the service. He has used the G.I. Bill previously.

He heard about Veterans Outreach through personal contact. Before talking to an outreach worker he did not know that he could pay a lower tuition rate at most schools if he were a Vietnam veteran and that tutorial assistance was available. He rates the Veterans Outreach services as meeting his needs and thinks that these services should be made available on a permanent basis at the individual institutions.

He thinks that all veterans should be eligible for the state bonus.

He would support a State G.I. Bill in addition to the Federal G.I. Bill to help pay the veterans' total tuition at the Community College level.

He knows that the Federal Government will pay for all of his dental work as long as it is done within one year from his discharge.

### **COMMENTS:**

- 1. See Tables la thru 45b
- 2. See Summary, Conclusions, and Implications



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### BIG BEND COMMUNITY COLLEGE

The average outreach veteran attending Big Bend Community College, Spring quarter 1973, is a male caucasian, 24 to 25 years old.

He entered the U.S. Army at the age of 17 or 19 in 1969, served two years of active duty, did serve in Vietnam, did not receive a service connected disability, and was discharged in 1971.

He has acquired twelve years of education, consisting of a high school diploma or G.E.D. (most likely a high school diploma). He is taking fifteen or more quarter hours and is attending day classes.

He was employed before entry into the service and has held three or more jobs since separation. He is not drawing unemployment compensation and has mixed opinions about how he would rate the services he received from the Employment Security Department. He may or may not feel that his job training in the military is applicable to civilian jobs. He has neither applied for nor received food stamps and has not received welfare since his discharge.

He may or may not have received adequate information about veterans services prior to being separated from the military. He first became aware of the G.I. Bill and how to go about using it during active duty in the service. He has used the G.I. Bill previously.

He heard about Veterans Outreach through personal contact. Before talking to



an outreach worker he did know that he ould pay a lower tuition rate at most schools if he were a Vietnam veteran and that tutorial assistance was available. He believes the Veterans Outreach services meets his needs and thinks that these services should be made available on a permanent basis at the individual institutions.

He thinks that veterans, whether they were in Vietnam or not, should not be eligible for the state bonus.

He would support a State G.I. Bill to pay the veterans' total tuition at the Community College level.

He knows that the Federal Government will pay to have all his dental work done as long as he gets it done within one year from discharge.

# COMMENTS:

- 1. The number of outreach veterans sampled at BBCC who were 17 years old at entry into the service is considerably higher than the state total (State 21.37% BBCC 33.33%).
- 2. BBCC appears to have a much higher percentage of draftees among their outreach veterans than the other state schools (State 24.11% BBCC 41.16%).
- 3. A high percentage of BBCC's outreach veterans take 6 to 8 credits, in comparison to the rest of the State (State 7.16% BBCC 25%).
- 4. Throughout the state only 4.16% of the outreach veterans heard about Veterans Outreach by radio, however, at BBCC 25% of the outreach veterans heard



about outreach through the radio.

- 5. 75% of the BBCC's outreach veterans did not know about tutorial assistance, before talking to an outreach worker compared to 61.60% of the State total.
- 6. 75% of BBCC's outreach veterans feel their needs were totally met by Veterans
  Outreach compared to 40.38% of the state total. These percentages indicate an extremely good job is being done by BBCC's Veterans Outreach office.
- 7. 100% of BBCC's outreach veterans feel the Veterans Outreach services should be made available permanently compared to 72.47% of the State total.



#### BIG BEND COMMUNITY COLLEGE

The average non-outreach veteran attending Big Bend Community College, Spring quarter 1973, is a male caucasian, 22 to 23 years old, single, with no dependents.

He entered the U.S. Army at the age of 18 or 19 from August 5, 1964 to 1968, served three to six years of active duty, did serve in Vietnam, did not receive a service connected disability, and was discharged in 1971.

He has acquired twelve years of education, consisting of a high school diploma or G.E.D. (most likely a high school diploma). He is taking six to eight quarter hours and is attending day classes.

He was employed before entry into the service and is now unemployed after holding three or more jobs since separation. He is not drawing unemployment compensation. He has been unemployed from four to nine months and did not use the Employment Security Department services. He does not feel that his job training in the military is applicable to civilian jobs. He has neither applied for nor received food stamps, and has not received welfare since his discharge.

He did not receive adequate information about veterans services prior to being separated from the military. He first became aware of the G.I. Bill and how to go about using it during active duty in the service. He has not used the G.I. Bill previously.

He heard about Veterans Outreach through personal contact. Before talking to an outreach worker he did know that he could pay a lower tuition rate at most schools if he



were a Vietnam veteran and did not know that tutorial assistance was available. He believes the Veterans Outreach services meets his needs and thinks that these services should be made available on a permanent basis.

He thinks all veterans should not be eligible for the state bonus.

He would support a State G.I. Bill in addition to the Federal G.I. Bill to pay the veterans total tuition at the Community College level.

He knows that the Federal Government will pay to have all his dental work done as long as he gets it done within one year after discharge.

## COMMENTS:

- 1. A high percentage of BBCC's non-outreach veterans are taking six to eight credits in comparison to the rest of the state (State 7.16% BBCC 45.45%).
- 2. Throughout the state only 2.35% of the non-outreach veterans heard about Veterans Outreach by radio, however, at BBCC 27.27% of the non-outreach veterans heard about Outreach through the radio. Throughout the state 32.72% of the non-outreach veterans heard about Veterans Outreach through personal contact and at BBCC 45.45% heard through personal contact.
- 3. 81.82% of BBCC's non-outreach veterans did not know about tutorial assistance before talking to an outreach worker compared to 61.60% of the state total.
- 4. 63.64% of BBCC's non-outreach veterans feel their needs were totally met by Veterans Outreach (with none feeling that their needs were not met) compared to 40.38%



of the state total.

5. 100% of BBCC's non-outreach veterans feel Veterans Outreach services should be made available permanently compared to 72.47% of the state total.



#### CENTRAL SEATTLE COMMUNITY COLLEGE

The average non-outreach veteran attending Central Seattle Community College,

Spring quarter 1973, is a male caucasian, 24 to 25 years old, single, with no dependents.

He entered the U.S. Army at the age of eighteen years in 1969, served two years of active duty, did not serve in Vietnam, did not receive a service connected disability, and was discharged in 1971.

He has acquired one to three years of advanced training with no college degrees.

He is taking twelve or more quarter hours and is attending day classes.

He was employed before entry into the service and is now unemployed after holding three or more jobs since separation. He has been unemployed over twenty-four months
and is not drawing unemployment compensation, with mixed opinions on how he would rate
the services he received from the Employment Security Department. He does not feel that
his job training in the military is applicable to civilian jobs. He has neither applied for
nor received food stamps and has not received welfare since his discharge.

He did not receive adequate information about veterans services prior to being separated from the military. He first became aware of the G.I. Bill and how to go about using it during active duty in the service. He has used the G.I. Bill previously.

He heard about Veterans Outreach through personal contact. Before talking to an outreach worker he did not know that he could pay a lower tuition rate at most schools if he were a Vietnam veteran and that tutorial assistance was available. He believes the



Veterans Outreach services meets his needs and thinks that these services should be made available on a permanent basis at the individual institutions.

He thinks that all veterans should be eligible for the state bonus.

He would support a State G.I. Bill in addition to the Federal G.I. Bill to pay the veterans' total tuition at the Community College level.

He knows that the Federal Government will pay to have all his dental work done as long as he gets it done within one year after he gets out of the service.

# **COMMENTS:**

1. SCCC has a considerably higher representation of blacks in its non-outreach sample (25.47%) than the majority of the schools (State 5.63%).



#### CENTRALIA COMMUNITY COLLEGE

The average non-outreach veteran attending Centralia Community College, Spring quarter 1973, is a male caucasian, 24 to 25 years old, married, with one dependent.

He entered the U.S. Army at the age of eighteen in 1968, served two years of active duty, did serve in Vietnam, did not receive a service connected disability, and was discharged in 1970.

He has acquired twelve years of education, consisting of a high school diploma or G.E.D. (most likely a high school diploma). He is taking fifteen or more quarter hours and is attending day classes.

He was employed before entry into the service and has held three or more jobs since separation. He is not drawing unemployment compensation. He feels his needs were not met by the Employment Security Department. He does not feel that his job training in the military is applicable to civilian jobs. His wife is employed, he has neither applied for nor received food stamps, and has not received welfare since his discharge.

He did not receive adequate information about veterans services prior to being separated from the military. He first became aware of the G.I. Bill and how to go about using it during active duty in the service. He has not used the G.I. Bill previously even though he knew it existed but did not know how to go about getting it.

He heard about Veterans Outreach through personal contact. Before talking to an ochreach worker he did not know that he could pay a lower tuition rate at most schools if



he were a Vietnam veteran and that tutorial assistance was available. He believes the Veterans Outreach services meets his needs and thinks that these services should be made available on a permanent basis at the individual institutions.

He thinks all veterans should be eligible for the state bonus.

He would support a State G.I. Bill in addition to the Federal G.I. Bill to pay the veterans' total tuition at the Community College level.

He knows that the Federal Government will pay to have all his dental work done as long as he gets it done within one year after he gets out of the service.

# COMMENTS:

1. 35.85% of CCC's non-outreach veterans feel their needs were not met by the Employment Security Department, compared to the state total (19.01%).



## CLARK COMMUNITY COLLEGE

The average outreach veteran attending Clark Community College, Spring quarter 1973, is a male caucasian, 22 to 23 years old, married, with 2 or 3 dependents.

He entered the U.S. Army at the age of 17 or 18 years old in 1969, served 3 years of active duty, didn't serve in Vietnam, did not receive a service connected disability, and was discharged in 1972.

He has acquired 12 years of education, consisting of a high school diploma or G.E.D. (most likely a high school diploma). He is taking 12 to 14 quarter hours and is attending day classes.

He was employed before entry into the service and is now unemployed after holding three or more jobs since separation. He has been unemployed from one to three months and is not drawing unemployment compensation. He has mixed opinions on how he would rate the services he received from the Employment Security Department. He feels his job training in the military is applicable to civilian jobs. His wife is unemployed, he has neither applied for nor received food stamps, and has not received welfare since his discharge.

He may or may not have received adequate information about veterans services prior to being separated from the military. He first became aware of the



G.I. Bill and how to go about using it during active duty in the service. He has not used the G.I. Bill previously even though he knew it existed because he did not know how to go about getting it.

He heard about Veterans Outreach through personal contact. Before talking to an outreach worker he did not know that he could pay a lower tuition rate at most schools if he were a Vietnam veteran and that tutorial assistance was and is available. He believes, generally the Veterans Outreach services meets his needs and thinks that these services should be made available on a permanent basis at the individual institutions.

He thinks that veterans, whether they be Vietnam veterans or not, should be eligible for the state bonus.

He would support a state G.I. Bill in addition to the Federal G.I. Bill for all Vietnam-era veterans in order to pay the veterans total tuition at the Community College level.

He knows that the Federal Government will pay to have all his dental work done as long as he gets it done within one year after he leaves the service.



#### CLARK COMMUNITY COLLEGE

The average non-outreach veteran attending Clark Community College, Spring quarter 1973, is a male caucasian, 22 to 25 years old, married, with one or two dependents.

He entered the U.S. Army at the age of seventeen in 1969, served two years of active duty, did not serve in Vietnam, did not receive a service connected disability, and was discharged in 1971.

He has acquired twelve years of education, consisting of a high school diploma or G.E.D. (most likely a high school diploma). He is taking twelve or more quarter hours and is attending day classes.

He was employed before entry into the service and is now unemployed after holding three or more jobs since separation. He has been unemployed from one to three months and is not drawing unemployment compensation. He has mixed feelings on how he would rate the services he received from the Employment Security Department. He does not feel that his job training in the military is applicable to civilian jobs. His wife may or may not be employed, he has neither applied for nor received food stamps, and has not received welfare since his discharge.

He may or may not have received adequate information about veterans services prior to being separated from the military. He first became aware of the G.I. Bill and how to go about using it during active duty in the service. He has not used the G.1. Bill previously



even though he knew it existed but did not know how to go about getting it.

He heard about Veterans Outreach through personal contact. Before talking to an outreach worker he did not know that he could pay a lower tuition rate at most schools if he were a Vietnam veteran and that tutorial assistance was available. He believes the Veterans Outreach services meets his needs and thinks that these services should be made available on a permanent basis at the individual institutions.

He thinks that all veterans should be eligible for the state bonus.

He would support a State G.1. Bill in addition to the Federal G.1. Bill to pay the veterans' total tuition at the Community College level.

He knows that the Federal Government will pay to have all his dental work done as long as he gets it done within one year after he gets out of the service.



#### COLUMBIA BASIN COMMUNITY COLLEGE

The average non-outreach veteran attending Columbia Basin Community College, Spring quarter 1973, is a male caucasian, thirty or more years old, married, with two or four dependents.

He entered the U.S. Army at the age of seventeen before 1960, served one to two years of active duty, did not serve in Vietnam, did not receive a service connected disability, and was discharged from 1960 to August 4, 1964.

He has acquired twelve years of education, consisting of a high school diploma or G.E.D. (most likely a high school diploma). He is taking fifteen or more quarter hours and is attending day classes.

He was employed before entry into the service and is now unemployed after holding three or more jobs since separation. He has been unemployed from one to three months and is not drawing unemployment compensation. He has mixed opinions on how he would rate the services he received from the Employment Security Department. He does not feel that his job training in the military is applicable to civilian jobs. His wife is unemployed, he has neither applied for nor received food stamps, and has not received welfare since his discharge.

He may or may not have received adequate information about veterans services prior to being separated from the military. He first became aware of the G.I. Bill from outreach programs or during active duty in the service and how to go about using it during



active duty. He has used the G.I. Bill previously.

He heard about Veterans Outreach through personal contact. Before talking to an outreach worker he did not know that he could pay a lower tuition rate at most schools if he were a Vietnam veteran and that tutorial assistance was available. He believes the Veterans Outreach services meets his needs and thinks that these services should be made available on a permanent basis at the individual institutions.

He thinks that all veterans should be eligible for the state bonus.

He would support a State G.I. Bill in addition to the Federal G.I. Bill to pay the veterans' total tuition at the Community College level.

He may or may not know that the Federal Government will pay to have all his dental work done as long as he gets it done within one year after he gets out of the service.

## COMMENTS:

- 1. The number of non-outreach veterans sampled at CBCC who were seventeen years old at entry into the service is considerably higher than the state total (State 21.37% CBCC 34.62%).
- 2. 76.92% of CBCC's non-outreach veterans did not know before talking to an outreach worker about lower tuition at most schools for Vietnam veterans, compared to 51.33% of the state total.
- 3. 76.92% of CBCC's non-outreach veterans did not know about tutorial assistance compared to 61.60% of the state total.



- 4. 61.54% of CBCC's non-outreach veterans feel that their needs were totally met by Veterans Outreach.
- 5. CBCC has a considerably higher portion of their non-outreach sample in the thirty or over age bracket (53.85%) than the majority of the participating institutions (5tate 24.94%).
- 6. 19.23% of CBCC's non-outreach veterans have four dependents, while the state total only reflects 7%. 11.54% of CBCC's non-outreach veterans have six or more dependents with the state total only 2.89%.
- 7. 30.77% of CBCC's non-outreach veterans have a service connected disability compared to 14.83% of the state total.



#### **EVERETT COMMUNITY COLLEGE**

The average outreach veteran attending Everett Community College, Spring quarter 1973, is a male caucasian, 26 to 27 years old, married, with two dependents.

He entered the U.S. Army at the age of eighteen in 1966, served three years of active duty, did serve in Vietnam, did not receive a service connected disability, and was discharged in 1969.

He has acquired twelve years of education, consisting of a high school diploma or G.E.D. (most likely a high school degree). He is taking 12 to 14 quarter hours and is attending day classes.

He was employed before entry into the service and is now unemployed after holding three or more jobs since separation. He's been unemployed from one to three months and is not drawing unemployment compensation. He feels his needs were met by the Employment Security Department. He does not feel that his job training in the military is applicable to civilian jobs. His wife is unemployed, he has neither applied for nor received food stamps, and he has not received welfare since his discharge.

He may or may not have received adequate information about veterans services prior to being separated from the military. He first became aware of the G.I. Bill and how to go about using it during active duty in the service. He has not used the G.I. Bill previously even though he knew it existed, but did not know how to go



about getting it.

He heard about Veterans Outreach through personal contact. Before talking to an outreach worker he did not know that he could pay a lower tuition rate at most schools if he were a Vietnam veteran and that tutorial assistance was available. He believes the Veterans Outreach services meets his needs and thinks that these services should be made available on a permanent basis at the individual institutions.

He thinks that veterans, whether they served in Vietnam or not should be eligible for the state bonus.

He would support a State G.I. Bill in addition to the Federal G.I. Bill to pay the veterans' total tuition at the Community College level.

He doesn't know that the Federal Government will pay to have all his dental work done as long as he gets it done within one year after he gets out of the service.

#### **COMMENTS:**

- 1. A high percentage of EVCC's outreach veterans are taking 6 to 8 credits in comparison to the rest of the state. (State 7.16% EVCC 17.78%)
- 2. 73.33% of EVCC's outreach veterans did not know about tutorial assistance before talking to an outreach worker compared to 61.60% of the state total.
- 3. 77.78% of EVCC's outreach veterans did not know about lower tuition at most schools for Vietnam veterans compared to 51.23% of the state total.



- 4. 84.44% of EVCC's outreach veterans feel that their needs were totally met by Veterans Outreach (with none feeling their needs were not met) compared to 40.38% of the state total. (This indicates an extremely good and effective job is being done by EVCC's Veterans Outreach office.)
- 5. 88.89% of EVCC's outreach veterans feel that the Veterans Outreach services should be made available permanently compared to 72.47% of the state total.
- 6. 15.56% of EVCC's outreach veterans have acquired 9 to 11 years of education, and 4.44% from 1 to 8 years of education, compared to 5.17% from 9 to 11 years and 1.29% from 1 to 8 years, reflected in the state total.
- 7. 26.67% of EVCC's outreach first became aware of how to go about using the Gol. Bill from the Veterans Outreach program compared to 13.99% of the state total.
- 8. 48.89% of EVCC's outreach veterans heard about Veterans Outreach by personal contact compared to 34.75% of the state total.



#### **EVERETT COMMUNITY COLLEGE**

The average non-outreach veteran attending Everett Community College, Spring quarter 1973, is a male caucasian, 24 to 25 years old, married, with three dependents.

He entered the U.S. Army at the age of nineteen in 1969, served two years of active duty, did not serve in Vietnam, did not receive a service connected disability, and was discharged in 1971.

He has acquired twelve years of education, consisting of a high school diploma or G.E.D. (most likely a high school diploma). He is taking fifteen or more quarter hours and is attending day classes.

He was employed before entry into the service and is now unemployed after holding three or more jobs since separation. He has been unemployed from one to three months and is not drawing unemployment compensation, with mixed opinions on how he would rate the services received from the Employment Security Department. He feels that his job training in the military is applicable to civilian jobs. His wife is unemployed, he has neither applied for nor received food stamps, and has not received welfare since his discharge.

He did receive adequate information about veterans services prior to being discharged from the military. He first became aware of the G.I. Bill and how to go about using it during active duty in the service. He has used the G.I. Bill previously.

He heard about Veterans Outreach through personal contact. Before talking to an outreach worker he may or may not have known that he could pay a lower tuition rate at



most schools if he were a Vietnam veteran and did not know that tutorial assistance was available. He believes the Veterans Outreach services meets his needs and thinks that these services should be made available on a permanent basis at the individual institutions.

He thinks that all veterans should be eligible for the state bonus.

He would support a State G.I. Bill in addition to the Federal G.I. Bill to pay the veterans' total tuition at the Community College level.

He knows that the Federa! Government will pay to have all his dental work done as long as he gets it done within one year after he gets out of the service.



## FORT STEILACOOM COMMUNITY COLLEGE

The average outreach veteran attending Fort Steilacoom Community College,
Spring quarter 1973, is a male caucasian, 22 to 23 years old, married, with two
dependents.

He entered the U.S. Army at the age of eighteen in 1969, served three years of active duty, did serve in Vietnam, did receive a service connected disability, and was discharged in 1972.

He has acquired twelve years of education consisting of a high school diploma or G.E.D. (most likely a high school diploma). He is taking fifteen or more quarter hours and is attending day classes.

He was employed before entry into the service and is unemployed after holding one job since separation. He's been unemployed from one to three months and is not drawing unemployment compensation. He feels his needs were met by Employment Security. He does not feel that his job training in the military is applicable to civilian jobs. His wife is unemployed, he has neither applied for nor received food stamps, and has not received welfare since his discharge.

He did not receive adequate information about veterans services prior to being separated from the military. He first became aware of the G.I. Bill and how to go about using it during active duty in the service. He has not used the G.I. Bill previously even though he knew it existed but did not know how to go about getting it.



He heard about Veterans Outreach through personal contact. Before talking to an outreach worker he did not know that he could pay a lower tuition rate at most schools if he were a Vietnam veteran and that tutorial assistance was available. He rates the Veterans Outreach services as meeting his needs and thinks that these scrvices should be made available on a permanent basis at the individual institutions.

He thinks that all veterans should be eligible for the state bonus.

He would support a State G.1. Bill in addition to the Federal G.1. Bill to pay the veterans' total tuition at the community college level.

He knows that the Federal Government will pay to have all his dental work done as long as he gets it done within one year after he gets out of the service.

# COMMENTS:

- 1. 65% of FSCC's outreach veterans did not know, before talking to an outreach worker, about lower tuition at most schools for Vietnam veterans compared to 51.33% of the state total.
- 2. FSCC has a considerably higher portion of their outreach sample in the 30 or over age bracket (45%) than the majority of the participating institutions.

  (State 24.94%)
- 3. FSCC has a considerably higher representation of blacks in its outreach sample (27.50%) than the majority of the schools (State 5.36%).



- 4. 15% of FSCC's outreach veterans have four dependents while the state total only reflects 7%.
- 5. 27.50% of FSCC's outreach veterans have a service connected disability compared to 14.83% of the state rotal.
- 6. 12.50% of FSCC's outreach veterans have acquired nine to eleven years of education compared to 5.17% of the state total.
- 7. 32.50% of FSCC's outreach veterans heard about Veterans by newspapers compared to 5.78% of the state total. 17.50% of FSCC's outreach veterans heard about Veterans Outreach by letter compared to 4.18% of the state total.



# GREEN RIVER COMMUNITY COLLEGE

The average non-outreach veteran attending Green River Community College,

Spring quarter 1973, is a male caucasian, 24 to 25 years old, married, with one or three dependents.

He entered the U.S. Navy at the age of eighteen in 1968, served three years of active duty, did serve in Vietnam, did not receive a service connected disability, and was discharged in 1971.

He has acquired twelve years of education, consisting of a high school diploma or G.E.D. (most likely a high school diploma). He is taking twelve or more quarter hours and is attending day classes.

He was employed before entry into the service. He has held three or more jobs since separation and is not drawing unemployment compensation. He feels that his job training in the military is applicable to civilian jobs. His wife is unemployed, and he had neither applied for nor received food stamps, and has not received welfare since his discharge.

He did receive adequate information about veterans services prior to being separated from the military. He first became aware of the G.I. Bill and how to go about using it during active duty in the service. He has used the G.I. previously.

Before talking to an outreach worker he did know that he could pay a lower tuition rate at most schools if he were a Vietnam veteran and did not know that tutorial assistance

was available. He believes the Veterans Outreach services meets his needs and thinks that these services should be made available on a permanent basis at the individual institutions.

He thinks that all veterans should not be eligible for the state bonus.

He would support a State G.I. Bill in addition to the Federal G.I. Bill to pay the veterans' total tuition at the Community College level.

He knows that the Federal Government will pay to have all his dental work done as long as he gets it done within one year after he gets out of the service.



## GRAYS HARBOR COMMUNITY COLLEGE

The average outreach veteran attending Grays Harbor Community College, Spring quarter 1973, is a male caucasian, 22 to 23 years old.

He entered the U.S. Army at the age of eighteen in 1969, served three years of active duty, did serve in Vietnam, did not receive a service connected disability, and was discharged in 1972.

He has acquired twelve years of education, consisting of a high school diploma or G.E.D. (most likely a high school diploma). He is taking fifteen or more quarter hours and is attending day classes.

He was employed before entry into the service and is now unemployed after hold—ing three or more jobs since separation. He's been unemployed from one to three months and is not drawing unemployment compensation, with mixed opinions on how he would rate the services he received from the Employment Security Department. He may or may not feel that his job training in the military is applicable to civilian jobs. He has neither applied for nor received welfare since his discharge.

He did receive adequate information about veterans services prior to being separated from the military. He first became aware of the G.I. Bill and how to go about using it during active duty in the service. He has used the G.I. Bill previously.

He heard about Veterans Outreach through personal contact. Before talking to an outreach worker he did not know that he could pay a lower tuition rate at most



schools if he were a Vietnam veteran and that tutorial assistance was available. He believes the Veterans Outreach services meets his needs and thinks that these services should be made available on a permanent basis at the individual institutions.

He thinks that all veterans should be eligible for the state bonus.

He would support a State G.I. Bill in addition to the Federal G.I. Bill to pay the veterans' total tuition at the Community College level.

He knows that the Federal Government will pay to have all his dental work done as long as he gets it done within one year after he gets out of the service.

# **COMMENTS:**

1. 70% of GHCC's outreach veterans feel their needs were totally met by Veterans Outreach compared to 40.38% of the state total (this indicates a good job is being done at GHCC).



#### HIGHLINE COMMUNITY COLLEGE

The average outreach veteran attending Highline Community College, Spring quarter 1973, is a male caucasian, 28 to 29 years old, married, with one dependent.

He entered the U.S. Army at the age of nineteen from August 5, 1964 – 1968, served three to six years of active duty, did serve in Vietnam, did not receive a service connected disability, and was discharged in 1971.

He has acquired twelve years of education, consisting of a high school diploma or G.E.D. (most likely a high school diploma). He is taking twelve to fourteen quarter hours and is attending day classes.

He was employed before entry into the service and may or may not be employed at this time. He is not drawing unemployment compensation, with mixed opinions about how he would rate the services he received from the Employment Security Department. He does not feel that his job training in the military is applicable to civilian jobs. His wife is employed, he has neither applied for nor received food stamps, and has not received welfare since his discharge.

He did not receive adequate information about veterans services prior to being separated from the military. He first became aware of the G.I. Bill from a local veterans organization and how to go about using it during active duty in the service. He has not used the G.I. Bill previously even though he knew it existed but did not know how to go about getting it.

He heard about Veterans Outreach through personal contact. Before talking to an outreach worker he did not know that he could pay a lower tuition rate at most schools if he were a Vietnam veteran and that tutorial assistance was available. He believes that the Veterans Outreach services meets his needs and thinks that these services should be made available on a permanent basis at the individual institutions.

He thinks that veterans, whether they were in Vietnam or not, should be eligible for the state bonus.

He would not support a State  $G_{\bullet}I_{\bullet}$  Bill to pay the veterans total tuition at the Community College level.

He doesn't know that the Federal Government will pay to have all his dental work done as long as he gets it done within one year after he gets out of the service.

#### **COMMENTS:**

- 1. The number of outreach veterans sampled at HCC, who were seventeen years old at entry into the services is considerably lower than the state total (State 26.37% HCC 3.23%).
- 2. 87.10% of HCC's outreach veterans did not know before talking to an outreach worker about the lower tuition at most schools for Vietnam veterans compared to 56.33% of the state total.
- 3. 96.77% of HCC's outreach veterans did not know about tutorial assistance before talking to an outreach worker compared to 61.60% of the state total.



- 4. None of the outreach veterans at HCC feel their needs were not met.
- 5. 87.10% of HCC's outreach veterans feel the Veterans Outreach services should be made available on a permanent basis compared to 72.47% of the state total.
- 6. 29.03% of HCC's outreach veterans first became aware of how to go about using the G.I. Bill from the Veterans Outreach program compared to 13.99% of the state total.
- 7. 35.48% of HCC's outreach veterans heard about Veterans Outreach by personal contact, compared to 4.18% of the state total.



## NORTH SEATTLE COMMUNITY COLLEGE

The average non-outreach veteran attending North Seattle Community College,

Spring quarter 1973, is a male caucasian, 24 to 27 years old, married, with three dependents.

He entered the U.S. Army at the age of eighteen years in 1967, served three years of active duty, did not serve in Vietnam, did not receive a service connected disability, and was discharged in 1970.

He has acquired twelve years of education, consisting of a high school diploma or G.E.D. (most likely a high school diploma). He is taking fifteen or more quarter hours and is attending day classes.

He was employed before entry into the service and has held three or more jobs since separation. He is not drawing unemployment compensation, with mixed opinions on how he would rate the services he received from the Employment Security Department. He does not feel that his job training in the military is applicable to civilian jobs. His wife is unemployed, he has neither applied for nor received food stamps, and has not received welfare since his discharge.

He did receive adequate information about veterans services prior to being separated from the military. He first became aware of the G.I. Bill and how to go about using it during active duty in the service. He has not used the G.I. Bill previously because he knew it existed but did not know how to go about getting it.



He heard about Veterans Outreach through personal contact. Before talking to an outreach worker he did not know that he could pay a lower tuition rate at most schools if he were a Vietnam veteran and that tutorial assistance was available. He believes the Veterans Outreach services meets his needs and thinks that these services should be made available on a permanent basis at the individual institutions.

He thinks that all veterans should be eligible for the state bonus.

He would support a State G.I. Bill in addition to the Federal G.I. Bill to pay the veterans' total tuition at the Community College level.

He knows that the Federal Government will pay to have all his dental work done as long as you get it done within one year after he gets out of the service.

# OLYMPIC COMMUNITY COLLEGE

The average non-outreach veteran attending Olympic Community College, Spring quarter 1973, is a male caucasian, thirty years old or older, married, with three dependents.

He entered the U.S. Navy at the age of eighteen from August 5, 1964 to 1968, served three to six years of active duty, did not serve in Vietnam, did not receive a service connected disability, and was discharged in 1971 or 1972.

He has acquired twelve years of education, consisting of a high school diploma or G.E.D. (most likely a high school diploma). He is taking twelve to fourteen quarter hours and is attending day classes.

He was employed before entry into the service and is now unemployed after holding three or more jobs since separation. He has been unemployed from one to three months and is not drawing unemployment compensation, with mixed opinions on how he would rate the services he received from the Employment Security Department. He feels that his job training in the military is applicable to civilian jobs. His wife is unemployed, he has neither applied for nor received food stamps, and has not received welfare since his discharge.

He did receive adequate information about veterans services prior to being separated from the military. He first became aware of the G.I. Bill and how to go about using it during active duty in the service. He has not used the G.I. Bill previously even though he knew it existed but did not know how to go about getting it.



He heard about Veterans Outreach through personal contact. Before talking to an outreach worker he did not know that he could pay a lower tuition rate at most schools if he were a Vietnam veteran and tutorial assistance was available. He believes the Veterans Outreach serves his needs and thinks that these services should be made available on a permanent basis at the individual institutions.

He thinks that all veterans should be eligible for the state bonus.

He would support a State G.I. Bill in addition to the Federal G.I. Bill to pay the veterans' total tuition at the Community College level.

He knows that the Federal Government will pay to have all his dental work done as long as he gets it done within one year after he gets out of the service.

# COMMENTS:

1. OCC has a considerably higher portion of their non-outreach sample in the thirty or over age bracket (42.73%) than the majority of the participating institutions (State - 24.94%).



## OLYMPIC VOCATIONAL AND TECHINCAL INSTITUTE

The average outreach veteran attending Olympic Vocational and Technical Institute, Spring quarter 1973, is a male caucasian, 24 to 27 years old, married, with one dependent.

He entered the U.S. Army at the age of eighteen in 1969, served three years of active duty, did not serve in Vietnam, did not receive a service connected disability, and was discharged in 1972.

He has acquired twelve years of education, consisting of a high school diploma or G.E.D. (most likely a high school diploma). He is taking six to eight quarter hours and is attending day classes.

He was employed before entry into the service and is now unemployed after holding three or more jobs since separation. He's been unemployed from one to three months and is not drawing unemployment compensation. He feel his needs were partially met by the Employment Security Department. He does not feel that his job training in the military is applicable to civilian jobs. His wife is employed, he has neither applied for nor received food stamps, and has not received welfare since his discharge.

He did receive adequate information about veterans services prior to being separated from the military. He first became aware of the G.I. Bill and how to go about using it during active duty in the service. He has not used the G.I. Bill previously because he could not get correct information or was misinformed.



He heard about Veterans Outreach through personal contact. Before talking to an outreach worker he did not know that he could pay a lower tuition rate at most schools if he were a Vietnam veteran and that tutorial assistance is available. He believes the Veterans Outreach services meets his needs and thinks that these services should be made available on a permanent basis at the individual institutions.

He thinks that all vererans should be eligible for the state bonus.

He would support a State G.1. Bill in addition to the Federal G.1. Bill to pay the veterans' total tuition at the Community College level.

He knows that the Federal Government will pay to have all his dental work done as long as he gets it done within one year after he gets out of the service.

- 1. A high percentage of OVTI's outreach veterans are taking one to five credits in comparison to the rest of the state (State 7.91% OVTI 20.69%). A high percentage of OVTI's outreach veterans are taking six to eight credits in comparison to the rest of the state (State 7.16% OVTI 55.17%).
- 2. 13.79% of OVTI's outreach veterans (26.67% of those who rated the program) feel their needs were not met by Veterans Outreach, compared to 5.94% of the total outreach veterans sampled.
- 3. OVTI has a considerably higher portion of their outreach sample in the thirty or over age bracket (44.83%) than the majority of the participating institutions.



## PENINSULA COMMUNITY COLLEGE

The average outreach veteran attending Peninsula Community College, Spring quarter 1973, is a male caucasian, 20 to 21 years old.

He entered the U.S. Army at the age of eighteen in 1971, served three years of active duty, did serve in Vietnam, did not receive a service connected disability, and was discharged in 1973.

He has acquired twelve years of education, consisting of a high school diploma or G.E.D. (most likely a high school diploma). He is taking twelve or more quarter hours and is attending both day and night classes.

He was employed before entry into the service and is now unemployed after holding three or more jobs since separation. He's been unemployed from one to three months
and is not drawing unemployment compensation. He feels that his needs were met by the
Employment Security Department. He may or may not feel that his job training in the
military is applicable to civilian jobs. He has neither applied for nor received food
stamps and has not received welfare since his discharge.

He did receive adequate information about veterans services prior to being separated from the military. He first became aware of the G.I. Bill and how to go about using it during active duty in the service. He has used the G.I. Bill previously.

He heard about Veterans Outreach through personal contact. Before talking to an outreach worker he did not know that he could pay a lower tuition rate at most schools if



he were a Vietnam veteran and that tutorial assistance is available. He believes the Veterans Outreach services meets his needs and thinks that these services should be made available on a permanent basis at the individual institutions.

He thinks that all veterans should be eligible for the state bonus.

He would support a State G.I. Bill in addition to the Federal G.I. Bill to pay the veterans' total tuition at the Community College level.

He doesn't know that the Federal Government will pay to have all his dental work done as long as he gets it done within one year after discharge.

- 1. PCC appears to have a much higher percentage of draftees among its outreach veterans than the other schools in general (State 24.10% PCC 66.67%).
- 2. 16.67% of PCC's outreach veterans have six or more dependents while the state total only reflects 2.81%.
- 3. 41.67% of PCC's outreach veterans feel their needs were met by the Employment Security Department compared to the state total (21.60%).



## SHORELINE COMMUNITY COLLEGE

The average outreach veteran attending Shoreline Community College, Spring quarter 1973, is a male caucasian, 22 to 23 years old, married, with one dependent.

He entered the U.S. Army at the age of eighteen in 1969, served four years of active duty, did not serve in Vietnam, did not receive a service connected disability, and was discharged in 1973.

He has acquired twelve years of education, consisting of a high school diploma or G.E.D. (most likely a G.E.D.). He is taking 12 to 24 quarter hours and is attending day classes.

He was employed before entry into the service and is now employed after holding three or more jobs since separation. He's been unemployed from one to three months and is not drawing unemployment compensation. He has mixed feelings about how he would rate the services he received from the Employment Security Department. He feels that his job training in the military is applicable to civilian jobs. His wife is employed, he has neither applied for nor received food stamps, and has not received welfare since his discharge.

He did receive adequate information about veterans services prior to being separated from the military. He first became aware of the G.I. Bill and how to go about using it during active duty in the service. He has not used the G.I. Bill previously even though he knew it existed, but did not know how to go about using it or because he has been out



of the service less than three months.

He heard about Veterans Outreach through personal contact. Before talking to an outreach worker he did not know that he could pay a lower tuition rate at most schools if he were a Vietnam veteran and that tutorial assistance was available. He believes the Veterans Outreach services meets his needs and thinks that these services should be made available on a permanent basis at the individual institutions.

He thinks that veterans, whether they were in Vietnam or not, should be eligible for the state bonus.

He would support a State G.I. Bill in addition to the Federal G.I. Bill to pay the veterans' total tuition at the Community College level.

He knows that the Federal Government will pay to have all his dental work done as long as he gets it done within one year after discharge.

#### COMMENTS:

1. 84.38% of SHCC's outreach veterans feel the Veterans Outreach services should be made available permanently compared to 72.47% of the state total.



#### SHORELINE COMMUNITY COLLEGE

The average non-outreach veteran attending Shoreline Community College, Spring quarter 1973, is a male caucasian, 22 to 25 years old, married, with one or two dependents.

He entered the U.S. Army at the age of eighteen from August 5, 1964 to 1968, served three to six years of active duty, did serve in Vietnam, did not receive a service connected disability, and was discharged in 1971 or 1972.

He has acquired twelve years of education, consisting of a high school diploma or G.E.D. (most likely a high school diploma). He is taking fifteen or more quarter hours and is attending day classes.

He was employed before entry into the service and is now unemployed after holding three or more jobs since separation. He has been unemployed from one to three months and is not drawing unemployment compensation. He feels his needs were met or partially met by the Employment Security Department. He does not feel that his job training in the military is applicable to civilian jobs. His wife is employed, and he has neither applied for nor received food stamps. He has not received welfare since his discharge.

He did receive adequate information about veterans services prior to being separated from the military. He first became aware of the G.I. Bill and how to go



about using it during active duty in the service. He has used the G.I. Bill previously.

He heard about Veterans Outreach through personal contact. Before talking to an outreach worker he did not know that he could pay a lower tuition rate at most schools if he were a Vietnam veteran and that tutorial assistance was available. He believes the Veterans Outreach services meets his needs and thinks that these services should be made available on a permanent basis at the individual institutions.

He thinks that veterans, whether they were in Vietnam or not should be eligible for the state bonus.

He would support a State G.I. Bill in addition to the Federal G.I. Bill to pay the veterans total tuition at the Community College level.

He knows that the Federal Government will pay to have all his dental work done as long as he gets it done within one year after he gets out of the service.



## SKAGIT VALLEY COMMUNITY COLLEGE

The average outreach veteran attending Skagit Valley Community College, Spring quarter 1973, is a male caucasian, 24 to 25 years old, married, with two dependents.

He entered the U.S. Army at the age of nineteen in 1969, served three years of active duty, did serve in Vietnam, did not receive a service connected disability, and was discharged in 1972.

He has acquired twelve years of education, consisting of a high school diploma or G.E.D (most likely a high school diploma). He is taking fifteen or more quarter hours and is attending day classes.

He was employed before entry into the service and is now unemployed after holding one job since separation. He has been unemployed from one to six months and is not drawing unemployment compensation. He feels his needs were not met by the Employment Security Department. He feels that his job training in the military is applicable to civilian jobs. His wife is unemployed, he has neither applied for nor received food stamps, and has not received welfare since his discharge.

He did receive adequate information about veterans services prior to being separated from the military. He first became aware of the G.I. Bill and how to go about using it during active duty in the service. He has used the G.I. Bill previously.



He heard about Veterans Outreach through personal contact. Before talking to an outreach worker he did know that he could pay a lower tuition rate at most schools if he were a Vietnam veteran and did not know that tutorial assistance is available. He believes the Veterans Outreach services meets his needs and thinks that these services should be made available on a permanent basis at the individual institutions.

He thinks that all veterans should be eligible for the state bonus.

He would support a State G.I. Bill in addition to the Federal G.I. Bill to pay the veterans' total tuition at the Community College level.

He knows that the Federal Government will pay to have all his dental work done as long as he gets it done within one year after he gets out of the service.

# COMMENTS:

1. 37.50% of SVCC's outreach veterans feel their needs were not met by the Employment Security Department, compared to the state total (19.01%).



## SPOKANE COMMUNITY COLLEGE

The overage outreoch veteron attending Spokone Community College, Spring quarter 1973, is a mole coucasion, 26 to 27 years old, married, with three dependents.

He entered the U.S. Army of the oge of seventeen in 1966, served three years of active duty, did not serve in Vietnom, did not receive a service connected disability, and was discharged in 1969.

He has ocquired twelve years of education, consisting of a high school diploma or G.E.D. (most likely a G.E.D.). He is taking fifteen or more quarter hours and is ottending day classes.

He was employed before entry into the service and has held three or more jobs since separation. He is not drowing unemployment compensation. He feels his needs were not met by the Employment Security Department. He does not feel that his job training in the military is applicable to civilian jobs. His wife is unemployed, he has neither applied for nor received food stamps, and has not received welfare since his discharge.

He did not receive odequote information about veterons services prior to being separated from the military. He first become oware of the G.I. Bill from a local veterons organization or outreach program and how to go about using it during active duty in the service. He has not used the G.I. Bill previously because he could not get correct information (or was misinformed).



He heard about Veterans Outreach through personal contact. Before talking to an outreach worker he did not know that he could pay a lower tuition rate at most schools if he were a Vietnam veteran and that tutorial assistance is available. He believes the Veterans Outreach services meets his needs and thinks that these services should be made available on a permanent basis at the individual institutions.

He thinks that all veterans should be eligible for the state bonus.

He would support a State G.I. Bill in addition to the Federal G.I. Bill to pay the veterans' total tuition at the Community College level.

He knows that the federal Government will pay to have all his dental work done as long as he gets it done within one year after he gets out of the service.

- 1. The number of outreach veterans sampled at SPCC, who were seventeen years old at entry into the military is considerably higher than the state total (State 21.37% SPCC 50%).
- 2. 78.57% of SPCC's outreach veterans did not know before talking to an outreach worker about lower tuition at most schools for Vietnam veterans compared to 51.33% of the state total.
- 3. 85.71% of SPCC's outreach veterans did not know about tutorial assistance before talking to an outreach worker compared to 61.60% of the state total.
  - 4. 100% of SPCC's outreach veterans feel the Veterans Outreach services should



be made available permanently compared to 72.47% of the state total.

- 5. SPCC has considerably higher portions of its outreach sample in the 30 or over age bracket (42.86%) than the majority of the participating institutions (State 24.94%).
- 6. 28.57% of SPCC's outreach veterans have a service connected disability compared to 14.83% of the state total.
- 7. 7.14% of SPCC's outreach veterans have acquired one to eight years of education compared to 1.29% of the state total.
- 8. 35.71% of SPCC's outreach veterans feel their needs were not met by the Employment Security Department compared to 19.01% of the state total.
- 9. 28.57% of SPCC's outreach veterans first became aware of how to go about using the G.I. Bill from the Veterans Outreach program compared to 8.82% of the state total.
- 10. 21.34% of SPCC's outreach veterans first became aware of their eligibility for the G.I. Bill from the Veterans Outreach services, compared to 8.82% of the state total.
- 11. 14.29% of SPCC's outreach veterans heard about Veterans Outreach by radio, compared to 3.04% of the state total. 7.14% of SPCC's outreach veterans heard about Veterans Outreach by TV compared to 3.42% of the state total.



## SPOKANE COMMUNITY COLLEGE

The average non-outreach veteran attending Spokane Community College, Spring quarter 1973, is a male caucasian, 24 to 25 years old, married, with two dependents.

He entered the U.S. Army or Navy at the age of eighteen in 1969, served four years of active duty, did not serve in Vietnam, did not receive a service connected disability, and was discharged in 1973.

He has acquired twelve years of education, consisting of a high school diploma or G.E.D. (most likely a high school diploma). He is taking twelve to fourteen quarter hours and is attending day classes.

He was employed before entry into the service and is now unemployed after holding two or more jobs since separation. He has been unemployed from one to three months and is not drawing unemployment compensation. He feels his needs were either met or partially met by the Employment Security Department. He does not feel that his job training in the military is applicable to civilian jobs. His wife is unemployed, he has neither applied for nor received food stamps, and has not received welfare since his discharge.

He did receive adequate information about veterans services prior to being discharged. He first became aware of the G.I. Bill and how to go about using it during active duty in the service. He has not used the G.I. Bill previously even though he knew it existed but didn't know how to go about getting it.

He heard about Veterans Outreach through personal contact. Before talking to an outreach worker he did not know that he could pay a lower tuition rate at most schools if he were a Vietnam veteran and that tutorial assistance was available. He thinks that these services should be made available on a permanent basis at the individual institutions.

He thinks that veterans, whether they were in Vietnam or not should be eligible for the state bonus.

He would support a State G.I. Bill in addition to the Federal G.I. Bill to pay the veterans' total tuition at the Community College level.

He doesn't know that the Federal Government will pay to have all his dental work done as long as he gets it done within one year after he gets out of the service.



#### SOUTH SEATTLE COMMUNITY COLLEGE

The average non-outreach veteran attending South Seattle Community College,

Spring quarter 1973, is a male caucasian, 24 to 25 years old, single, with zero dependents.

He entered the U.S. Army at the age of eighteen in 1968, served three years of active duty, did serve in Vietnam, did not receive a service connected disability, and was discharged in 1971.

He had employed twelve years of education, consisting of a high school diploma or G.E.D. (most likely a high school diploma). He is taking fifteen or more quarter hours and is attending day classes.

He was employed before entry into the service and is now unemployed after holding three or more jobs since separation. He has been unemployed over twenty-four months and is not drawing unemployment compensation. He feels his needs were not met by the Employment Security Department. He does not feel that his job training in the military is applicable to civilian jobs. He has neither applied for nor received food stamps and has not received welfare since his discharge.

He did not receive adequate information about veterans services prior to being separated from the military. He first became aware of the G.I. Bill and how to go about using it during active duty in the service. He has used the G.I. Bill previously.

He heard about Veterans Outreach through personal contact. Before talking to an outreach worker he did not know that he could pay a lower tuition rate at most schools if he were a Vietnam veteran and that tutorial assistance was available. He has mixed opinions on how he would rate the Veterans Outreach and thinks that these services should be made available on a permanent basis at the individual institutions.

He thinks that all veterans should be eligible for the state bonus.

He would support a State G.I. Bill in addition to the Federal G.I. Bill to pay the veterans' total tuition at the Community College level.

He knows that the Federal Government will pay to have all his dental work done as long as he gets it done within one year after he gets out of the service.

- 1. SSCC in its non-outreach sample had 53.70% of the sample single and 38.89% married while the state total had about the reverse (34.22% single 58.25% married).
- 2. A high percentage of non-outreach veterans SSCC are taking one to five credits, in comparison to the rest of the state (State 7.91% SSCC 25.93%).
- 3. 38.89% of SSCC's non-outreach veterans feel their needs were not met by the Employment Security Department compared to the state total 19.01%.



#### TACOMA COMMUNITY COLLEGE

The average outreach veteran attending Tacoma Community College, Spring quarter 1973, is a male caucasian, 22 to 23 years old, married, with three dependents.

He entered the U.S. Army at the age of eighteen in 1969, served three years of active duty, did not serve in Vietnam, did not receive a service connected disability, and was discharged in 1973.

He has acquired twelve years of education, consisting of a high school diploma or G.E.D. (most likely a G.E.D.). He is taking fifteen or more credit hours and is attending day classes.

He was employed before entry into the service. He is not drawing unemployment compensation and he feels his needs were met by the Employment Security Department. He feels that his job training in the military is applicable to civilian jobs. His wife is employed, he has neither applied for nor received food stamps, and has not received welfare since his discharge.

He did receive adequate information about veterans services prior to being separated from the military. He first became aware of the Golo Bill and how to go about using it during active duty in the service. He has used the Golo Bill previously.

He heard about Veterans Outreach through personal contact. Before talking to an outreach worker he did not know that he could pay a lower tuition rate at most schools if he were a Vietnam veteran and that tutorial assistance was available. He believes the Veterans Outreach services meets his needs and thinks that these services should be made available on a permanent basis at the individual institutions.

He thinks that all veterans should be eligible for the state bonus.

He would support a State G.I. Bill in addition to the Federal G.I. Bill to pay the veterans' total tuition at the Community College level.

He knows that the Federal Government will pay to have all his dental work done as long as he gets it done within one year after he gets out of the service.

## **COMMENTS:**

1. TCC has a considerably higher representation of blacks in its outreach sample (16.24%) than the majority of the schools (State - 5.36%).



#### WALLA WALLA COMMUNITY COLLEGE

The average outreach veteran attending Walla Walla Community College, Spring quarter 1973, is a male caucasian, 26 to 27 years old, single, with no dependents.

He entered the U.S. Army at the age of eighteen in 1969, served three years of active duty, did serve in Vietnam, did not receive a service connected disability, and was discharged in 1973.

He has acquired twelve years of education, consisting of a high school diploma or G.E.D. (most likely a high school diploma). He is taking fifteen or more quarter hours and is attending day classes.

He may or may not have been employed before entry into the service and is now unemployed after holding three or more jobs since separation. He has been unemployed from four to nine months and is not drawing unemployment compensation. He feels his needs were partially met by the Employment Security Department. He does not feel his job training in the military is applicable to civilian jobs. He had neither applied for nor received food stamps and has not received welfare since his discharge.

He did receive adequate information about veterans services prior to being separated from the military. He first became aware of the G.I. Bill and how to go about using it during active duty in the service. He has used the G.I. Bill previously.

He heard about Veterans Outreach through personal contact. Before talking to an outreach worker he did know that he could pay a lower tuition rate at most schools if he



were a Vietnam veteran but he did not know that tutorial assistance is available. He believes the Veterans Outreach services meets his needs and thinks that these services should be made available on a permanent basis at the individual institutions.

He thinks that all veterans should be eligible for the state bonus.

He would support a State G.I. Bill in addition to the Federal G.I. Bill to pay the veterans' total tuition at the Community College level.

He knows that the Federal Government will pay to have all his dental work done as long as he gets it done within one year after he gets out of the service.

- 1. 71.43% of WWCC's outreach veterans feel their needs were totally met by Veterans Outreach (none feel their needs were not met) compared to 40.38% of the state total. (This indicates a good job is being done at WWCC).
- 2. WWCC has a considerably higher representation of blacks in its outreach sample (14.29%) than the majority of the schools (State 5.63%).
- 3. A high percentage of WWCC's outreach veterans are taking six to eight credits compared to the rest of the state (State - 7.16% WWCC - 23.81%).
- 4. 71.43% of WWCC's outreach veterans heard about Veterans Outreach by personal contact compared to 34.75% of the total veterans.



#### WALLA WALLA COMMUNITY COLLEGE

The average non-outreach veteran attending Walla Walla Community College,

Spring quarter 1973, is a male caucasian, 22 to 23 years old, married, with two dependents.

He entered the U.S. Marine Corps at the age of seventeen or eighteen in 1969, served two years of active duty, did serve in Vietnam, did not receive a service connected disability, and was discharged in 1971.

He has acquired twelve years of education, consisting of a high school diploma or G.E.D. (most likely a high school diploma). He is taking twelve to fourteen quarter hours and is attending day classes.

He was employed before entry into the service and is now unemployed after holding three or more jobs since separation. He has been unemployed from one to nine months and is not drawing unemployment compensation, with mixed opinions on how he would rate the services he received from the Employment Security Department. He does not feel that his job training in the military is applicable to civilian jobs. His wife is unemployed, he has neither received nor applied for food stamps, and has not received welfare since his discharge.

He did receive adequate information about veterans services prior to being separated from the military. He first became aware of the G.I. Bill and how to go about using it



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during active duty in the service. He has used the G.I. Bill previously.

He heard about Veterans Outreach through personal contact. Before talking to an outreach worker he did not know that he could pay a lower tuition rate at most schools if he were a Vietnam veteran and that tutorial assistance was available. He believes the Veterans Outreach services meets his needs and thinks that these services should be made available on a permanent basis at the individual institutions.

He thinks that all veterans should not be eligible for the state bonus.

He would support a State G.I. Bill in addition to the Federal G.I. Bill to pay the veterans' total tuition at the Community College level.

He knows that the Federal Government will pay to have all his dental work done as long as he gets it done within one year after he gets out of the service.

#### COMMENTS:

1. The number of non-outreach veterans sampled at WWCC, who were seventeen years old at entry into the service is considerably higher than the state total (State - 21.37% WWCC - 32%).



#### WENATCHEE VALLEY COMMUNITY COLLEGE

The average outreach veteran attending Wenatchee Valley Community College, Spring quarter 1973, is a male caucosian, 26 to 27 years old, married, with three dependents.

He entered the U.S. Navy at the age of eighteen in 1966, served three years of active duty, did not serve in Vietnam, did not receive a service connected disability, and was discharged in 1969.

He has acquired one to three years of additional training, with no college degree yet acquired. He is taking fifteen or more quarter hours and is attending day classes.

He was employed before entry into the service and is now unemployed after holding three or more jobs since separation. He has been unemployed from one to three months and is not drawing unemployment compensation. He feels his needs were partially met by the Employment Security Department. He feels that his job training in the military is applicable to civilian jobs. His wife is employed, he has neither applied for nor received food stamps, and has not received welfare since his discharge.

He did not receive adequate information about veterans services prior to being separated from the military. He first became aware of the Golo Bill and how to go about using it during active duty in the service. He has used the Golo Bill previously.

He heard about Veterans Outreach through personal contact. Before talking to an



outreach worker he did not know that he could pay a lower tuition rate at most schools if he were a Vietnam veteran and that tutorial assistance was available. He believes the Veterans Outreach services meets his needs and thinks that these services should be made available on a permanent basis at the individual institutions.

He thinks that all veterans should not be eligible for the state bonus.

He would support a State G.I. Bill in addition to the Federal G.I. Bill to pay the veterans' total tuition at the Community College level.

He knows that the Federal Government will pay to have all his dental work done as long as he gets it done within one year after he gets out of the service.

- 1. 78.57% of WVCC's outreach veterans did not know about tutorial assistance compared to 61.60% of the state total.
- 2. 85.71% of WVCC's outreach veterans feel their needs were totally met by Veterans Outreach (none feel their needs were not met) compared to 40.38% of the state total (This indicates an extremely good and effective job is being done by WWCC's Veterans Outreach office).
- 3. 92.86% of WVCC's outreach veterans feel that Veterans Outreach services should be made available permanently compared to 72.47% of the state total.
- 4. 7.14% of WVCC's outreach veterans have acquired one to eight years of education compared with 1.29% of the state total.



5. 14.29% of WVCC's outreach veterans heard about Veterans Outreach by newspaper, compared to 5.78% of the state total. 57.14% of WVCC's outreach veterans heard about Veterans Outreach by personal contact compared to 34.75% of the state total.



## WHATCOM COMMUNITY COLLEGE

The average outreach veteran attending Whatcom Community College, Spring quarter 1973, is a male caucasian, 22 to 23 years old, married, with three dependents.

He entered the U.S. Army at the age of seventeen or nineteen in 1968, served two years of active duty, did not serve in Vietnam, did not receive a service connected disability, and was discharged in 1970.

He has acquired twelve years of education, consisting of a high school diploma or G<sub>o</sub>E<sub>o</sub>D<sub>o</sub>. (most likely a high school diploma). He is taking twelve to fourteen quarter hours and is attending day classes.

He was employed before entry into the service and is now unemployed after holding three or more jobs since separation. He has been unemployed from one to three months and is not drawing unemployment compensation. He feels his needs were not met by the Employment Security Department. He does not feel that his job training in the military is applicable to civilian jobs. His wife is unemployed, he has neither applied for nor received food stamps, and has not received welfare since his discharge.

He did receive adequate information about veterans services prior to being separated from the military. He first became aware of the Golo Bill and how to go about using it during active duty in the service. He has not used the Golo Bill previously even though he knew it existed but did not know how to go about getting it.



He heard about Veterans Outreach through personal contact. Before talking to an outreach worker he did know that he could pay a lower tuition rate at most schools if he were a Vietnam veteran and that tutorial assistance was available. He believes the Veterans Outreach services meets his needs and thinks that these services should be made available on a permanent basis at the individual institutions.

He thinks all veterans should not be eligible for the state bonus.

He would support a State G.I. Bill in addition to the Federal G.I. Bill to pay the veterans' total tuition at the Community College level.

He knows that the Federal Government will pay to have all his dental work done as long as he gets it done within one year after he gets out of the service.

- 1. 81.82% of WCC's outreach veterans feel their needs were totally met by Veterans Outreach, compared to 40.38% of the state total. (This indicates an extremely good and effective job is being done by WCC's Veterans Outreach program).
- 2. 90.91% of WCC's outreach veterans feel the Veterans Outreach program services should be made available permanently compared with 72.47% of the state total.
- 3. WCC has a considerably higher representation of Mexican Americans in its outreach sample (27.27%) than the majority of the schools (State 1.60%).
- 4. 27.27% of WCC's outreach veterans have four dependents while the state total only reflects 7%.



- 5. 9.09% of WCC's outreach veterans have acquired one to eight years of education compared to 1.29% of the state total.
- 6. 27.27% of WCC's outreach veterans first became aware of how to go about using the G.I. Bill from the Veterans Outreach program compared to 13.99% of the state total.
- 7. 27.27% of WCC's outreach veterans heard about Veterans Outreach by radio, compared to 3.04% of the state total.



## YAKIMA VALLEY COMMUNITY COLLEGE

The average non-outreach veteran attending Yakima Valley Community College, Spring quarter 1973, is a male caucasian, 22 to 23 years old, married, with one dependent.

He entered the U.S. Army at the age of nineteen in 1969, served three years of active duty, did serve in Vietnam, did not receive a service connected disability, and was discharged in 1972.

He has acquired twelve years of education, consisting of a high school diploma or G.E.D. (most likely a high school diploma). He is taking twelve to fourteen quarter hours and is attending day classes.

He was employed before entry into the service and is now unemployed after holding three or more jobs since separation. He has been unemployed from one to three months and is not drawing unemployment compensation. He has mixed opinions on how he would rate the services he receive from the Employment Security Department. He feels that his job training in the military is applicable to civilian jobs. His wife is employed, he has neither applied for nor received food stamps, and has not received welfare since his discharge.

He did receive adequate information about veterans services prior to being separated from the military. He first became aware of the G.I. Bill and how to go about using it



during active duty in the service. He had not used the G.I. Bill previously even though he knew it existed, but did not know how to go about getting it.

He heard about Veterans Outreach through personal contact. Before talking to an outreach worker he did not know that he could pay a lower tuition rate at most schools if he were a Vietnam veteran and that tutorial assistance was available. He believes the Veterans Outreach services meets his needs and thinks that these services should be made available on a permanent basis at the individual institutions.

He thinks that all veterans should be eligible for the state bonus.

He would support a State G.I. Bill in addition to the Federal G.I. Bill to pay the veterans' total tuition at the Community College level.

He knows that the Federal Government will pay to have all his dental work done as long as he gets it done within one year after he gets out of the service.



## Chapter V

# SUMMARY, CONCLUSIONS, AND IMPLICATIONS

This study was initiated to acquire some basic data on veterans attending Community Colleges in Washington State, to report on the Veterans Outreach Program, and to accumulate some indications as to its effectiveness.

A review of the literature showed concerns for how the veterans of the most controversial conflict in American history, will be paid for their service. Many veterans, upon their return home, are thought to resent the lack of appreciation given to them. Many feel the Gol. Bill is not adequate to meet the needs of the Vietnam-era veteran and that the least this country could do is to equal the benefits given to the returning World War II veterans. A high level of concern was expressed on the question of employability of the returning veteran and what was being done by the Employment Security Department to assist him. The literature also brought out that very few Vietnamera veterans in comparison to World War II veterans are using the benefits made available to them. This brings out a problem which has been buried in the shadow of the adequacy of the benefits. The benefits must be made adequate to serve the needs for which they were intended; however, this will do very little good for those who are not aware of the benefits or how to go about getting them. This is why the Veterans Outreach Program was initiated throughout the Community Colleges in Washington State and at many other schools throughout the country.



The instrument for this survey was designed to collect as broad a scope of knowledge as possible without becoming too lengthy.

The total sample consisted of 1315 veterans attending 23 of the 27 Community Colleges in Washington State. The sample was broken down into two groups, outreach and non-outreach veterans, to determine the type of veterans the Veterans' Outreach Program was reaching opposed to those already in school before outreach existed.

There didn't appear to be any major difference between Outreach and Non-outreach veterans on the state level indicating that in general the outreach programs reach veterans of all ages, from all the branches of the service, with a variety of backgrounds. Some schools, however, did show major differences between the outreach and non-outreach veterans, which can probably be attributed to a number of things, but most likely ties-in with the specific kinds of outreach work they are doing and how restricted the outreach is. Many programs are limited as to what they can do because of a lack of funds.

The bulk of the veterans sampled in the State (59.24%) fall within the 22 to 27 age group with 24.29% being over 30. Although the majority of the veterans are married, a large number are single (32.22%). Very few of the married veterans have more than three dependents.

A surprisingly high number of the total veterans entered the service at the age of seventeen (21.37%); with 88.74% of the total veterans entering the service from 17 to 20 years old. Very few veterans entered the service after age 24. 85.40% of the total veterans are Vietnam-era veterans and 20.37% of them were in the service prior to the



Vietnam era. This means 65.03% of the total veterans sampled entered and were discharged from the service within the Vietnam-era. 24.11% of the total veterans served from one to two years active duty and were probably drafted. 53.96% of the total Vietnam-era veterans did serve in Vietnam. 14.83% of the total veterans sampled have a service connected disability, with 38.97% of them a direct result of combat. 63.52% of those who received disabilities are not satisfied with the disability benefits they've received. These veterans have what the author would define as "mobile disabilities"; these veterans are moving forward despite their handicaps.

Only 6.46% of the total veterans have less than a high school degree; however, 14.75% of the 47.22% who have twelve years of education have acquired their twelve year equivelency through the G.E.D. exams, which suggests that 21.21% had less than a high school degree when they entered the service. This group, which has been defined as "disadvantaged Veterans" by the Veterans Administration is one which requires special attention, with special emphasis being placed on remedial and developmental courses. However, it is believed that in most cases all veterans need this special attention to some degree because of the long-period of time spent away from the educational system and the erosion of educational tools, study habits, etc. The majority of the total veterans sampled are attending twelve or more class hours (71.48%). It has been the authors experience (as a Veterans Outreach Coordinator and Counselor) that many veterans take more credits than they are capable of handling adequately because they need the full G.I. Bill allotment (Which in most cases is still not enough money).



A high majority of the total veterans were employed before entry into the service (67.45%). A majority of the veterans feel that their training in the service is not applicable to civilian jobs. 41.06% of the total veterans have held three or more jobs since separation from active duty. This indicates a lack of training and acquired skills. With the job requirements and level of education rising, it's even possible the veteran was more employable before his entry into the service. Many years ago a high school diploma was for those who could afford it or did not have to take on a large amount of personal responsibility or support a family. Less emphasis was placed on education. Throughout the years the importance of education has gradually risen to where a high school diploma (or G.E.D. equivelency) is required to acquire a job at the lower end of the employment scale. It's even reach the point where many jobs require a Bachelors or Masters degree to even apply. Some types of jobs must have some level of accessibility as 53.38% of the veterans sampled acquired their first job from one to three months after discharge, however, there is nothing to indicate the quality or type of job although it was observed, as stated, that this was just the first of three or more jobs. Many of these veterans possibly entered school after being unsuccessful in the occupational arena. 54.79% of the veterans who rated the Employment Security Department feel that their needs were met or partially met, while 23.50% feel that the Employment Security Department did not meet their needs. This does not speak well for the Employment Security Department throughout the state if almost one out of every four feel their needs are not met, however, some of the different offices throughout the state were rated much higher than others (see table 27b). Of the



married veterans, 55.37% had wives working and 44.62% did not.

Of the total veterans 23.65% have applied for food stamps and 70.59% of those who have applied received them. 10.80% of the total veterans have received welfare since discharge. This indicates that many veterans are in severe financial difficulty.

70.57% of the total veterans became aware of their eligibility for the G.I. Bill in the service. While 51.18% of the total veterans feel they did receive adequate information about veterans services prior to discharge, 46.77% of them feel they did not. Of the total veterans 52.85% became aware of how to go about using the G.I. Bill in the service. This indicates that 25.11% of those who did learn of their eligibility in the service did not learn how to go about getting it. This leaves 47.15% of the total veterans in a poor position of not knowing how to go about getting the G.1. Bill, with 29.43% not knowing of their eligibility. 61.99% of the veterans who responded and 58.78% of the total veterans feel their needs are not met by the G.I. Bill. Of those veterans who do feel the benefits are adequate, the majority of them are outreach veterans, which indicates that those who are just beginning may be over-estimating how far the G.I. Bill benefits will go. 48.67% of the total veterans are drawing G.I. Bill benefits for the first. Of those using their educational benefits for the first time, 32.31% knew it existed, but did not know how to go about getting it (49.88% of those who responded to the question); 14.42% could not get correct information or were misinformed (22.33% of those who responded to the question); 2.91% did not know the G.I. Bill existed (4.51% of those who responded to the question). This indicates a definite need to better educate



the veterans on their benefits while in the service and the development of special programs to inform the millions of Vietnam-era veterans now discharged, of their benefits. Programs such as the Veterans Outreach Program in Washington State are doing just that.

Many non-outreach veterans are aware of Outreach services on their campus because of on campus services performed by outreach workers. Of the total veterans 34.75% heard about Veterans Outreach through personal contact by an outreach worker or friend. Only 5.75% of the total veterans heard about Outreach through newspapers. It has been the author's experience that most outreach work is leg work, however, much of the leg work could be eliminated with a good referral system throughout the community and advertising through newspaper and T.V. Very little funding is available for advertising. Of the total veterans 51.33% did not know before talking to an outreach worker, that if he were a Vietnam veteran he would pay lower tuition at most schools. Of the non-outreach veterans, already on campus, 47.16% did not know. It would be interesting to know how many of those veterans are paying full tuition. 61.60% of the total veterans did not know, before talking to an outreach worker, that tutorial assistance is available (73.24% of those who responded to the question). This substantive lack of knowledge about veterans benefits was consistent with both outreach and non-outreach veterans. As might be expected a few more non-outreach veterans already knew about tutorial assistance, probably because of some degree exposure to it at the educational institution, however, 58.19% of those still didn't know (71.04%



of those who responded). This is a very high percentage of veterans who didn't know about a program which was designed for 100% of them. Of the outreach veterans who rated the outreach services, 91.91% feel their needs were met or partially met (73.47% of the total outreach veterans). Of the veterans who rated the outreach services 84.19% feel their needs were met or partially met (52,24% of the total veterans - many of the non-outreach veterans included in the total have not used the services). 9.81% of the total veterans feel their needs have not been met. Although some schools were rated higher than others, almost all schools were rated high by the veterans. 95.97% of the total veterans responding think that outreach should be made available on a permanent basis at the individual institutions. Yet many of these veterans are not aware that after the 1974-75 school year Veterans Outreach may not exist at all because of a lack of support at the legislative level for the continuation of the "cost-of-instruction" funds, the primary source of funding for the state programs at this time. The Veterans Outreach services appear to be of invaluable service to the veterans and in most cases is an arrangement of veterans serving veterans. Many of the local veterans organizations have made an effort to assist the Veterans Outreach in their efforts. Together they have made 18.63% of the total veterans sampled aware of their eligibility for the G.I. Bill and have assisted 29.88% of the total veterans in using the Gol. Bill which is the number one problem the veterans face today. Whether the benefits are adequate or not is the second problem the veteran faces.



Of the total veterans sampled, 59.77% think that all Vietnam-era veterans should be eligible for the Washington State Bonus.

82.97% of the total veterans would support a state G.I. Bill to pay tuition at the Community College level.

Of the total veterans, 60.15 % did know about their dental benefits, however, 35.29% did not. It is unfortunate that just over one of every three veterans does not receive his dental benefits because he is not aware of them.

The total sample of veterans selected employment as the number one problem facing the returning Vietnam-era veteran. The number two problem was rated as education. The number three problem was rated as social apathy with insufficient military outprocessing right behind it. This only strengthens the already strong indications of a need for additional emphasis to be placed on specialized services to meet the needs of the Vietnam-era veteran.

## RECOMMENDATIONS FOR FURTHER RESEARCH

In respect to the needs of the veterans attempting to educate themselves through the community college system and the findings of this study, the following recommendations for additional research are made:

- 1) The current study should be replicated in at least one different state to determine possible differences with veterans of other states.
- 2) Research should be undertaken to explore the large number of veterans dissatisfaction with services received in some areas, by the Employment Security Department.



- 3) Research should be initiated to determine why there is a lack of support for funds to keep veterans services like Veterans Outreach functioning.
- 4) Research should be initiated to determine specifically how much and what types of emphasis should be placed on remedial and developmental programs, in light of the veterans low level of education and long period of time spent away from the educational process.
- 5) Studies should be conducted to determine the status of the disabled veterans and what can be done to further assist them.
- 6) Studies should be initiated to determine the true inpact of service related jobs on the civilian job market.
- 7) Research should be done to determine more specific reasons that the veteran is having so much trouble in the civilian job market (Generally it appears to be a lack of applicable experience and/or formal education, however, each occupational area has its own set of requirements).
- 8) Research should be initiated to acquire some new programs (like the Veterans

  Outreach Program in Washington State) to inform the veterans of the benefits

  they have earned and to help them use them by informing them on how to go about
  getting them and using them.
- 9) The current study should be replicated on a state level at four-year institutions to determine differences which may exist.



"Suitable jobs are to be reserved – I repeat, reserved – for Vietnam veterans . . . Official policy has been established that while waiting for work they will receive the same salary they got in the service . . . Professional and specialist schools must reserve places for wounded veterans . . . and log jams must be cleared by opening new classes . . . Enterprises set up by veterans are to get extra state aid . . . and loans at the lowest interest rate . . . children of dead or wounded veterans are to receive educational privileges and special attention throughout their schooling." 31

This policy has all the qualities of a true expression of gratitude given to veterans by a country that surely appreciates its veterans. This is not the welcome bestowed upon our veterans on their return home, however, as you might have thought, but rather the welcome given by North Vietnam to its veterans.

The subject of war and veterans is certainly nothing new to this country as pointed out by an article in <u>U.S. News & World Report</u> ("Three Peaceful Years in Three Decades") that since the U.S. has entered World War I! there have been only three full calendar years (1956, 1957, and 1959) in which our country was at peace with no involvement in foreign conflict. This tells us our veterans have been busy protecting the democratic way of life and it's high time democracy shell out some returns without making these veterans get on their hands and knees, beg, or even wait in line.

"No group of American fighting men was ever called on to demonstrate their bravery, their endurance or their love of country under more trying circumstances than those gallant Americans who served in Vietnam.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>31</sup>"The Vets: Heroes as Orphans", Newsweek, March 5, 1973, p.22.

<sup>32&</sup>quot;Three Peaceful Years in Three Decades", <u>U.S. News & World Report</u>, Vol. LXXIV, No. 7, February 12, 1973, pp. 24–25.

"Words of thanks are not enough for the 2 1/2 million men who have returned home from this conflict.

"We must demonstrate the gratitude we feel by the actions we take. We must honor them with the respect they have earned and the affection they deserve. We must assist them with health care, education, training and housing assistance. These actions alone cannot fully repay the debt we owe our veterans, but they can help.

"Just as we have kept the faith with our allies abroad, let us now keep faith with our returning veterans at home. They have given much to defend the American way of life; it is time for America to serve them equally well." 33

Steve Hulsey 34 quotes Eugene Cannon, director of DOIC's Veterans Upward Bound program, "The Vietnam-era veterans represents a major resource for this nation. We don't want to see it go to waste."



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>33</sup>Richard M. Nixon, "Statement", Key Biscayne: Florida, March 24, 1973.

<sup>34</sup>Steve Hulsey, "From the Service to the Campus", American Education, Vol. 9 No. 7, August – September, 1973, pp. 27 – 30.

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APPENDICES



# APPENDICES

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APPENDIX A

Letter Sent to Coordinators

# EVERETT COMMUNITY COLLEGE





Enclosed is a copy of a Washington State veterans survey, which I am conducting for Spring quarter 1973, that will be distributed and discussed at the next veterans outreach coordinators meeting. This survey will be conducted state wide through the outreach coordinators at the individual community colleges.

The purpose of this survey is to acquire statistical data on the veteran. This information may be beneficial in acquiring your individual program more funding when the present funds have run out.

Pleasego over the complete survey carefully and come to the coordinates meeting prepared to ask any questions you might have. If your school is not going to be represented at the coordinators meeting on January 30, 31, 1973, please contact me so I can get the questionnaires and appropriate information to you.

I am enclosing one of my personal cards. Feel free to contact me at any time for further information.

Sincerely,

James R. Thompson Veterans! Outreach Coordinator Everett Community College

JRT:1f



# APPENDIX B

Questionnaire Used As The Measure For Attitudinal Criteria

# SURVEY OF VETERANS ATTENDING COMMUNITY COLLEGES IN WASHINGTON STATE

The purpose of this questionnaire is to accumulate data to determine what steps might be taken to assist you the veteran in taking advantage of your service earned benefits.

Please take your time and answer all questions as accurately as possible. No question should call for more than one answer (with the exception of #37). On the fill-in questions or choices which state, other, be as brief and accurate as possible.

After selecting your answer place an (X) in the space provided directly to the left of the answer.

### I. GENERAL INFORMATION

NAM	E		DATI	
<b>A</b> DDR	ESS		PHC	NE
COLL	.EGE ENRC	DLLED IN		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
1.	AGE:			
		18-19 20-21 22-23 24-25 26-27 28-29 30 or over	en e	1 2 3 4 5 6 7
2.	SEX:	Male Female	•	1 2
3.	RACE:	Caucasian Black Indian Mexican–American Asian		1 2 3 4 5
4.	MARITA	L STATUS:		
•		Single Married Divorced	- 23 <i>ā</i>	1 2 3



5.	NUMBER OF DEPENDENTS (Not counting yourself):	
	0 None	1
		2
	2	2 3 4 5
	3	4
		5 <b>6</b>
	6 or more	. 7
	II. SERVICE INFORMATION	
6.	BRANCH OF SERVICE:	
	U.S. Army	1
	U.S. Air Force	_
	U.S. Marine Corps	2 3 4
	U.S. Navy	4
	U.S. Coast Guard	5 <b>6</b>
	More than one branch	6
7.	YEAR OF ENTRY INTO MILITARY:	
	Before 1960	1
	1960 - August 4, 1964 (Before Bay of Tonkin)	
	August 5, 1964 – 1968 (After Bay of Tonkin)	2 3 4 5 6
	1969	4
	1970	5
	1971	6
	1972 1973	8
8.	HOW OLD WERE YOU WHEN YOU FIRST ENTERED MILITARY SERVI	m. Process
	1 <i>7</i>	1
	18	2
	19	3
	20	2 3 4 5 6 7 8
	21 22	5
	22 23	7
	23 24	/ و
	25 or more	9



	Jan. 31, 1955 - 1959	
	1960 – August 4, 1964 (Before Bay of Tonkin)	
	August 5, 1964 – 1968 (After Bay of Tonkin)	
	1969	
	1970	
	1971	
	1972	
	1973	
HOW MA	ANY YEARS WERE YOU ON ACTIVE DUTY?	
	Less than 1 year	
	1 –2 years	
	2-3 years	
<u> </u>	3-6 years	
	6-10 y <b>e</b> ars	
	10- <b>2</b> 0 y <b>e</b> ars	
	20 years or more	
DID YO	U SERVE IN VIET-NAM?	
	Yes	
	No	
WERE YO	OU AWARDED THE VIET-NAM SERVICE MEDAL?	
	Y <b>e</b> s	
	No	
DO YOU	J HAVE A SERVICE CONNECTED DISABILITY?	
	Yes	
	No if so	
IS YOU!	R DISABILITY A DIRECT RESULT OF COMBAT?	
	Yes	
	No	
	No U FEEL YOU HAVE RECEIVED ADEQUATE BENEFITS FOR DISABILITY?	
	U FEEL YOU HAVE RECEIVED ADEQUATE BENEFITS FOR	



# III. EDUCATIONAL

number of years of education:		
1-8 years 9-11 years 12 years (High School Degree) G.E.D. (High School) 1 Year advanced training 2-3 years advanced training 4-5 years of advanced training College degree		1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8
FOR WHICH QUARTER ARE YOU ENROLLED?		
Fall Winter Spring Summer	· ·	1 2 3 4
HOW MANY HOURS ARE YOU ATTENDING CLASSES?		
1-5 6-8 9-11 - 12-14 15 or more		1 2 3 4 5
WHEN ARE YOU ATTENDING CLASSES?		,
Days Nights Both days and nights	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1 2 3
IV. EMPLOYMENT		
WAS YOUR JOB TRAINING IN THE MILITARY APPLICA	ABLE TO	
Yes No		1
WERE YOU EMPLOYED BEFORE YOU FIRST ENTERED TH	HE MILITARY?	
Yes No		1 2



22.	HOW MANY JOBS HAVE YOU HELD SINCE SEPARATION OR RETIREMENT?	
	1 2 3 or more	1 2 3
23.	HOW LONG WERE YOU UNEMPLOYED (MONTHS) BETWEEN DISCHARGE OR SEPARATION AND YOUR FIRST JOB?	
	1-3 months 4-6 months 7-9 months 10-12 months 13-24 months Over 24 months	1 2 3 4 5
24.	HOW LONG (IF UNEMPLOYED NOW) HAVE YOU BEEN UNEMPLO	YED?
	1-3 months 4-6 months 7-9 months 10-12 months 13-24 months Over 24 months	1 2 3 4 5 6
25.	ARE YOU DRAWING UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION?	
	Yes No	1 2
26.	WHAT (IF NOT EMPLOYED) IS THE PRIMARY REASON THAT YOU AND DRAWING UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION?	\RE
	Not eligible Have used all my compensation Not covered by unemployment compensation law Did not apply but do qualify for benefits Did not apply but do not know if eligible Other	1 2 3 4 5
27.	HOW WOULD YOU RATE THE SERVICES YOU HAVE RECEIVED FRO EMPLOYMENT SECURITY DEPARTMENT?	M THE
	Met my needs Partially met my needs Did not meet my needs Did not use services	1 2 3 4



DOES Y	OUR SPOUSE WORK?	
	Yes No Not married	1 2 3
HAVE Y	OU APPLIED FOR FOOD STAMPS?	
	Yes No	1 2
HAVE Y	OU RECEIVED FOOD STAMPS?	
	Yes No	1 2
HAVE Y ACTIVE	OU RECEIVED WELFARE SINCE YOUR DISCHARGE FROM DUTY?	
	Yes No	1 2
	V. <u>G.I. BILL</u>	
DID YOU PRIOR TO	U RECEIVE ADEQUATE INFORMATION ABOUT VETERANS S O BEING DISCHARGED OR SEPARATED? (Loans, G.I. Bill	ERVICES , etc.)
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Yes No	1 2
	PID YOU FIRST BECOME AWARE OF HOW YOU COULD GOTHE G.I. BILL?	ABOUT
	During active duty in the service From one of your local veterans organizations From the Outreach Program – through a worker or friend Other	1 2 3 4
WHEN D	DID YOU FIRST BECOME AWARE YOU WERE ELIGIBLE FOR T L?	HE
	During active duty in the service From one of your local veterans organizations From the Outreach Program – through a worker or friend Other	1 2 3 4



TO MEET THE NEEDS OF VETERANS?	ATE 😽
Yes No	1 2
(a) HAVE YOU EVER DRAWN MONEY ON THE G.I. BILL BEFO	DRE?
Yes No	1 2
(b) IF NO, FOR WHICH OF THE FOLLOWING REASONS HAVE NOT USED THE G.I. BILL?	E YOU
Did not know the G.I. Bill existed  Knew it existed, but did not know how to go about getting it	1
Could not get correct information (or was misinformed)  Have been out of the service less than 3 months	
RATE THE FOLLOWING 5 ITEMS IN THE ORDER WHICH THEY ( MOST PROBLEMS TO THE RETURNING VIET_NAM ERA VETERA (1 BEING THE ONE THAT CAUSES THE MOST PROBLEMS, 5 BEI ONE THAT CAUSES THE LEAST PROBLEM.)	N, 1-5
Employment Education	1 2
Social apathy	3
Social readjustment Insufficient military out-processing	4 5
VI. OUT REACH	
HOW DID YOU HEAR ABOUT THE OUTREACH PROGRAM?	
Newspaper	1
* Radio	2
Letter Personal contact (by an outreach worker or friend, etc	3 :.) 4
T.V.	5
1 • Y +	-
Other	
	6 Orker
DID YOU KNOW BEFORE YOU TALKED TO AN OUTREACH WE (COUNSELOR) THAT IF YOU ARE A VIETNAM VETERAN YOU	6 Orker



(COUNSELOR) THAT THE GOVERNM TUTORIAL ASSISTANCE IN CLASSES	ED TO AN OUTREACH WORKER ENT WILL PAY TO GIVE YOU YOU ARE HAVING PROBLEMS WI
Yes No	
HOW WOULD YOU RATE THE SERVIC LOCAL OUTREACH PROGRAM?	ES YOU RECEIVED FROM YOUR
Met my needs Partially met my needs Did not meet my needs	
DO YOU THINK THAT OUTREACH SE TO THE VETERANS ON A PERMANEN TIONAL INSTITUTIONS?	RVICES SHOULD BE MADE AVAIL IT BASIS AT THE INDIVIDUAL EDU
Yes No	
FOR WHAT REASONS(S) WERE YOU N	IOT IN SCHOOL BEFORE YOU TA ELOR)?
FOR WHAT REASONS(S) WERE YOU NOTO AN OUTREACH WORKER (COUNS	IOT IN SCHOOL BEFORE YOU TA
FOR WHAT REASONS(S) WERE YOU NOTO AN OUTREACH WORKER (COUNS)	TION
FOR WHAT REASONS(S) WERE YOU NOTO AN OUTREACH WORKER (COUNS	TION



46.	WHAT WAS YOUR JOB IN THE SERVICE?	
47.	WHAT IS YOUR MAJOR IN SCHOOL NOW?	
48.	WHAT IS YOUR LIFETIME OCCUPATIONAL DESIRE NOW?	
49.	DO YOU THINK THAT ALL VIETNAM-ERA VETERANS, WHIVIETNAM OR NOT SHOULD BE ELIGIBLE FOR THE VIETNA	
	Yes No	1 2
50.	WOULD YOU SUPPORT A STATE G.I. BILL, IN ADDITION BILL FOR ALL VIETNAM-ERA VETERANS; WHICH WOULD POTAL TUITION AT THE COMMUNITY COLLEGE LEVEL.	
	Yes No	1 2
	VIII. MEDICAL	
51.	DO YOU KNOW THAT THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT WILL YOUR DENTAL WORK DONE AS LONG'AS YOU GET IT D YEAR AFTER YOU GET OUT OF THE SERVICE?	
	Yes No	1 2



APPENDIX C

List of Participating Institutions



### LIST OF PARTICIPATING INSTITUTIONS

BBCC - Big Bend Community College CSCC - Central Seattle Community College CCC - Centralia Community College CLCC - Clark Community College CBCC - Columbia Basin Community College EVCC - Everett Community College FSCC - Fort Steilacoom Community College GRCC - Green River Community College GHCC - Grays Harbor Community College HCC - Highline Community College NSCC - North Seattle Community College OCC - Olympic Community College OVTI - Olympic Vocational Technical Institute PCC - Peninsula Community College, SHCC - Shoreline Community College SVCC - Skagit Valley Community College SPCC - Spokane Community College SSCC - South Seattle Community College TCC - Tacoma Community College WWCC - Walla Walla Community College WVCC - Wenatchee Valley Community College WCC - Whatcom Community College YVCC - Yakima Valley Community College

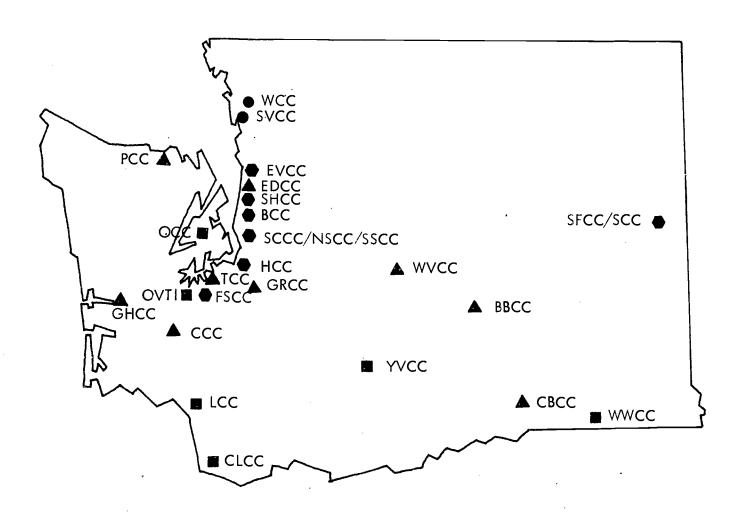


# APPENDIX D

Maps of Schools Locations and Area Populations

Populations received from "State of Washington Pocket Data Book, 1973" Populations April 1, 1973, pp. 268-269.

# POPULATION OF CITIES WHERE COMMUNITY COLLEGES ARE LOCATED

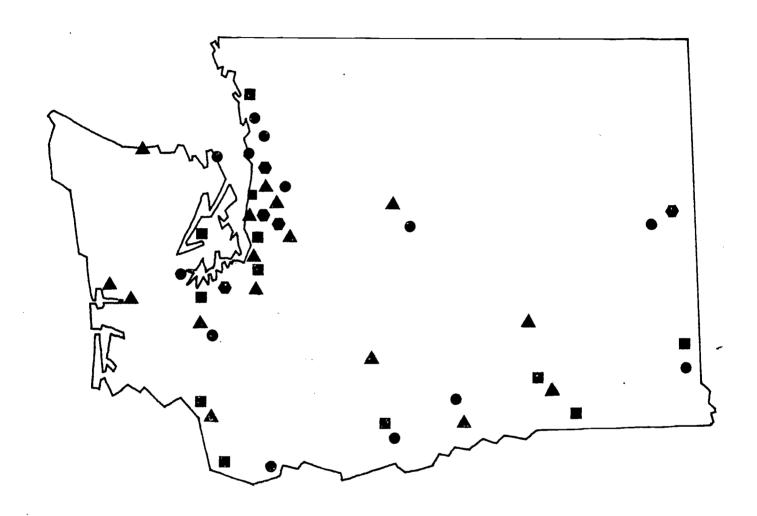


# POPULATION

- **550,000 50,000**
- 50,000 20,000
- **1** 20,000 10,000
- 10,000 5,000



# POPULATION OF THE TOP 50 CITIES IN WASHINGTON STATE

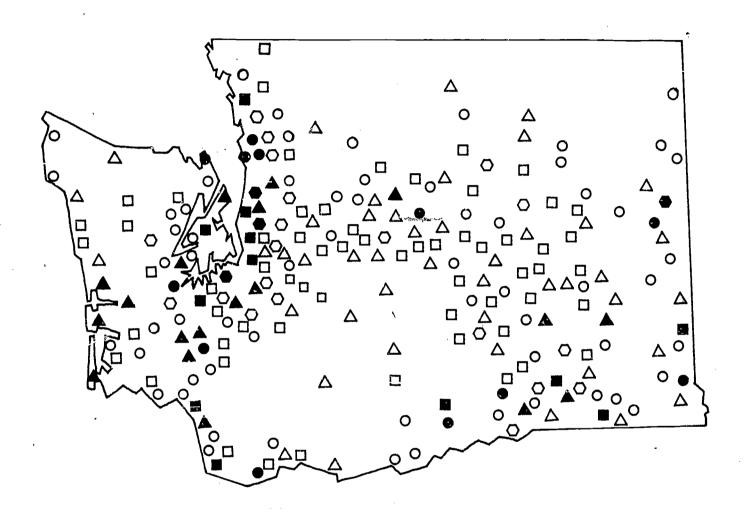


# POPULATION

- 550,000 50,000
   50,000 20,000
   20,000 10,000
   10,000 5,000



# 1973 MUNICIPAL POPULATION OF WASHINGTON



# POPULATION

- **550,000 50,000**
- **5**,000 3,000
- **50,000 20,000**
- 3,000 = 3,000 3,000 = 1,000
- **a** 20,000 10,000
- △ 1,000 500
- 10,000 5,000
- **O** 500 50



## APPENDIX E

Veterans Receiving Benefits
Academic and Occupational Students Only
Was ington Community Colleges

- a) 8th Day, Spring 1973
- b) Final, Spring 1973

Reports received from
The State Board For Community College Education (SBCCE)



# VETERANS RECEIVING BENEFITS ACADEMIC AND OCCUPATIONAL STUDENTS ONLY WASHINGTON COMMUNITY COLLEGES 8TH DAY SPRING, 1973

CHESTIDENT   CHESTIDENT   NON-RESTIDENT		S.E. /	AS 1A VETERANS	Ñ			OTHER VETERANS	ERANS			
FENINSULA   FOLLE-TIME PART—TIME TOTAL FULL—TIME FORT—TIME TOTAL   FULL—TIME FORT—TIME TOTAL   FULL—TIME FORT—TIME TOTAL   FULL—TIME FORT—TIME TOTAL   FULL—TIME FORT—TIME FORT—TIME   FURLET TOTAL   FULL—TIME FORT—TIME FORT—TIME   FURLET TOTAL   FULL—TIME FORT—TIME FOR			RES I DENT)			RES IDENT		ION	N-RESIDENT		TOT
FENINSULA   FENI	DISTRICT AND COLLEGE	FULL-TIME	PART-TIME	TOTAL	FULL-TIME	PART-TIME		FULL-TIME	PART-TIME	TOTAL	VETERA
2 GRAYS HARBOR 48 5 53 71 10 81 7 0 7 7 0 7 7 0 7 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0		50		51	101	<u> </u>	711	4		2	
3 OLYMPIC 103 28 131 335 175 510 9 1 1 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	•	48	5	. 25	12:	2 =	- 0	) [	<b>.</b>	) נ	_ :
4 SKÄGELT VALLEY 5 DISTRICT TOTAL 5 DIST		501	ν ας	7 -	775	- <u>-</u>	0 1	- 0	<b>O</b> (	<b>,</b>	7
STATION   VALLET   126   22   151   122   21   173   3   3   1   4   4   4   4   4   4   4   4   4		2 -	0.70	<u>-</u>	CCC	1/2	016	g,	2	=	6;
FURRICIA   101AL   301   82   383   691   218   990   8   2   10   11		1.26	25	151	152	21	173	٠,		4	3
EUNGNUS 1. 229 62 291 465 155 640 2 1 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7		301	82	383	169	218	606	œ	0	_	- 4
EDMONIOS			62	291	485	155	640	,	ı —	- -	10
SEATURE CENTRAL   439   36			20	92	206	63	269	1 VC		) [	7 6
SEATTLE CENIFAL         188         10         198         680         69         949         16         17         17         17         17         17         17         18         10         198         680         69         949         16         17         17         16         17         18         17         18         17         17         18<	DISTRICT	439	36	475	1.539	223	1 762		- v	, (	
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Source: SECCE MIS-1 Summary Enrollment Report, 8th Day Spring Quarter, 1973

VETERANS RECEIVING BENEFITS
ACADEMIC AND OCCUPATIONAL STUDENTS ONLY
WASHINGTON COMMUNITY COLLEGES
FINAL SPRING, 1973

FULL-TIME   PART-TIME   TOTAL   FULL-TIME   PART-TIME   PART-TIM		TOTAL	L VETERAN	171	3 143	, -		_			2,	_								398									695						13,417
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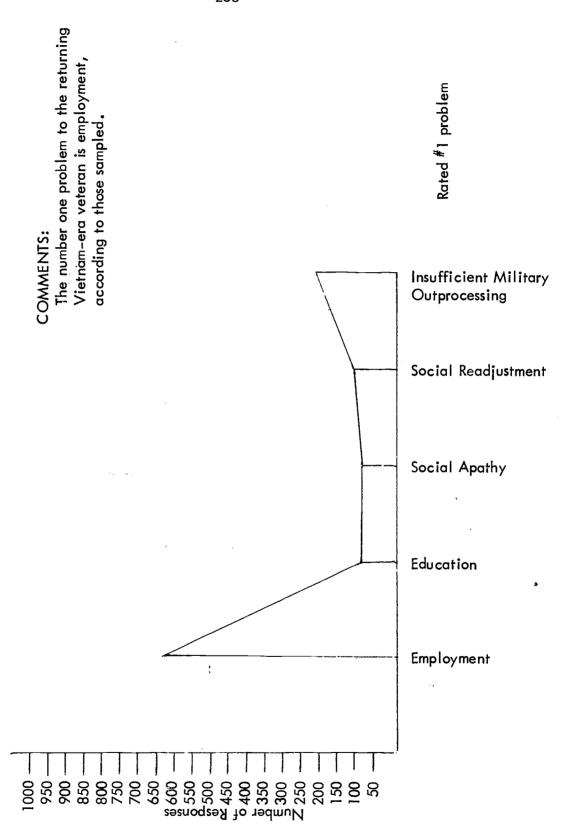
Source: SBCCE MIS-1 Summary Enrollment Report, Final Spring Quarter, 1973



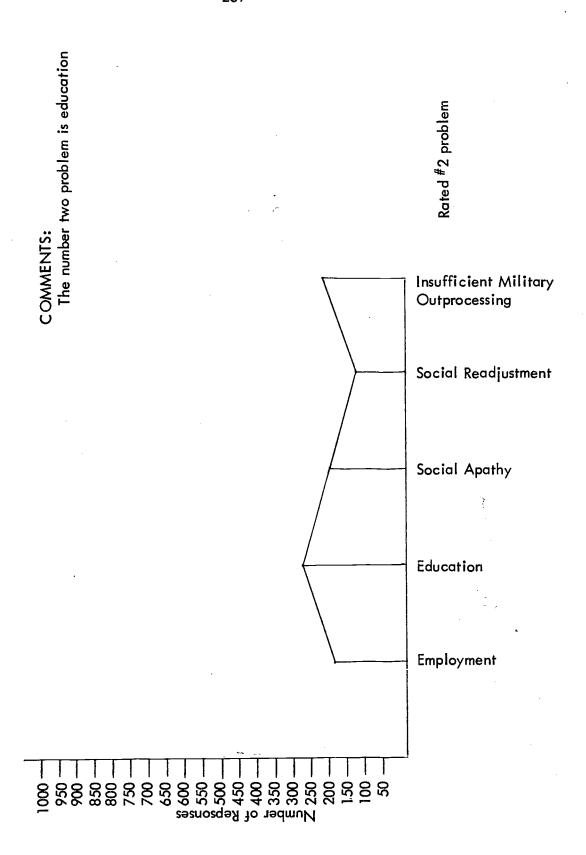
# APPENDIX F

Figures: Rating of Five Problems Facing the the Returning Vietnam-era Veteran

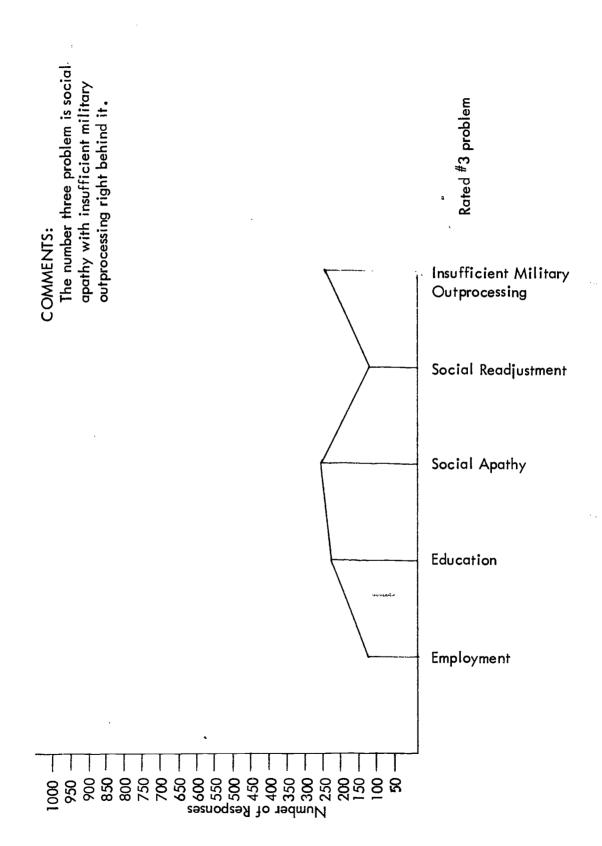




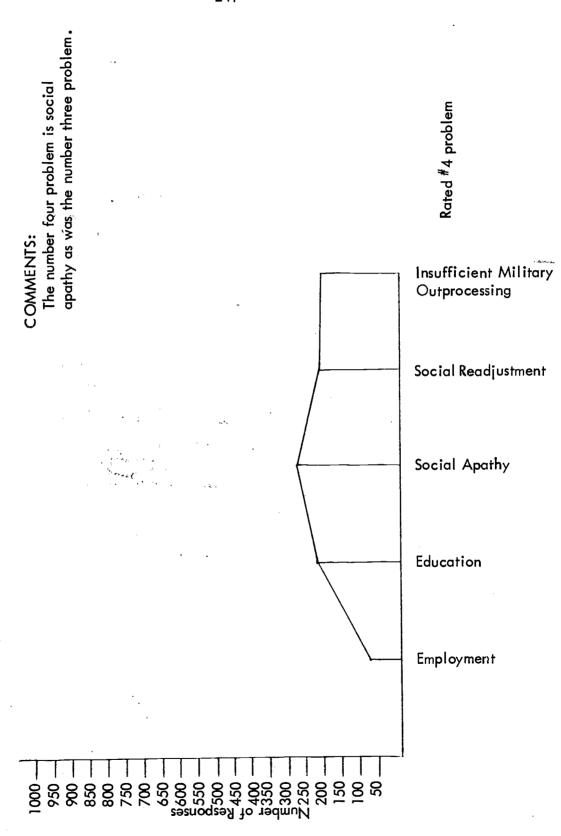


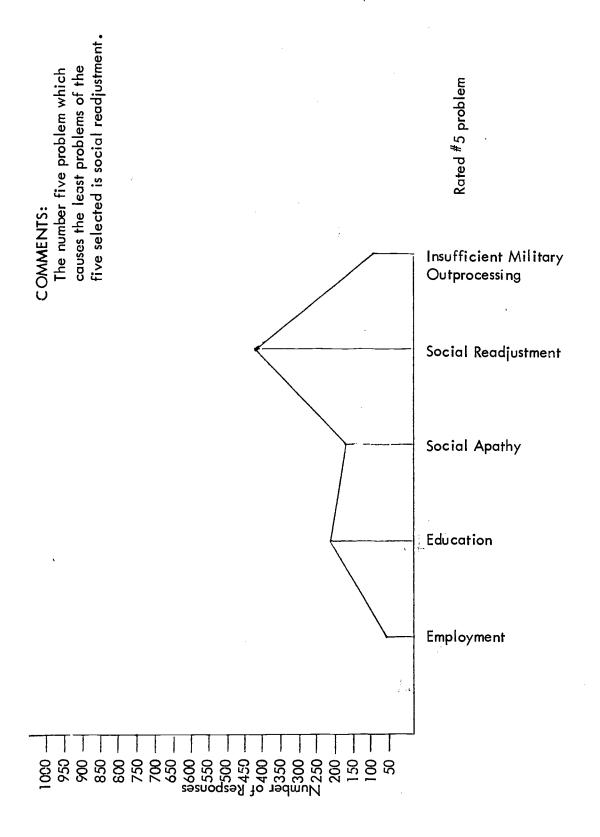






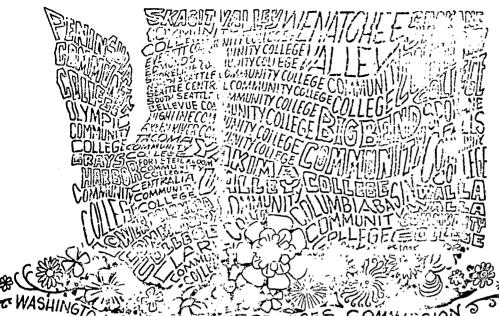






# APPENDIX G

Endorsement of Approval (for this study) by the Washington State Student Services Commission



WENATCHEE VALLEY COLLEGE 1300 Fifth Street Wenatchee, Washington 98801

May 30, 1973

Mr. Jim Thompson Veterans' Coordinator Everett Community College 801 Wetmore Everett, Washington 98201

Dear Jim:

The study you are undertaking of veterans enrolling Spring Quarter at the community colleges of Washington State should provide valuable information both for your research project and for the student services functions at the individual colleges. Your study has the complete endorsement of this Commission, which represents the 27 community colleges in this state, both for your research project as a part of your degree studies and for the use within the system.

If there is any way that this Commission can be of further assistance to you, please do not hesitate to contact me.

William J. Muirhead, Chairman

Washington State Student Services Commission

WJM/alp

cc: Deans of Students

UNIVERSITY OF CALIF.
LOS ANGELES

JAH 9 1976

CLEARINGHOUSE FOR UUNIOR COLLEGES

